

# Fun with Analytics

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- ▶ Intro – About Us
- ▶ What is this “fun” all about?
- ▶ Hardware
- ▶ The Solution
- ▶ Results





# Marcello Lino

- 25+ years of IT experience
- Background in database, development, \*NIX
- Using Splunk for 3 years
- Splunk Certified Architect

- Play guitar (mostly metal \m/)

## ► Senior Security Engineer

- 15+ years of IT experience
- Background in \*NIX, Python, Security
- Using Splunk for 3 years
- Splunk Certified Architect

- Hiking



# Science Project

- Objective was to grow plants on different soil types and analyze the results


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# Let's Make It Fun

## Science Project

**So we thought ... Let's collect all the required data automatically!**

- ▶ Having this data collected allows near real-time analysis on:
    - Illumination (lux)
    - Soil moisture
    - Current green house temperature and humidity
  - ▶ Data is streamed to Splunk for:
    - Analytics
    - Visualizations
- 
- A yellow diamond-shaped sign with a black border and the words "FUN AHEAD" in black, bold, sans-serif capital letters. The sign is positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide.

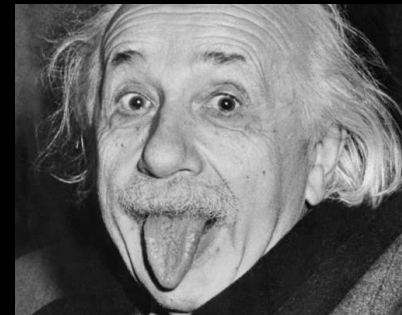




“A **Theory** Can Be Proved By  
**Experiment**; But No Path Leads From  
Experiment To The Birth Of A Theory.”

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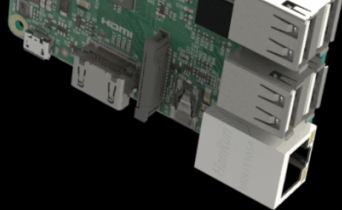
Albert Einstein

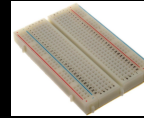
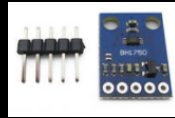
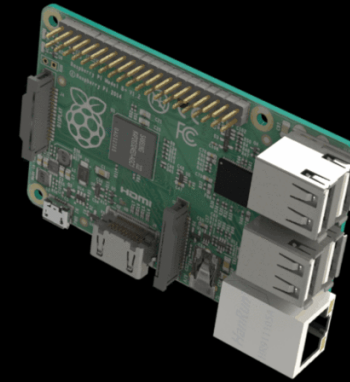




# Equipment Used

# Science Project

- Light intensity sensor BH1750
  - MCP3008 Microchip 8 Channel 10 bit
  - Breadboard MB102 & jumper cables
  - Temperature and Humidity sensor AM2302
  - Soil Moisture Sensor And Automatic Watering System (AWS was not implemented)
  - Traffic light LEDs
- 

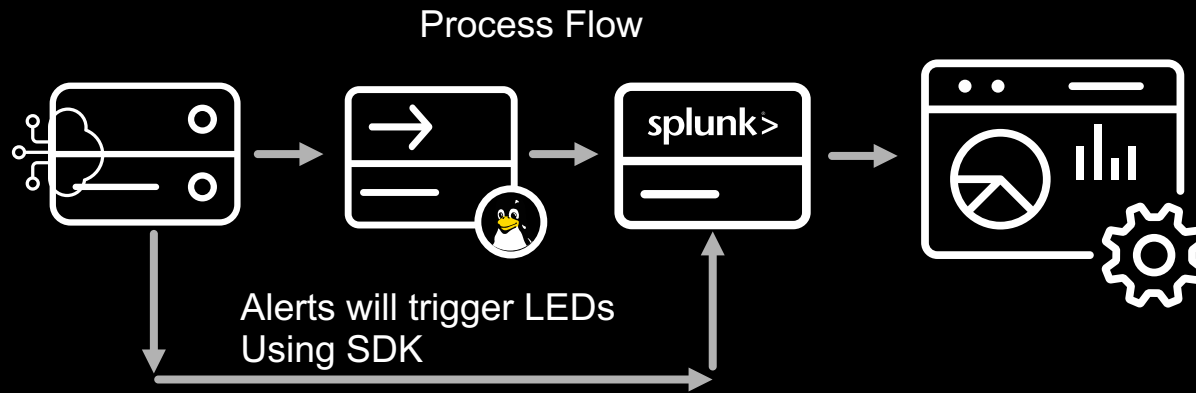




## Software Used

# Science Project

- ▶ Python scripts created for data collection and alerts
- ▶ Splunk Universal Forwarder
- ▶ Splunk Enterprise (free version!)





