



Supercharge your Security Operations Center with Splunk and MITRE

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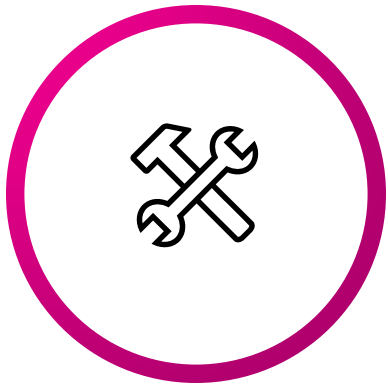
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Key takeaways

What you should take home from this session

**Cyber Defense
@DATEV**



Strategic goals &
approach

**Prioritize the
right things.**



Be fast and use what is
there...

**Analysis &
Response
Workflow**



Promote the
Cyber Defense topic

**Knowledge
Sharing &
Awareness**



Promote the
Cyber Defense topic



What is / does DATEV?

Financial Power



Whom do 13 million employees
trust each month?

DATEV eG

Shaping the future – together

THIS IS
DATEV

ABOUT
301,000
CUSTOMERS
TRUST
DATEV

26
COMPANY LOCATIONS
MAINTAIN REGIONAL
PRESENCE IN GERMANY



companies
represent
DATEV
throughout
Europe


7,606
EMPLOYEES
ACT FOR THE MEMBERS
OF THE COOPERATIVE

IN 2018, THEY
GENERATED A TURNOVER
OF
1.034
BILLION EUROS

Salary Reports

Salary Reports

Q - Mustermann, Thomas / 29784 / 10005 / 2014 - [Est 1 A]

n Ansicht Erfassen Auswertungen Extras Fenster ?

Einkommensteuererklärung

Antrag auf Festsetzung der Arbeitnehmer-Sparzulage

Erklärung zur Feststellung des verbleibenden Verlustvortrags

Ja Nein lt. Berechnung

Informationen zum Formular

Zusätzliche Angaben
(zu Steuervorauszahlungen, Angaben zu Ehefrau/Lebenspartner(in) B, Briefen, Steuerbelastung, Steuerberechnung, individuellen Notizen, Internet-Kommunikation)

Steuernummer
242/999/9999

An das Finanzamt
Hünberg Zentral

Finanzansatznummer
9241

Bei Wohnsatzwechsel: bisheriges Finanzamt

Einrichtungsdatenübermittlung an das Finanzamt

ohne Einreichung der Kopie (Authentifizierungsverfahren)

Einreichung von Belegen

ohne Einreichung

mit Einreichung

Übertragung der Bescheidaten

Allgemeine Angaben

Achten Sie bei Lebenspartnern auch die

Steuerpflichtige Person (stpf. Person), bei Zusammenveranlagung bzw. Einzelveranlagung von Ehegatten/Lebenspartnern: **Ehemann/Lebenspartner(in) A nach dem LPatG**

Identifikationsnummer (dIdr.) Telefonische Rückfragen tagsüber unter Nr.

Name Geburtsdatum Todesdatum

Mustermann 01.01.1962

Vorname Religion

Thomas evangelisch

Titel / Akademischer Grad Bundesland (Wohnsatz in 2014)

Bayern

Straße und Hausnummer (derzeitige Adresse)

Hünbergstr. 9

Postleitzahl Postleitzahl Ausland Wohnort Wohnsatzzeit

99999 Musterstadt Deutschland

Ausgebühter Beruf

Familienstand

Verheiratet seit Verwitwet seit Geschieden seit Dauernd getrennt lebend seit Lebenspartner begründet

Nur bei Zusammenveranlagung bzw. Einzelveranlagung von Ehegatten/Lebenspartnern:
Ehefrau/Lebenspartner(in) B nach dem LPatG

Identifikationsnummer (dIdr.) Telefonische Rückfragen tagsüber unter Nr.

EUR geändert Wert

Tax Reports

		Datev-Business Solutions V 1.1A		Bilanzen (per Month) March 2011		8/6/2011	
Konso Testholz				all Accounts		Page 8	
Account	Description	Opening Balance	Month		Accumulated		Balance
			Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	
60307	Muster forever		161.00		161.00		161.00 D
60308	Beispiel und Exempel		321.00	50.00	321.00	50.00	271.00 D
60309	Exemplarischer Büromöbel		300.00		300.00		300.00 D
60310	Mustermöller, Georg		150.00		150.00		150.00 D
60311	Klaue-Beispiel, Gundels		550.00		550.00		550.00 D
60313	Testfrau, Annelise		965.25		965.25		965.25 D
60314	Johannestester GmbH		1,885.50		1,885.50		1,885.50 D
60315	Ausbeispiel GmbH	5,675.86 D				5,675.86	0.00
60318	Musteralter & Co.		1,078.80		1,078.80		1,078.80 D
60325	Mustermaler GmbH		500.00		500.00		500.00 D
60326	Naturmusterbeim Grün	10,777.79 D	2,005.88	700.00	2,005.88	11,477.79	1,305.88 D
60327	Ohrmutter, Rainer	9,898.11 D				9,898.11	0.00
60328	Ottobeispiel, Steffen	10,754.55 D				10,754.55	0.00
60329	Schulz & Beispiel	7,430.34 D	1,000.00		1,000.00	7,430.34	1,000.00 D
60330	Cargotest GmbH	8,107.87 D	101.56		101.56	8,107.87	101.56 D
60332	Gablerbeispiel GmbH & Co KG		136.62		136.62		136.62 D
60333	Pechmusterlein GmbH		154.15		154.15		154.15 D
60334	Küddersteler, Gertrud		171.68		171.68		171.68 D
60335	Körpmuster, Künigunde		189.21		189.21		189.21 D
60336	Bauvester, Künigunde		206.74		206.74		206.74 D
60337	Test-Lobold GmbH		224.27		224.27		224.27 D
60338	Jägermeister, Volkmar		241.80		241.80		241.80 D
60339	Gutmuster GmbH		259.33		259.33		259.33 D
60340	Marlies		276.86		276.86		276.86 D
60341	Lepelhexampel, Sven		294.39		294.39		294.39 D
60342	Dabichmuster, Heinrich		311.92		311.92		311.92 D
60343	Grünmuster GmbH		329.45		329.45		329.45 D
60344	Hohlbeispiel GmbH		346.98		346.98		346.98 D
60345	Eberski-Muster		364.51		364.51		364.51 D
60346	Biss-Test, Waldemar		382.04		382.04		382.04 D
60347	Lebekexempel, Gabi		399.57		399.57		399.57 D
60348	Muster-Gelber GmbH		417.10		417.10		417.10 D
60349	Frischlich-Test, Barbara		434.63		434.63		434.63 D
60355	Kühnbeispiel		539.61		539.61		539.61 D
60356	Messontest GmbH		557.34		557.34		557.34 D

Business Reports



Cyber Defense @DATEV

Strategic goals & approach

DATEV and Attacker

Why we are interesting for the dark side...

Why is DATEV interesting for Attacker?



Fraud -> steal Money

- Changed receiver,...



Espionage -> get customer data

- Data Leakage of customer business information
- CEO/VIP Salary Statements,...



Personally Identifiable Information -> identity theft

- Information on health insurance, confession, tax ID, place of residence, bank connection, vacation days, birthday, salary,...

