

Splunk & Open Source: Build Vs. Buy Workshop

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Agenda

Splunk vs. ELK 3 Year TCO 30 day retention

Why Try Open Source?

Open Source Customer Interviews

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- Open Source Challenges
- Build vs. Buy Considerations
- Total Cost of Ownership Model
- Customer Examples
- ► Q&A



Splunk Elastic Stack



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Why Try Open Source?

Frictionless

- No salesperson will call
- Prove use case before investing
- Deploy without management cycles:
 - No budget or procurement issues
 - No contracts or legal back and forth
- Development Use Cases
 - Web, document, or product search engine
 - Sub-second response for application stack

- Its FREE! Muah-ha-ha!
 - Splunk seems cost-prohibitive
 - Don't want to or can't budget for Splunk
 - Open Source seems "good enough"
 - Spend on development, not license

- Open Source Orientation
 - Organizational Open Source Initiative
 - Open Source or Build culture



Why Try Open Source?

Developers

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- Shiny new toy
- New training & skills
- Job security
- Resume building



Managers

- No software budget, lots of developers
- Deploy without management cycles
- Shift Capex (license) to Opex (salaries)
- More staff & HW = bigger budget & title



Open Source Initiatives



- What everyone remembers: "Use Open Source First"
- What everyone forgets: "Use the most appropriate solution for the business"



Open Source Customer Interviews

Production Interviews

- Dozens of deployments from 20GB/day to 10's of TB/day
- 100's of pilot deployments

User Conference Interviews

- 3 Elastic{ON} User Conferences
- All machine data & security sessions
- Interviewed 100 Attendees per conference



OSS Customer Interviews: Key Takeaways

The Elastic Stack

- Sweet spot' server: 8 x 64, 6TB SSD
 - Avg. 25 GB/day per data node
 - Avg. compression 300%
- 1TB/day and up: 6-18 month deploy
 - Multiple clusters for large use cases
 - 90% deploy EMB (kafka, redis, MQ)
 - Additional datastore (Hadoop)
- Parsing at index time slow and fragile

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- Limited visualization Some DIY
- Development backlogs are common

Splunk (for comparison)

- 12 x 12, any disk, 800+ IOPS
 - 300 GB/day per search peer (data node)
 - Avg. compression 50%
- ▶ 1TB/day and up: deploy in weeks
 - Single cluster to 1+ PB/day
 - EMB not required
 - No additional datastore required
- Parsing at search time fast and stable
- Rich visualization OOTB, extensible
- Development backlogs are rare



Why So Much Storage?

JSON format, index every field, redundant "message", " source", & " all" fields.

Splunk: 297 chars, 1 index, 1 TB raw = $\frac{1}{2}$ TB on disk

150.128.102.148 - - [07/Aug/2014:00:59:52 +0000] \"GET /images/web/2009/banner.png HTTP/1.1\" 200 52315 \"http://www.semicomplete.com/blog/articles/week-of-unix-tools/day-1sed.html\" \"Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/32.0.1700.107 Safari/537.36

> V.Screen?category_id=GIFTS&JSESSIONID=SD1SL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1 /product.screen?product_id=FL-DSN-01&JSESSIONID=SD1SL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1. T/olditista

26&JSESSIONID=SD5SL9FF1ADFF3 HTTP 1.1"

Splunk Data is enriched at search time No extra data is stored or indexed!

/oldlink?item id=EST

Want to enrich ELK data?

Green: Original syslog event \rightarrow

Orange: Identity data added

Red: GeoIP data added

200 1318

ELK: 1910 chars, 56 indexes, 1 TB raw = 4.8 TB on disk (including GeoIP & Identity data)

{ " index": "logstash-2014.08.07", " type": "logs", "_id": "AUzqaoFTJX0-Q5nESGxf", score": null, source": { message": 150.128.102.148 - -[07/Aug(2014:00:59:52 +0000] ("GET /images/web/2009/banner.p ng HTTP/1.1(" 200 52315 \"http://www.semicomplete .com/blog/articles/weekof-unix-tools/day-1-sed.html\" \"Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (RHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/32.0.1700.107 Safari/537.36\"" "@version": "1" "@timestamp": "2014-08-07T00:59:52.000z", "host": "ctest08.sv.splunk.com", ł, "clientip": "150.128.102.148", "auth": "-" "timestamp": "07/Aug/2014:00:59:52 "verb": "GET", "request": "/images/web/2009/banner. png",