# And When We Put Everything Together

## Science Project

- ▶ First... Isabella received A+ as final grade (applause...)
- ▶ LEDs light up whether the plants are in optimal (Green) or bad conditions (Red).
  - Need water
  - Has too much water
  - Temperature
  - Too humid could indicate plants cannot breath
- ▶ Splunk visualizations allows real time analytics





# The Sourcetypes

## Science Project

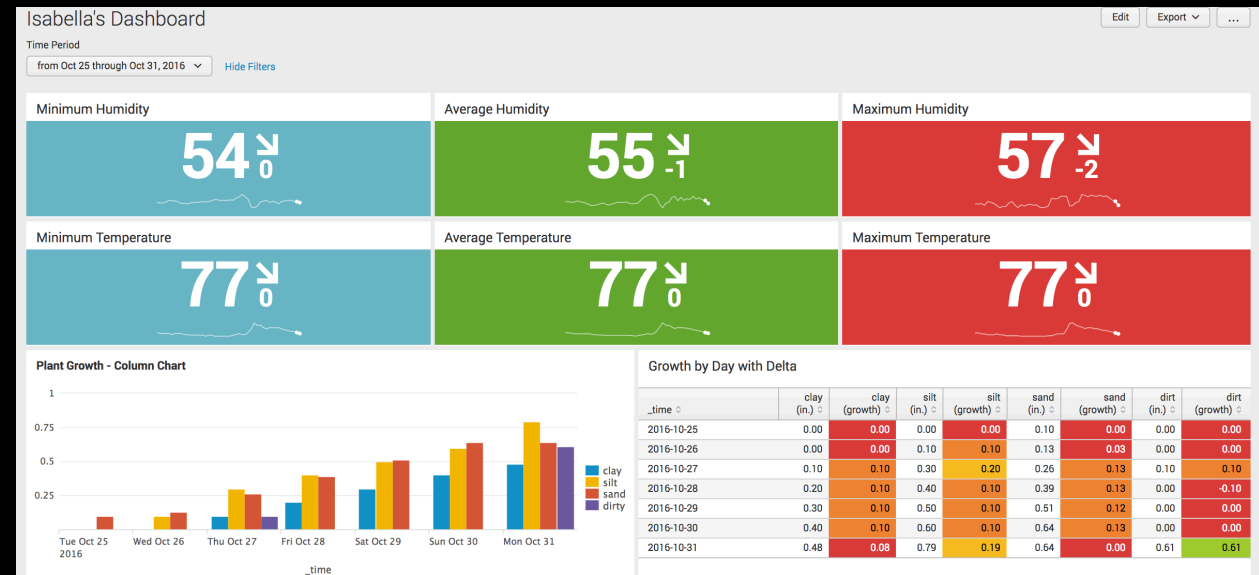
- ▶ Greenhouse – Temperature and Humidity
  - Near real-time collection using sensors and Splunk UF
- ▶ Growth – Daily plant measurements (in inches)
  - Isabella measured daily and fed results into Splunk via dashboard form input
- ▶ Soil – Moisture for each of the soil types
  - Near real-time collection using sensors and Splunk UF
- ▶ Data (output) was written w/ normalized timestamps, line breaks and key=value (or JSON) pairs to make indexing and field extraction automatic.



# Isabella's Dashboard

## Science Project

- ▶ A series of dashboards and reports were built based on Isabella's requirements
  - Temperature and Humidity: Show me the min, avg and max by day
  - How much did the plant grow for each soil type by day
  - Moisture levels by soil matter. Let's make sure they are at the right level.