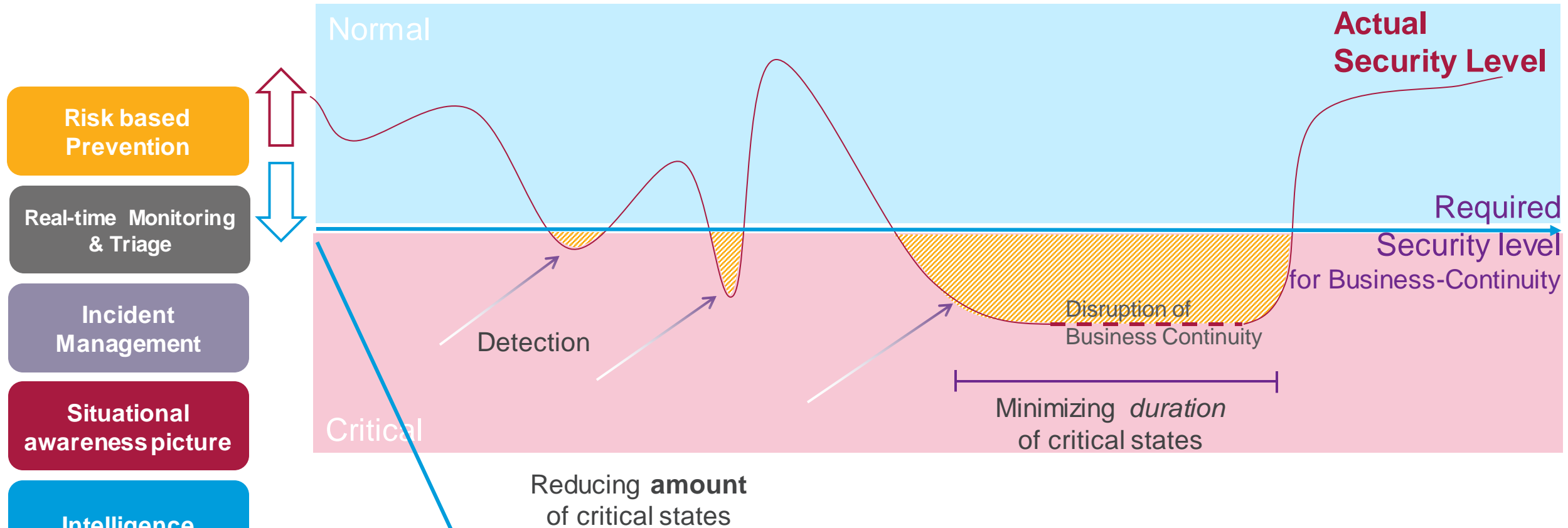
Our Cyber-Defense Approach

THREE WORLDS, THREE PERSPECTIVES, BUT ONE GOAL



General Cyber Defense Strategy

Prevention, **Detection**, Reaction, Resilience



Key question:

- Where should be the blue line?
- What is the appropriate security level?
- What do we need to detect?
- **How to balance operation, blocking and detection?**

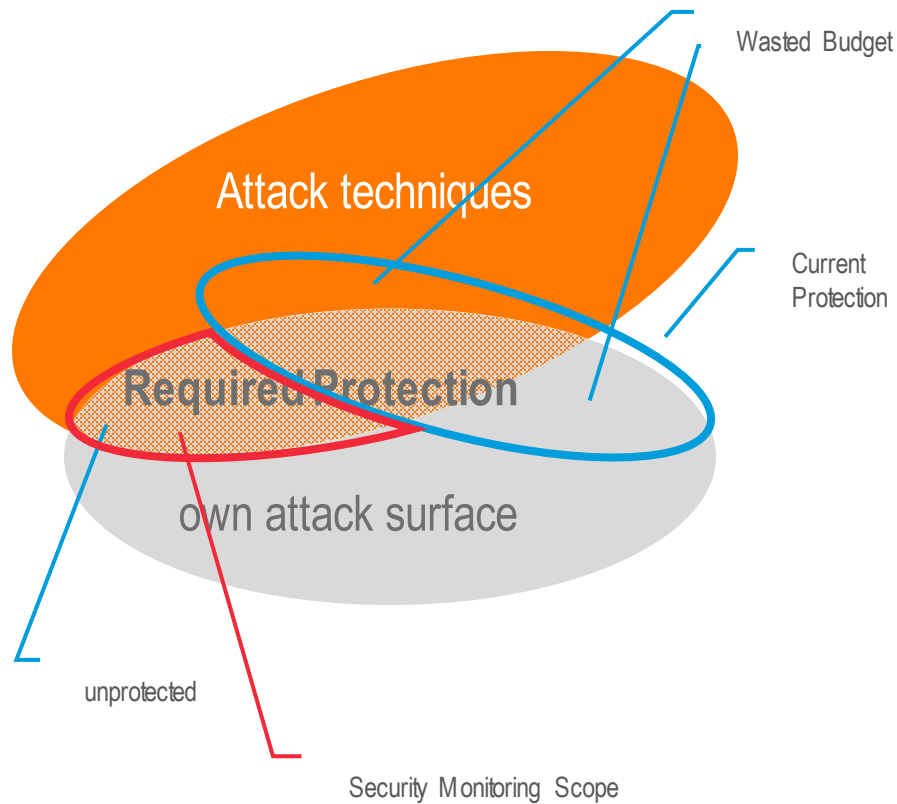


Prioritize the right things

What should we detect?

SOC/Cyber Defense Alignment

Adapting security monitoring to the required scope



If you know

- the attacker,
- the threats,
- used techniques and
- the own attack surface.

But where to start, if you don't know?