"httpversion": "1.1", "response": 200, "bytes": 52315, "referrer": "\"http://www.semicomplet e.com/blog/articles/weekof-unix-tools/day-1sed.html\"", "agent": "\"Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/32.0.1700.107 Safari/537.36\"", "useragent": "name": "Chrome" "os": "Windows 7", "os name": "Windows 7", "device": "Other", "major": "32", "minor": "0" "patch": "1700" } }, "fields": { "@timestamp": 1407373192000] }, "sort": [1407373192000]

"flastname@organization.org", "telephoneNumber": "123.456.7894", "mobile": "123.456.7894", "manager": "Another Manager' "priority": "3", "department": "Technical Department", "category": "Technical Manager", "watchlist": "whatever", "whenCreated": 1407373192000], "endDate": [1407373192000]

"identity" { "personalTitle": "Technical Manager" "displayName" : "First "givenName": "First ăstname' "sn": "123-45-6789", "suffix": "",

"geoip": { "ip": "150.128.102.148", "country code2": "ES" "country code3": "ESP", country name": "Spain" "continent code": "EU" "latitude": 40, "longitude": -4 "location": [-4, 40] }



Why So Much Storage?

Storage optimization – at what cost?

Recommendations:

- Delete the original "message" field Affects Compliance & Debug Uses
- Disable the "all" field
- Disable the " source" field
- Set optimal index/analyze options in schema for each data source
- Use best compression option to reduce disk space

Which means:

- No Full-Text Search Capabilities
 - Disables Update API, Highlighting, & Reindex API
 - Not practical for deployments with 100s – 1000s of data sources
 - More infrastructure required to maintain performance



Why So Many Servers?

1 TB/day for 90 days – 635 Servers?!

Experts pointed us to these hosting services for best practices: 1TB/day, 90 days retention, 350% raw/disk ratio, 3 total copies of data = 945,000 GB total disk

	Elastic.co	Qbox	Compose.io (IBM)	ObjectRocket	Splunk
Total Disk	945,000	945,000	945,000	945,000	
GB Mem / GB Disk	0.043	0.05	0.1	0.125	
Total GB Memory	40,635	47,250	94,500	118,125	
Total Servers @ 64GB/node	635	738	1,476	1,845	spiurik>

Elasticsearch Java Garbage Collection (GC)

Multi-day benchmark demonstrates GC issues



Designing the Perfect Elasticsearch Cluster: the (almost) Definitive Guide

https://thoughts.t37.net/designing-the-perfect-elasticsearch-cluster-the-almost-definitive-guide-e614eabc1a87

- You can't know your workload until you've run in production for a while. You'll have to iterate 2 or 3 times before you get the design right."
- "Don't run Elasticsearch in the cloud... you don't know what CPU you'll get. Xeon E5 v4 provides 60% better java performance than v3. Prepare to get into trouble with nodes popping out of the cluster like popcorn."
- Stop the world" restarts: The main problem with Elasticsearch garbage collection is how it might enter "stop the world" mode in which the JVM becomes unresponsive until it is restarted



Some Things You Should Know Before Using Amazon's Elasticsearch Service On AWS

https://read.acloud.guru/things-you-should-know-before-using-awss-elasticsearch-service-7cd70c9afb4f

- "it's basically impossible to troubleshoot your own AWS Elasticsearch cluster"
- "making any change at all will double the size of the cluster and copy every shard... indexing and search to come to a screeching halt"
- "AWS's have the time, skills or context to diagnose non-trivial issues, so they will just... tell you to throw more hardware at the problem"

hosting Elasticsearch on AWS... absolutely does not mean your cluster will be more stable"



Build vs. Buy Considerations



Build vs. Buy: 3 Considerations

Time to Market

- Faster value with a solution vs. time required to build it
- Opportunity cost often ignored, may be the highest cost
- Not just the first deployment, expansion & maintenance

Benefit Realization

- Future proof: Mature solutions deliver more value
- Reduce risks: Project, technical, support, IP, personal

Total Cost of Ownership

- Open source software has costs
- Production OSS deployments often exceed Splunk cost



splunk



Benefit Realization: Business Value Assessment

Final deliverable provides an Executive Report with CxO Ready Business Case Analysis