# Alerting w/ the Python SDK

## Science Project

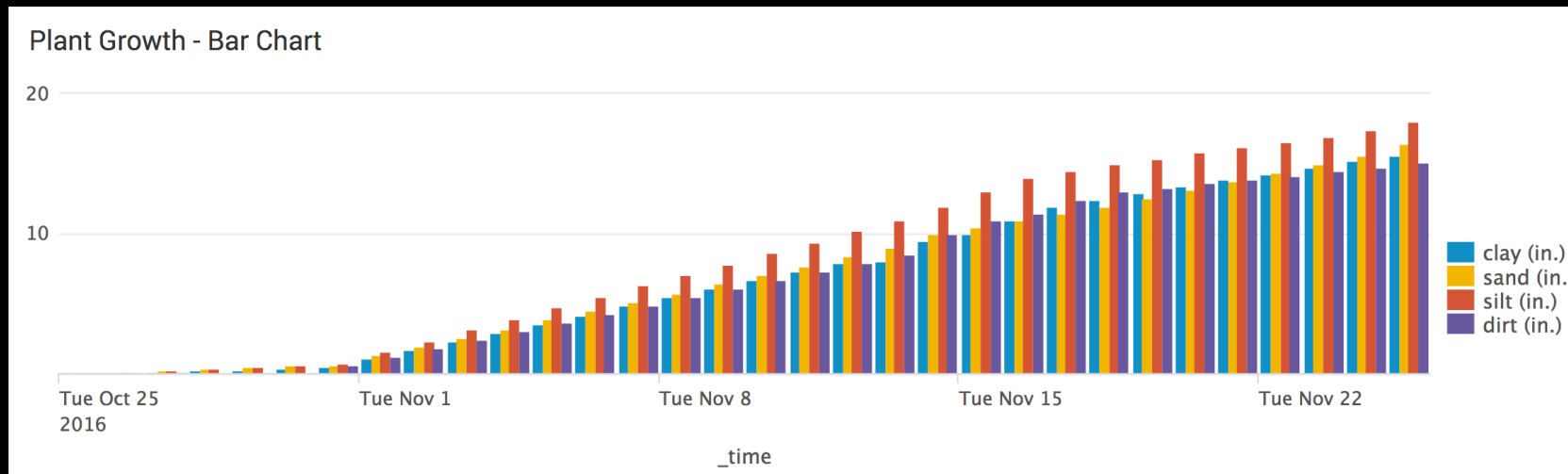
- ▶ The Splunk SDK for Python was installed on the Raspberry Pi device.
- ▶ Every 30 seconds, a script would:
  - Search moisture levels and trigger LED lights.
    - >1000 (Red) = Too Dry!
    - Between 800 and 1000 (Yellow)
    - Between 600 and 800 (Green)
    - Between 100 and 500 (Yellow)
    - <100 (Red) = Too Wet!
- ▶ The Python SDK package includes sample scripts (eg. search.py) that helped us get up and running quickly.





► Use the **timechart** command to visually measure growth by day.

- **Sample search:** ... | timechart max(clay) as “clay (in.)”





# Measure Growth by Day

## Science Project

- Use the **delta** command to compute the difference in growth by day.
  - Powerful splunk command that computes the difference, in **search order**, between the field value for the event and the field value for the previous event.
  - **Sample search:** ... | delta sand as "sand (growth)"

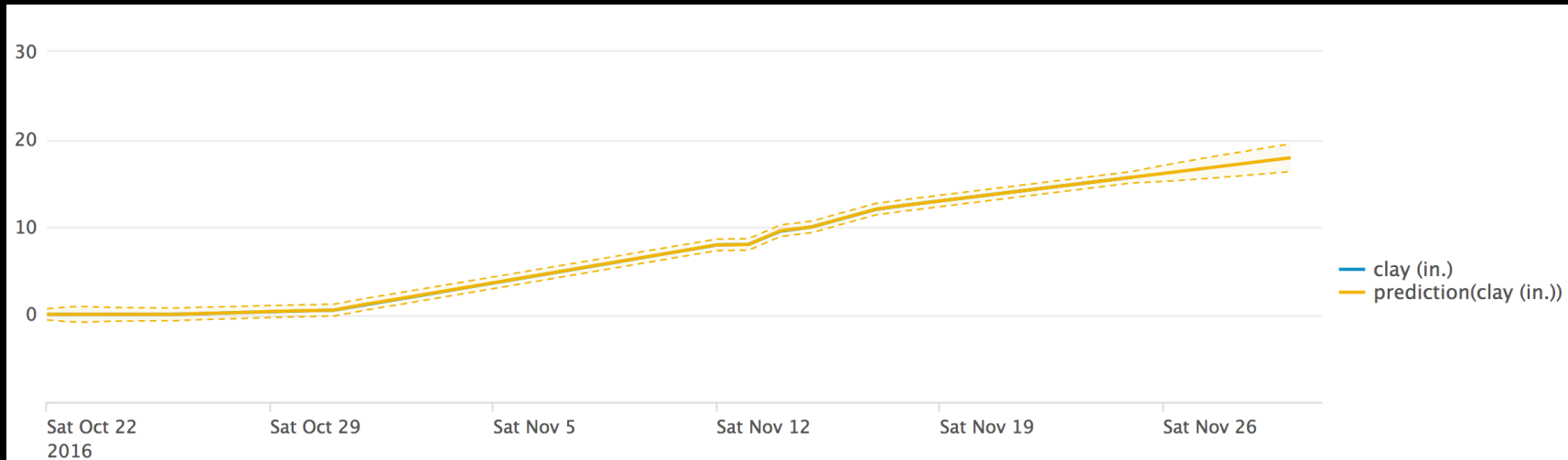
_time	clay (in.)	clay (growth)	silt (in.)	silt (growth)	sand (in.)	sand (growth)	dirt (in.)	dirt (growth)
2016-10-22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2016-10-23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2016-10-24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2016-10-25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00
2016-10-26	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.03	0.00	0.00
2016-10-27	0.10	0.10	0.30	0.20	0.26	0.13	0.10	0.10
2016-10-28	0.20	0.10	0.40	0.10	0.39	0.13	0.00	-0.10
2016-10-29	0.30	0.10	0.50	0.10	0.51	0.12	0.00	0.00
2016-10-30	0.40	0.10	0.60	0.10	0.64	0.13	0.00	0.00
2016-10-31	0.48	0.08	0.79	0.19	0.64	0.00	0.61	0.61
2016-11-01	1.10	0.62	1.57	0.78	1.29	0.65	1.21	0.60
2016-11-02	1.72	0.62	2.36	0.79	1.93	0.64	1.82	0.61
2016-11-03	2.34	0.62	3.14	0.78	2.57	0.64	2.43	0.61
2016-11-04	2.96	0.62	3.93	0.79	3.21	0.64	3.04	0.61
2016-11-05	3.58	0.62	4.71	0.78	3.86	0.65	3.64	0.60
2016-11-06	4.20	0.62	5.50	0.79	4.50	0.64	4.25	0.61