→ use MITRE ATT&CK

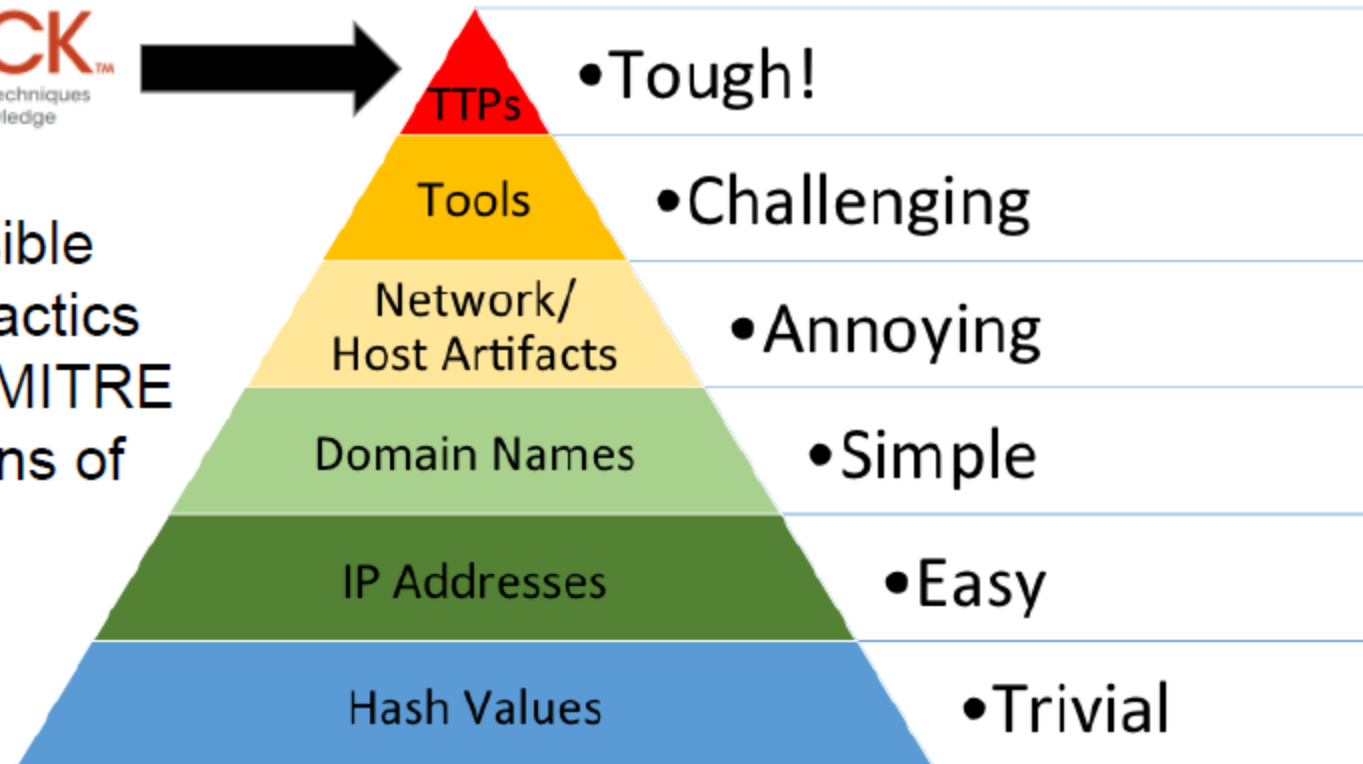
MITRE ATT&CK

Overview on Attacker Techniques and Attack Phases

attack.mitre.org

ATT&CK™ is a globally-accessible knowledge base of adversary tactics and techniques, developed by MITRE based on real-world observations of adversaries' operations.

ATT&CK™
Adversarial Tactics, Techniques
& Common Knowledge



Source: David Bianco

<https://detect-respond.blogspot.com/2013/03/the-pyramid-of-pain.html>

TTPs = Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures

ATT&CK for Enterprise

Attacker Techniques – how a goal is achieved

Based on real data from security incidents

clear focus on technical attacker behavior

Decoupled from potential solutions

Contains Information regarding attacker groups and Software, Tools & Malware

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence
10 Items	33 Items	58 Items
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	.bash_profile
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CRACKMAP	.bashrc
Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	Accessibility
Replication Through Removable Media	Compiled HTML File	Account
Spearphishing Attachment	Control Panel Items	AppCenter
Spearphishing Link	Dynamic Data Exchange	AppInit
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through API	Application
Supply Chain Compromise	Execution through Module Load	Authentication
Trusted Relationship	Exploitation for Client Execution	BITS Jobs
Valid Accounts	Graphical User Interface	Bootkit
	InstallUtil	Browser
	Launchctl	Change Association
	Local Job Scheduling	Component
	LSASS Driver	Component Model
	Msihta	Create Application
	PowerShell	DLL Search Hijacking
	Regsvcs/Regasm	Dylib Hijacking
	Regsvr32	External Services
	Rundll32	File System
	Scheduled Task	Windows
	Scripting	Hidden Directories
	Service Execution	Hooking
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Hypervisor
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection
	Source	Service Registry Permissions Weakness
		Hidden Users
		Hidden Window
		Connections Discovery
		System Owner/User Discovery
		Uncommonly Used Port
		Web Service
		legend

Commands that are executed run with the current permission level of the command-line interface process

Permissions Required: User, Administrator, System

Resources: Process monitoring, Process command-line parameters

Is Remote: No

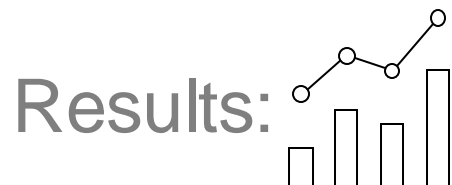
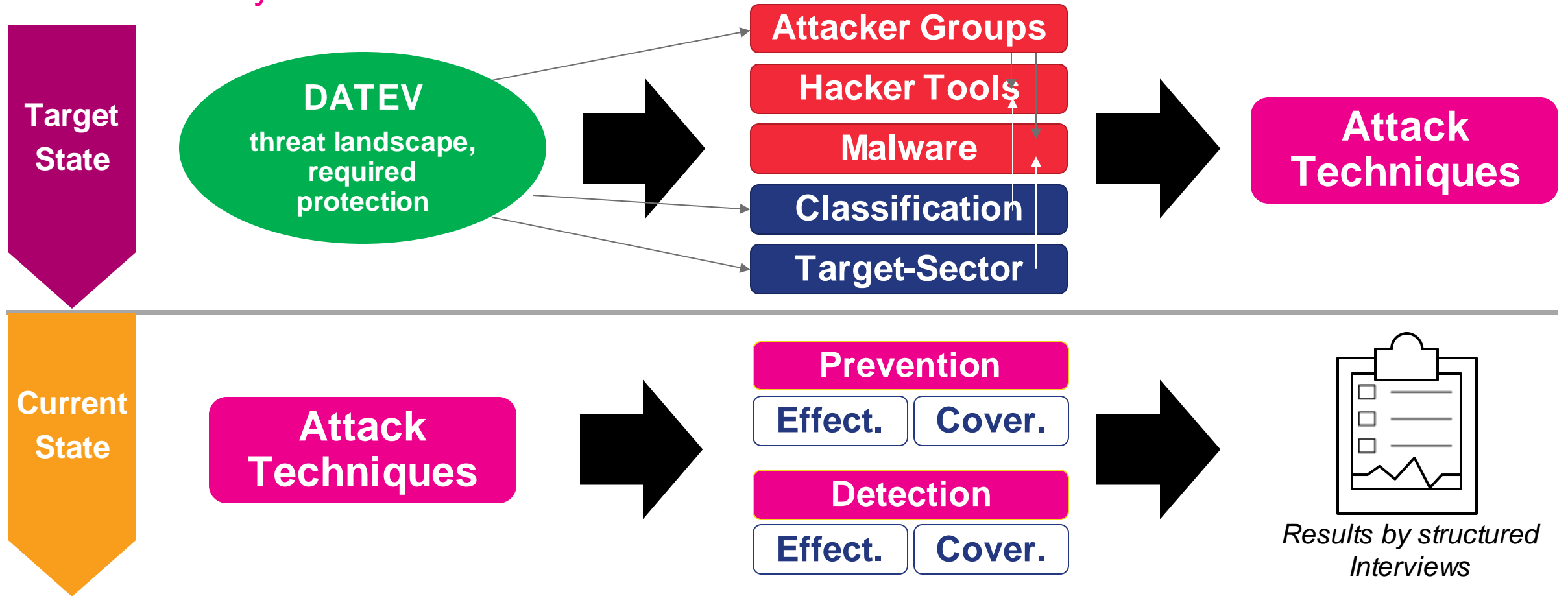
Version: 1.0

Name	Description
4H RAT	4H RAT has the capability to create a remote shell. ^[2]
adbupd	adbupd can run a copy of cmd.exe. ^[3]
admin@338	Following exploitation with LOWBALL malware, admin@338 actors created a file containing a list of commands to be executed on the compromised computer. ^[4]