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Sample Worksheet

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TCO Summary	splunk > enterprise			I	(Elastic + Logstash + Kibana)					
for 0 GB/Day	Year 1	Yea	r2 ۱	fear 3	Total	Year 1	Year	r 2 Year 3		Total
Infrastructure On-Premise	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$		\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Software License & Maintenance	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	•	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Implementation	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Training	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Admin Labor	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Opportunity Cost	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Total	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Cumulative	\$	- \$	- \$	-		\$	- \$	- \$	-	



1 /Category.screen?category_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 404 720 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/cart.dom/line/ideabi/ficeategory_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 404 322 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/cart.dom/line/ideabi/ficeategory_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 200 318 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/cart.dom/line/ideabi/ficeategory_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 200 318 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/cart.dom/category_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 200 318 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/category_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10ADFF10 HTTP 1.1" 200 318 "http://buttercup-shoppins.com/category_id=GIFTSEJSESSIONID=SDISL4FF10

OSS "Success Stories"

Elastic{ON}15

Elasticsearch at Verizon

2.7 TB/day, 50 day retention

10+B events/day

- 128: 8 x 64, 6TB Disk
- 50: 24 x 256, 20TB Disk (hadoop)
- Logstash, Message Bus & other Servers not listed
- Wrote their own UI

Elastic{ON}16

Security Analytics @ USAA

- 1-2 TB/day, 30 day retention
- 4.5B events/day
- 7 Clusters, grouped by feed
- 60: 12 x 96, 12TB SSD
- 21 Master Nodes
- 16 Logstash Nodes
- 4 Kafka, 3 Zookeeper
- 192 TB SAN
- 1.6 PB other storage

Total: 178+ servers, 1.8 PB

Total: 104 servers, 2.5 PB

Elastic{ON}17

Optum's Security Data Lake

8* TB/day, 1 year retention

3B events/day + enrichment

- 190 data nodes
- 360 hadoop nodes
- 550: 73.5 TB, 4.5 PB

Total: 550 servers, 4.5 PB



What is the Splunk Build vs. Buy Workshop?

A customer meeting, where we:

- Discuss your Open Source build experience
- Translate your experience into actual metrics & costs
- Prepare a Build vs. Buy Total Cost of Ownership Model
- You validate the TCO Model
- ► We deliver a CFO-Ready Business Case



Business Value Consulting Services

Most Popular Services

Data Source Analysis	Business Value Assessment	TCO Analysis		
Align data sources with key objectives and value drivers	Quantify current and/or future value drivers	Assess TCO for Cloud vs. On-Premises or Splunk vs. ELK		
Success Stories	Value Roadmap	Center of Excellence		
Document 2-3 real life value stories from your deployment	Multi-Year Plan based on value and data sources	Assess key roles, responsibilities and skills		

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Appendix: Build vs. Buy Workshop Executive-Ready Business Case



Splunk vs. Open Source: 3 Considerations

1. Time to Market

 Value is achieved faster with a platform vs. the time required to build it

2. Benefit Realization

- A solution's ability to produce proven customer success increases likelihood that benefits will be realized
- A platform built from 10,000+ customers will yield more value than a solution built entirely from scratch

3. Total Cost of Ownership

- Open source software is not free
- Production deployments can easily exceed 4-10x
 Splunk cost









Consideration 1: Time to Market

- Value is achieved faster with a purpose-built platform vs. the time required to build it (even basic functions)
- Pre-built apps speeds deployment (SplunkBase has 1000+ apps)
- Time impacts how much value will be realized

EXAMPLE: Applying this consideration



- Assuming \$1.2M/year of projected benefits from a deployment
- If Splunk takes 2 months to deploy, it delivers \$1M of value in year 1
- If Open Source takes 10 months to deploy, it delivers \$200k of value in year 1
- Assuming the same end result, Splunk delivers \$800k MORE value in year 1
- TCO would show \$800k as "lost opportunity cost" in the Open Source calculation

Real Example: Splunk vs. Open Source

From a Fortune 50 Telecommunications Company

Project: Executive dashboard for near real-time TV Programming Analytics

Open Source Build

Splunk delivered in **92% less** calendar time with **99% less effort**

VS

"Buy" w/Splunk

Multiple open source solutions manually stitched together

Took 6 people 6 months' effort

Modifications are small development projects Took 1 person 2 weeks' effort

Modifications are made by users on the fly splunk>



Consideration 2: Benefit Realization

<u>Splunk</u>

- 12,000+ production customers
- Vibrant user community
- 1000+ Splunk apps
- Proven customer success
- Documented benefit benchmarks