# Predict Future Growth by Day

# Science Project

- ▶ Use the **predict** search command to predict future growth.
  - **Sample search:** ... | timechart max(clay) as "clay (in.)" | **predict "clay (in.)"**

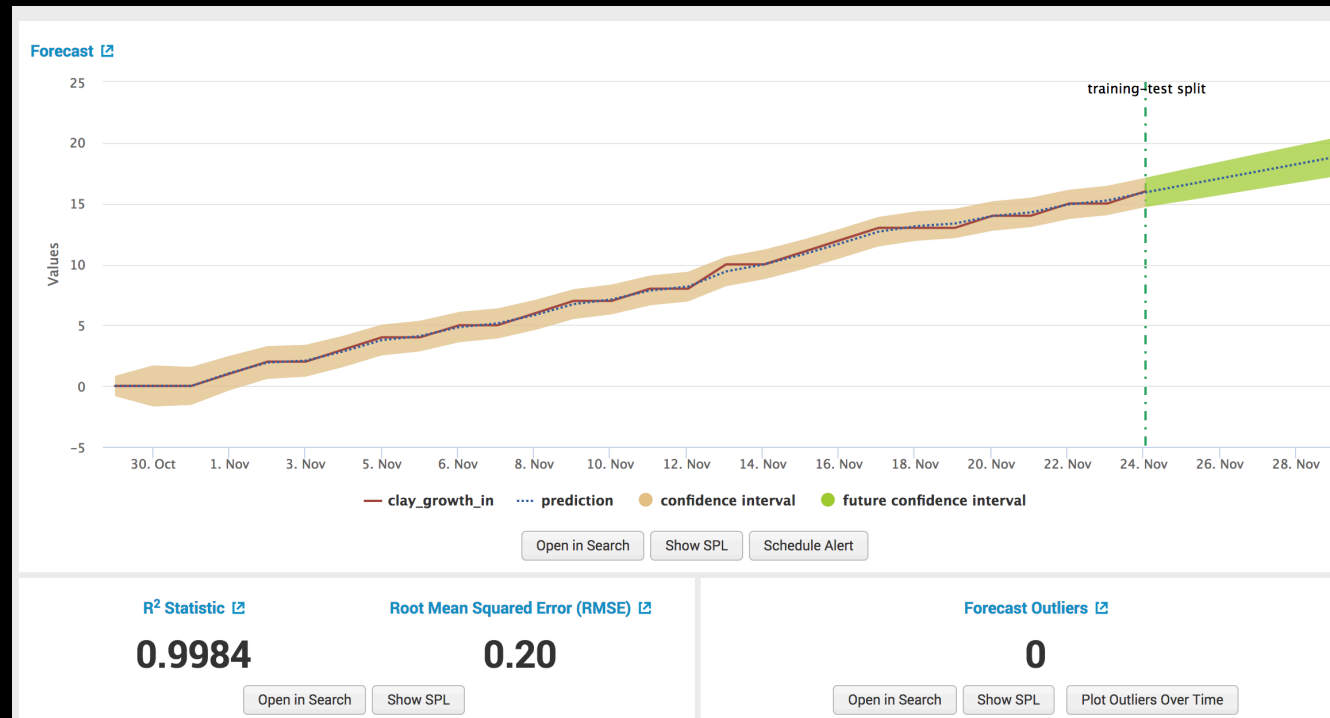




# Predict Using The Splunk MLT

## Science Project

- Use the Forecast assistant in the Splunk Machine Learning Toolkit
  - Prettier visualization!





# Thank You

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