<https://mitre-attack.github.io/attack-navigator/enterprise/>

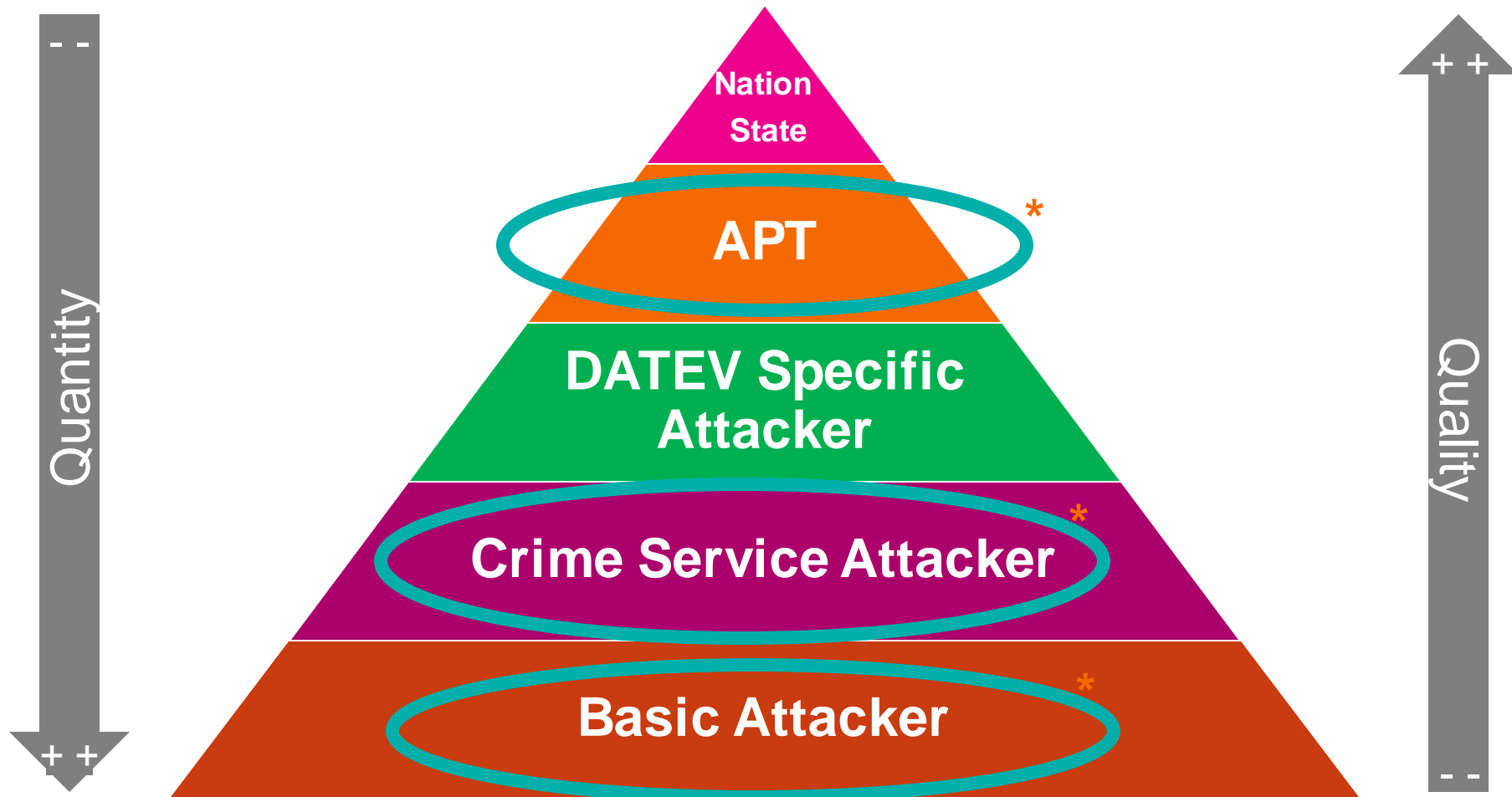
Self Assessment

Know where you are ...



- What is well protected?
- Where are preventive controls failing or missing?

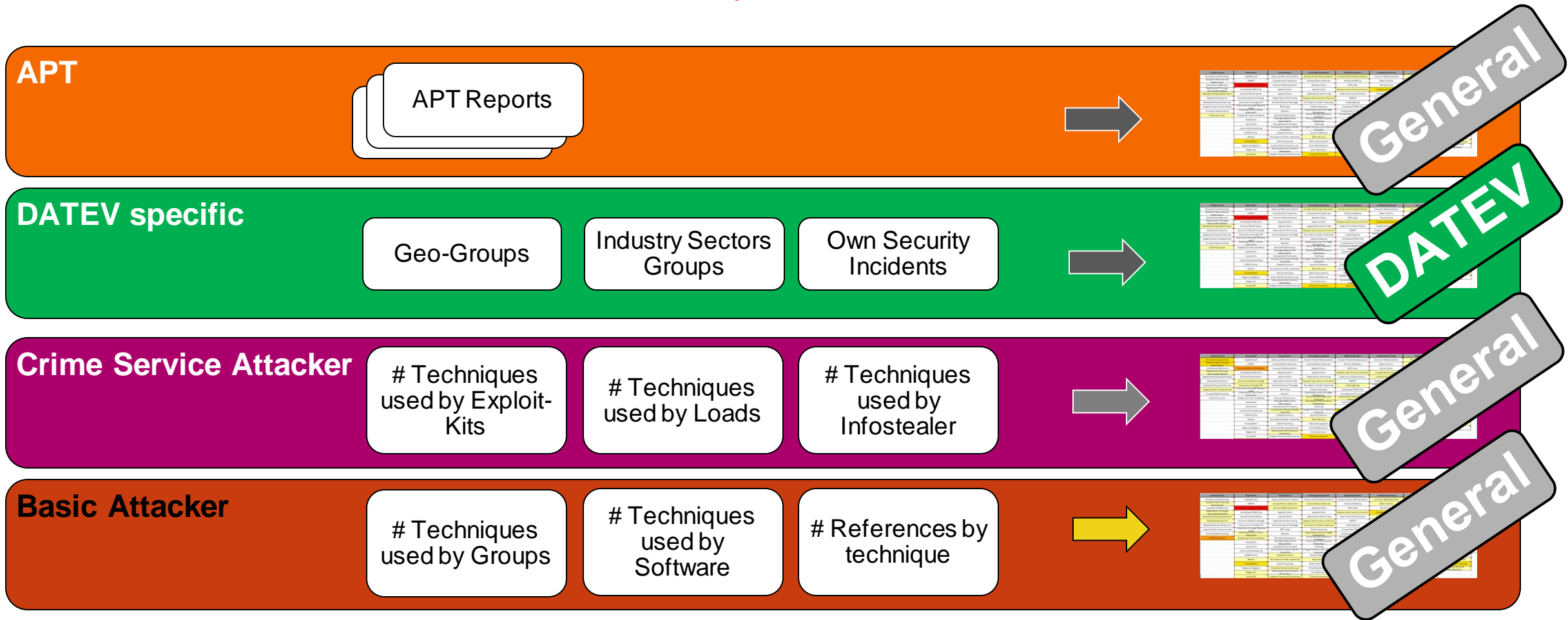
Attacker Classes



* We tailor attacker classes specific to industry domains

From Attacker classes to techniques

Which attacker classes uses which techniques?