Open Source

- Unknown # of production customers
- Vibrant development community
- No pre-built app store
- No published benchmarks

EXAMPLE: Applying this consideration

- An IT Operations project is expected to reduce incident investigation time
- Splunk's documented benchmarks show the customer will achieve 70-90% reduction
- Since all functionality must be built for Elastic Stack, it may not achieve the same benefit level
- In doing a TCO analysis this must be considered. It would be added as a "lost opportunity cost" to the Open Source calculation



Consideration 3: Total Cost Of Ownership

Consider all the components of cost

- It's more than just license fees
- Evaluate production-grade deployments
 - Small side projects may hide true costs
- Scalability and efficiency impact infrastructure and admin costs
 - Hardware, people, etc.
- Different skill sets are required to build vs. configure
 - Highly compensated and scarce open source developers vs. general admins more widely available and affordable





There Are Many Components Of TCO

License costs are only one of them...

- Server, network, workstation hardware
- Software license
- Installation and integration
- Purchasing research
- Warranties and licenses
- License tracking compliance
- Migration expenses
- Risks vulnerabilities, upgrades, patches, failure

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- Facility and power
- Testing costs
- Downtime, outage and failure
 expenses
- Diminished performance (users having to wait, etc.)
- Security (breaches, loss of reputation, recovery and prevention)
- Backup and recovery process

- Technology training
- Audit (internal and external)
- Insurance

. . .

- Technology staff
- Management time
- Replacement
- Future upgrade or scalability expenses
- Decommissioning



Realities of Production Grade Deployments

Considerations for platform selection – *Infrastructure*, people, and time

()





- Single platform and solution
- Rich, powerful query language
- Lower cost, available level 1 or 2 resources
- Architecture optimized for scale
- Community of pre-built 'apps'
- Rapid time to value



- Multiple separate, open source products
- Limited query capabilities
- ▶ Highly paid, scarce, level 3 or 4 resources required
- Infrastructure costs at 5-10x Splunk
- Significant development effort required
- Lost opportunity cost due to slow time to market



Splunk vs. Open Source TCO Model

Full detailed comparison of Splunk vs. Open Source costs based on Customer's numbers

Hardware acquisition and maintenance

• Servers, storage, load balancers, data center costs

Software licensing and maintenance

• Perpetual, subscription, including renewals

Professional services

Implementation, configuration

Splunk training / education

Includes ongoing recommendations

Ongoing administration support

• Sysadmin, architect, developer, power user, Splunk admin

Opportunity Cost



Sample TCO Summaries



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/oldlink?item

TCO for 3 Years









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Yearly Schedule



Cumulative Results



Security Matters

	threat post	CATEGORIES	FEATURED PODCASTS	VIDEOS				
1월 1	¥ f G m 2 m	06/15/15 11:15	LastPass Network Reset: http://t.co/	k Breached: Calls for Master Passwo bHUGla2HQo				
	Welcome > Blog Home > Cloud Security > Elasticsearch Honeypot Snares 8,000 Attacks Against RCE Vulnerability							
	ELASTICSEARCH RCE VULNERABIL	HONEYPOT S	NARES 8,000 AT	TACKS AGAINST				
	A second and		AND A					
		@mike_mimoso		May 11, 2015 , 1:18 pm				
	Hackers have taken an interest in Elasticsearch, a popular enterprise search engine. A researcher based in Texas, whose own Elasticsearch server was hacked, today							

<u>threat post</u>

- Open source is community driven;
 source code is public
- Lack of true product management, software development and test/QA opens real vulnerabilities

"Hackers have taken an interest in Elasticsearch..."



Splunk vs. Open Source

Summary of the 3 considerations

<u>Splunk</u>

Time to value

Realized in less than three months

Benefit realization

 Documented benchmarks and proven customer success

► TCO: \$2,860,251

Open Source

Time to value

• Realized 6 to 12+ months

Benefit realization

- No published benchmarks or proven customer success
- ▶ TCO: \$5,577,184



Thank You

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