Combined view on all Attacker classes

Without DATEV specifics attacker groups

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	.bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleScript
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software
Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	Account Manipulation	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model
Replication Through Removable Media	Compiled HTML File	AppCert DLLs	Applnit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services
Spearphishing Attachment	Control Panel Items	Applnit DLLs	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	Network Service Scanning	Logon Scripts
Spearphishing Link	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimming	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Hash
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through API	Authentication Package	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Network Sniffing	Pass the Ticket
Supply Chain Compromise	Execution through Module Load	BITS Jobs	Dylib Hijacking	Compiled HTML File	Forced Authentication	Password Policy Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol
Trusted Relationship	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Component Firmware	Hooking	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote File Copy
Valid Accounts	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Extra Window Memory Injection	Component Object Model Hijacking	Input Capture	Permission Groups Discovery	Remote Services
	InstallUtil	Change Default File Association	File System Permissions Weakness	Control Panel Items	Input Prompt	Process Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media
	Launchctl	Component Firmware	Hooking	DCShadow	Kerberoasting	Query Registry	Shared Webroot
	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model Hijacking	Image File Execution Options Injection	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	Keychain	Remote System Discovery	SSH Hijacking
	LSASS Driver	Create Account	Launch Daemon	Disabling Security Tools	LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning	Security Software Discovery	Taint Shared Content
	Mshta	DLL Search Order Hijacking	New Service	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Network Sniffing	System Information Discovery	Third-party Software
	PowerShell	Dylib Hijacking	Path Interception	DLL Side-Loading	Password Filter DLL	System Network Configuration Discovery	Windows Admin Shares
	Regsvcs/Regasm	External Remote Services	Plist Modification	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Private Keys	System Network Connections Discovery	Windows Remote Management
	Regsvr32	File System Permissions Weakness	Port Monitors	Extra Window Memory Injection	Securityd Memory	System Owner/User Discovery	
	Rundll32	Hidden Files and Directories	Process Injection	File Deletion	Two-Factor Authentication	System Service Discovery	

Most used Techniques for the different attacker groups



basic attacker



crime service attacker



APT

Detection Scope of the SOC

Now we know what we should detect, but what next?

How Splunk helped us?

SPL Support: Security Essentials – LogSources, MITRE Mapping,... Analytics Stories

Selected attack techniques

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement
Drive-by Compromise	AppletScript	bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppletScript
Exploit Public-Facing	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Windows	Application Deployment
Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	Account Manipulation	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Software
Replication Through	Compiled HTML File	AppCert DLLs	AppCert DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Distributed Component
Removable Media	Control Panel Items	AppCert DLLs	Application Shimmon	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	Network Service Scanning	Object Model
Spearphishing Attachment	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimmon	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Share Discovery	Exploitation of Remote
Spearphishing Link	Execution through APT	Authentication Package	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential	Network Sniffing	Services
Supply Chain Compromise	Execution through Module	BITS Jobs	Dylib Hijacking	Compiled HTML File	Forced Authentication	Password Policy Discovery	Pass the Hash
Trusted Relationship	Valid Accounts	Bootkit	Exploitation for Privilege	Component Firmware	Hooking	Peripheral Device Discovery	Pass the Ticket
Valid Accounts	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Exploitation for Privilege	Component Firmware	Input Capture	Permission Groups Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol
	InstallUtil	Change Default File	File System Permissions	Control Panel Items	Input Prompt	Process Discovery	Remote File Copy
	LaunchUtil	Component Firmware	Hooking	DCHadrow	Keychain	Query Registry	Remote Services
	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model	Image File Execution Options	Kernel-mode Driver	Keychain	Remote System Discovery	Remote File Copy
	LMASH Driver	Create Account	Launch Daemon	Disabling Security Tools	LMN/NET-AS Poisoning	Security Software Discovery	SSH Hijacking
	MitM	DLL Search Order Hijacking	New Service	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Network Sniffing	System Information Discovery	Tacti Shared Content
	PowerShell	Dylib Hijacking	Path Interception	DLL Side-Loading	Password Filter DLL	System Network Connections	Third-party Software
	Regsvr32	External Remote Services	File Modification	Exploitation for Defense	Private Keys	System Network Connections	Windows Admin Shares
	Regsvr32	File System Permissions	Port Monitors	File Deletion	Two-Factor Authentication	System Network Connections	Windows Remote
	Runas	Hidden Files and Directories	Process Injection	File Deletion	Two-Factor Authentication	System Network Connections	Management

- 1) Prioritized Log-Sources & Log-Level and Quality
 - Available
 - To be connected & tuned
- 2) Prioritized SIEM-Rules
 - Available
 - To be developed
- 3) Prioritized Playbooks
 - Available
 - To be developed



Analysis & Response Workflow

Be fast and use what is there...

SOC & Cyber Defense Challenges

Cyber Defense is an organization performance

Be fast! You have to be fast as an organization to avoid reputation loss, brand damage and other cyber attack impacts

To be fast, requires that analysis and response parties are fast.

Several operational units with different working modes

- All have to work with the same tools
- Already common tools in use

Workflow: Splunk → Tier 1 → Tier 2 → Operational Unit → Feedback loop

Playbooks with RACI Matrix

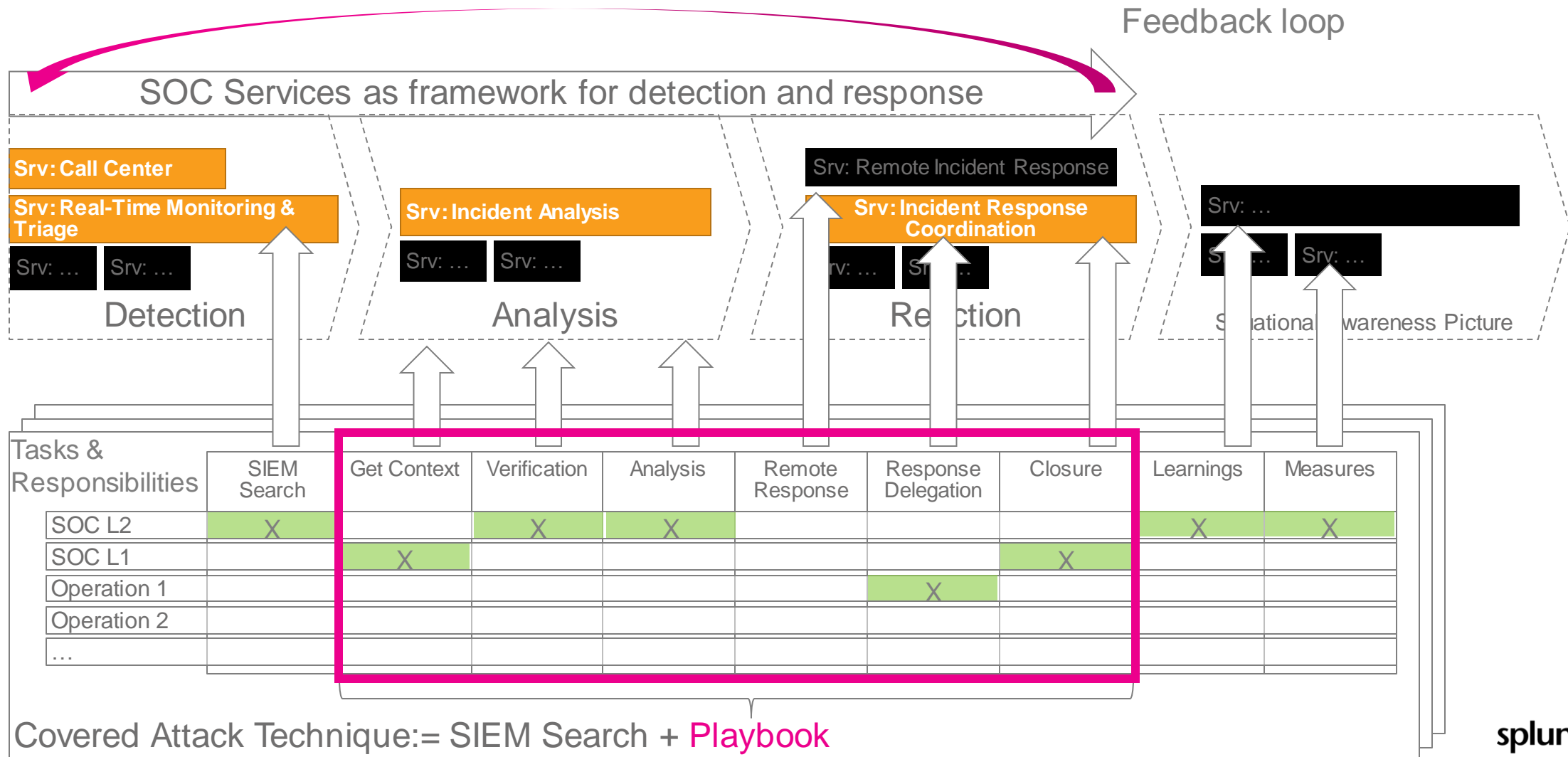
Common KPIs over all entities

What: ShimCache, AmCache, Scheduled tasks, Process list, Services, Drivers, Autoruns • Prefetch, Browser history, Hash of running processes, downloaded files, open network connections • Event logs • Command line history • AV, HIDS, HIPS logs

How: GRR, **PsRecon**, CrowdResponse

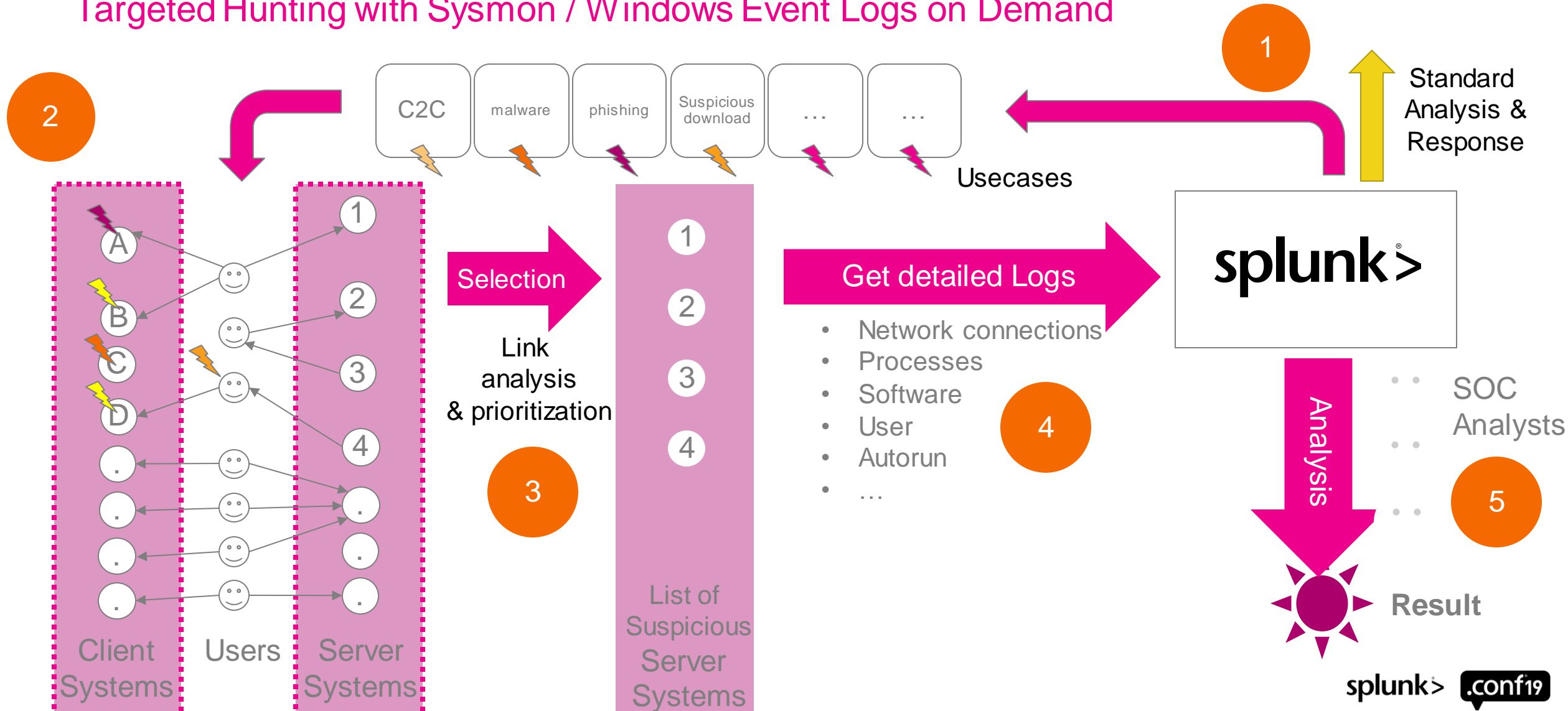
SOC-Services, Playbooks, Responsibilities

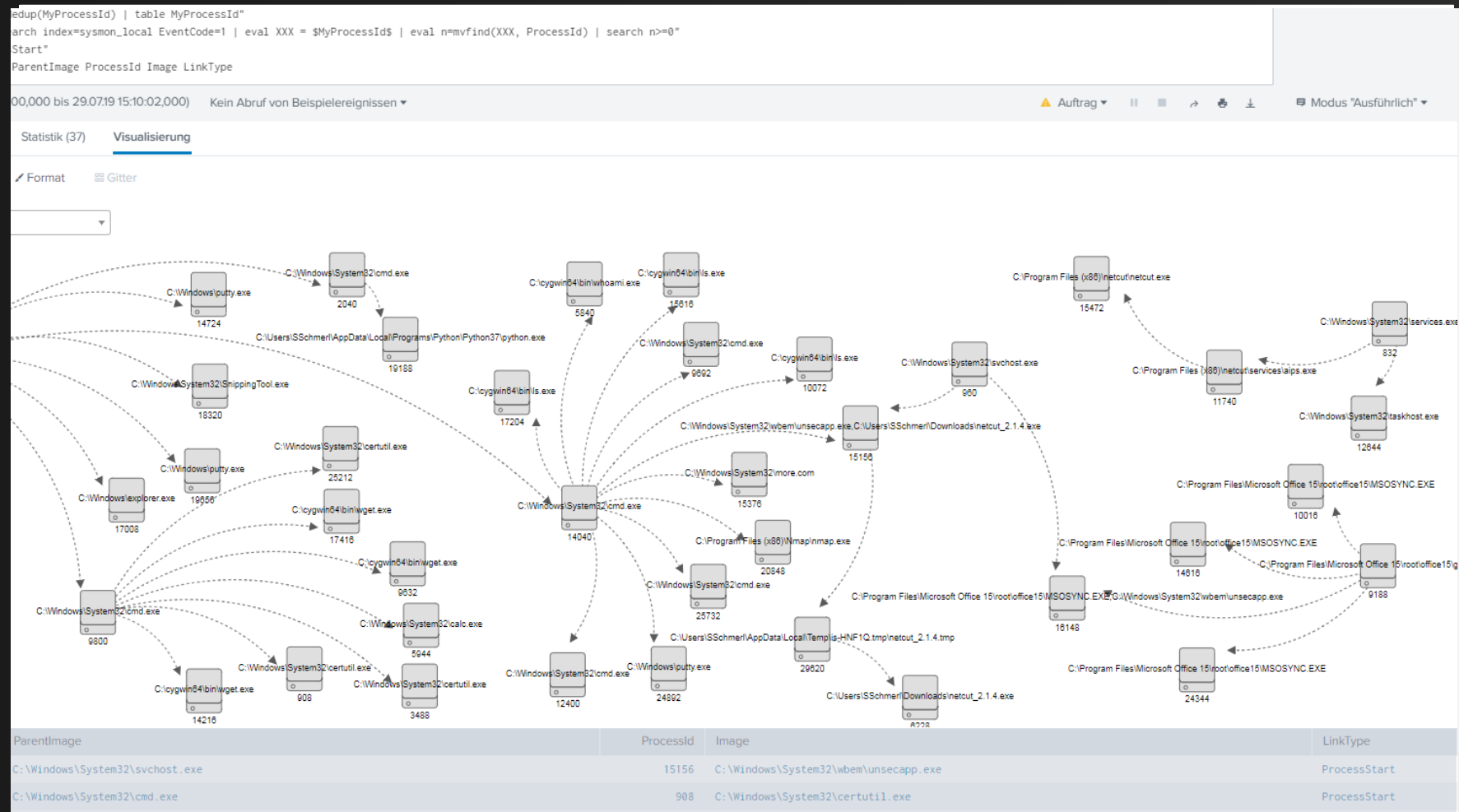
Who does when what?



Endpoint and User are Key

Targeted Hunting with Sysmon / Windows Event Logs on Demand





Real-Time Monitoring & Triage

SIEM Splunk Rule to Ticket

Step 01

Build up the search and make an Alert

Step 02

Integrate that in the Splunk MITRE Framework

Step 03

Prioritize the alerts based on impact and urgency

Step 04

open a ticket with all the necessary information

[ID 196] SMB Traffic Spike

```

index=netzwerk_systeme NOT '
= ' OR host= ' OR ho
| search (dest_port=139 OR dest_port=
| bucket _time span=1d
| stats dc(dest_ip) as count by src_ip
| eventstats max(_time) as maxtime
| stats count as num_data_samples ma
"count"
avg(eval(if(_time<relative_time(maxtime,
(maxtime,"-1d@d"),'count',null)))
| eval lowerBound=(avg-stdev*2), upper
| eval isOutliner=if(('count' < lower
| table "src_ip", num_data_samples, "

```

SOC Alerts | MITRE Tactics

Last 24 hours Hide Filters

COUNT Alerts | TODAY

Initial Access	Execution
1	
Discovery	Latera
0	

Alerts

_time	escalation	esc
2019-08-21 12:01:30	false	
2019-08-21 12:01:24	false	
2019-08-21 12:00:00	false	
2019-08-21 11:31:32	false	

Incident Posture

Incident Po

Today's number of i

Timerange: Last 7 days

Recent Incident

Owner: All

Status: All open x

Search produced no r

Priority: All x

Select All | Edit Select

Incidentdetails

Ticket-Nr:

Bearbeitungsstatus: in Bearbeitung

Auslöser/ Ereignis:

Priorität: 2 - Hoch

aktuell 00:00:41

Zeitbuchung ☐ Fremdfirma

Verbund. Interactions 0

Kategorie: Monitoring

Unterkategorie 1: SIEM

Unterkategorie 2: Initial Access

Unterkategorie 3: unk_3rd_splunk_siem_initial access

Erledigungsmedium: Intern

Gerät: siem_uc397

☒ CI ist funktionstüchtig

Verantwortlichkeiten

Incident Details CI - Details Anlagen Post Verbundene Incide... »

Betreff: Unk_3rd_splunk_SIEM_Initial Access_UC397 42 Intern

☐ Sichtbar für Kunden ☐ Verrechnen

Aktivität ☐ Problemerkandidat

Tätigkeiten Lösung manuell Journal Aktivitäten Schriftl. Antwort

Beschreibung

Neue Schwachstelle bei gefunden. Schwachstelle: Apache HTTP Server Prior to 2.4.30 Multiple Vulnerabilities Apache I

Vulnerabilities Apache HTTP Server Prior to 2.4.30 Multiple Vulnerabilities

06/06 Severity: Major Confusion

Das Produkt wird aus dem Internet entfernt und die Schwachstelle wird analysiert.

Wie besprochen das Produkt mit der Schwachstelle analysiert werden.

Incident Analysis

How we handle this

Step 05

Analyst have a link in the Ticket to the Playbook

Step 06

Analyst "get Context" form the system

Step 07

put all the stuff into Splunk

Step 08

analyze and evaluate the data



PS C:\...\> .\SOCRecon.ps1
Reportfile: C:\...\SOCReconReport_2019-08-27_12-53-56_XXXXXXX.json
SHA256 Hash: 43E8...

SOC Forensics Report.
Gathering Firewall Rules.

Getting Firewall Rules.
Rule 95 from 608.

SOC Forensics Report

SHA256 Hash and IOC File

Inhaltsverzeichnis

- Basic Information
- System Information
- Operating System
- Installed Software
- System Settings
- Network Configuration
- Firewall Rules
- Security Tools
- Security Logs
- Security Events
- Security Alerts
- Security Incidents
- Security Metrics
- Security Summary
- Security Recommendations

Integration ongoing

splunk

JSON

SHA-256

CMDB

IOCs

Vulnerability

ZIP

Analyze

Advanced Search

Shield

the G-LRPL decoding/encoding for context systems

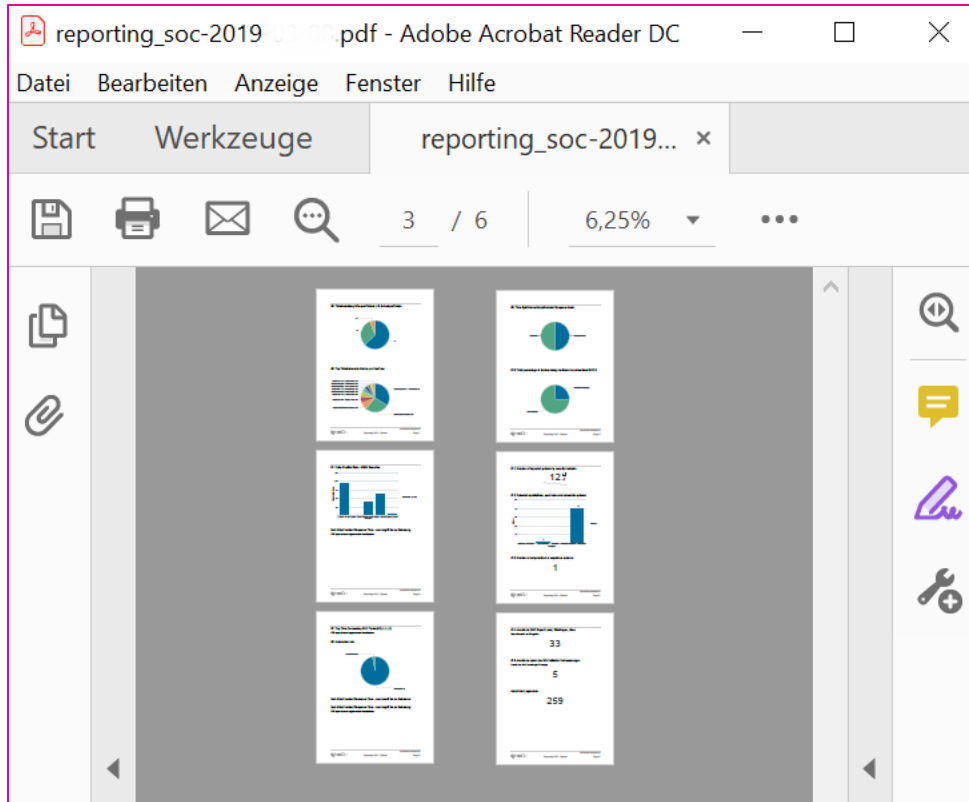
e.G. Security Tool support Pcap extract

ALL
YOU
NEED
IS

The Splunk logo is prominently displayed in the center of the slide. It features the word "splunk" in a bold, lowercase, sans-serif font, followed by a registered trademark symbol (®) and a greater-than sign (>). The logo is white, contrasting with the dark background.[illegible]

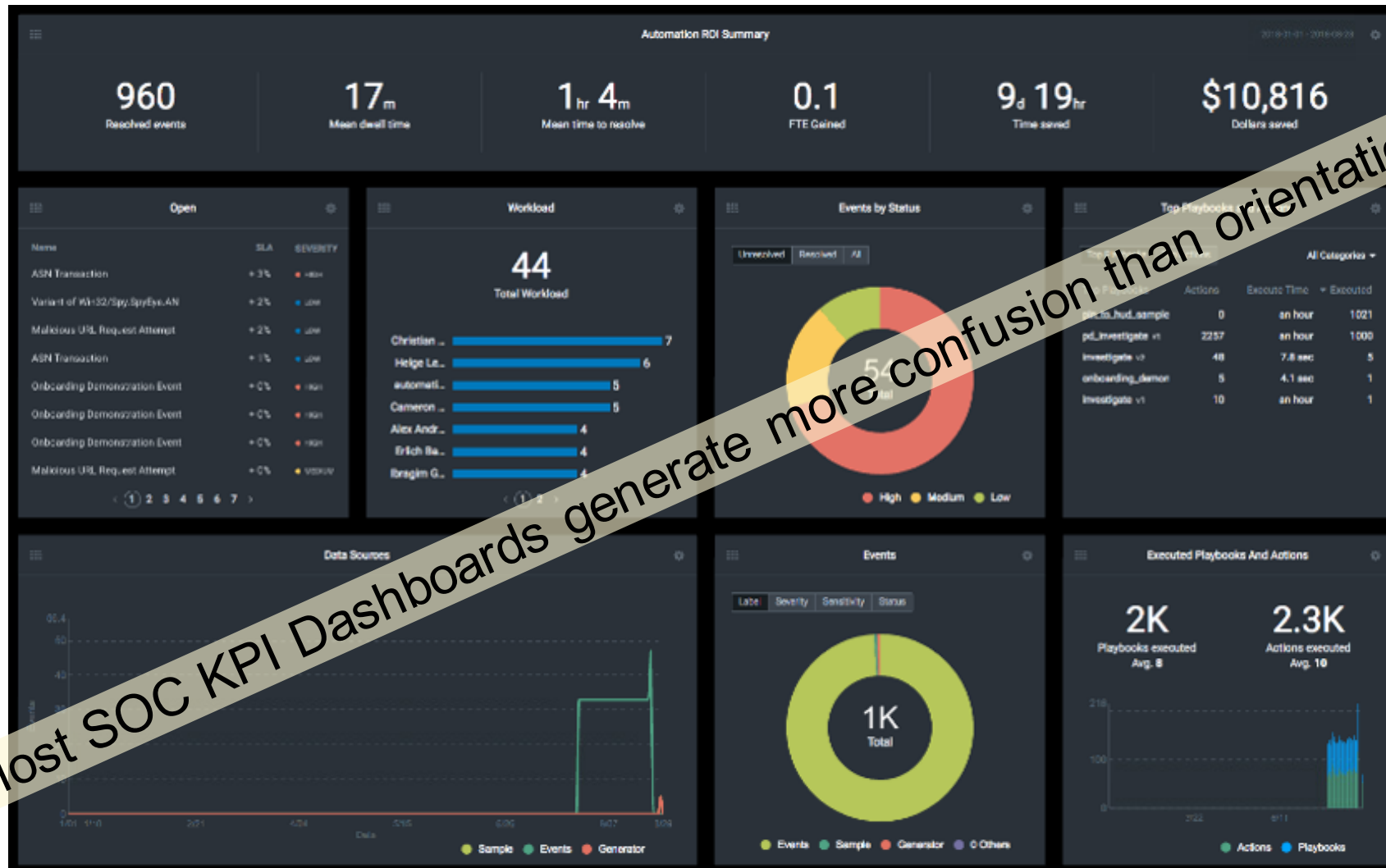
Dashboards

for Manager



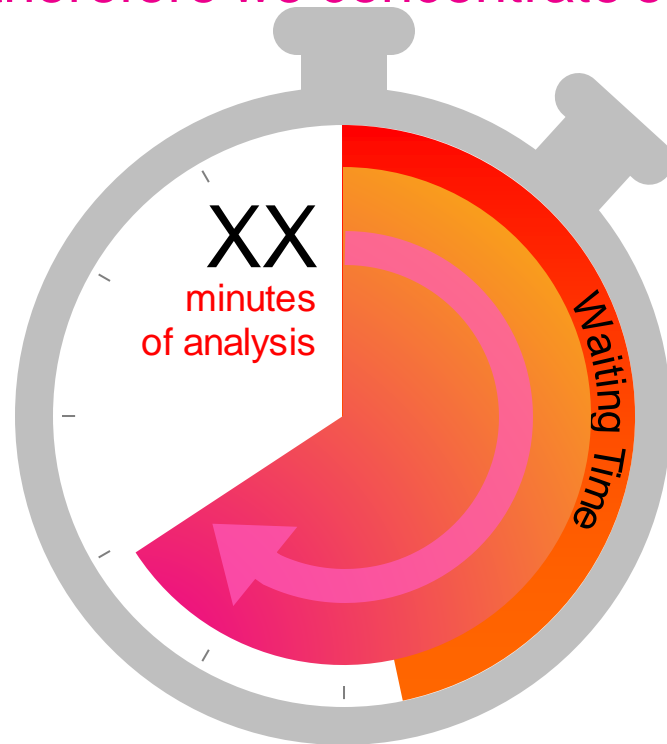
SOC KPIs

Cyber Defense and SOC is a company Performance

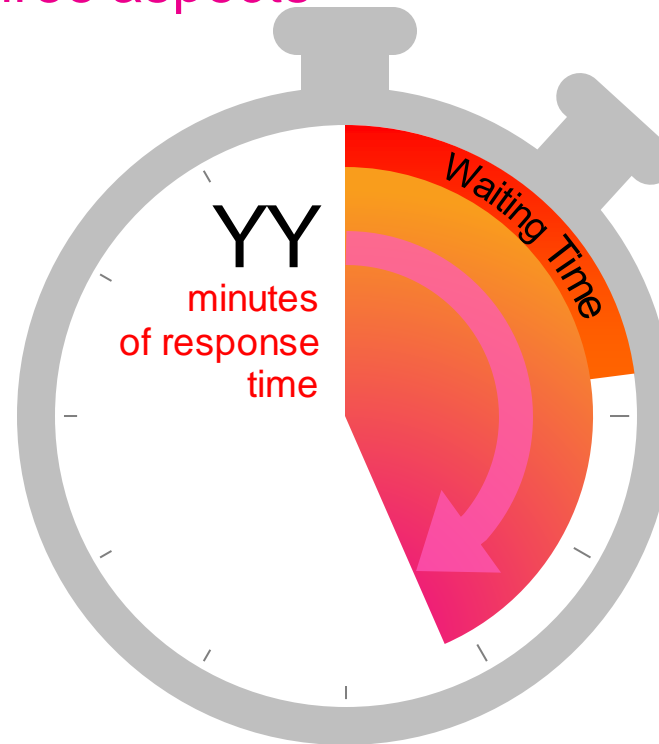


SOC KPIs

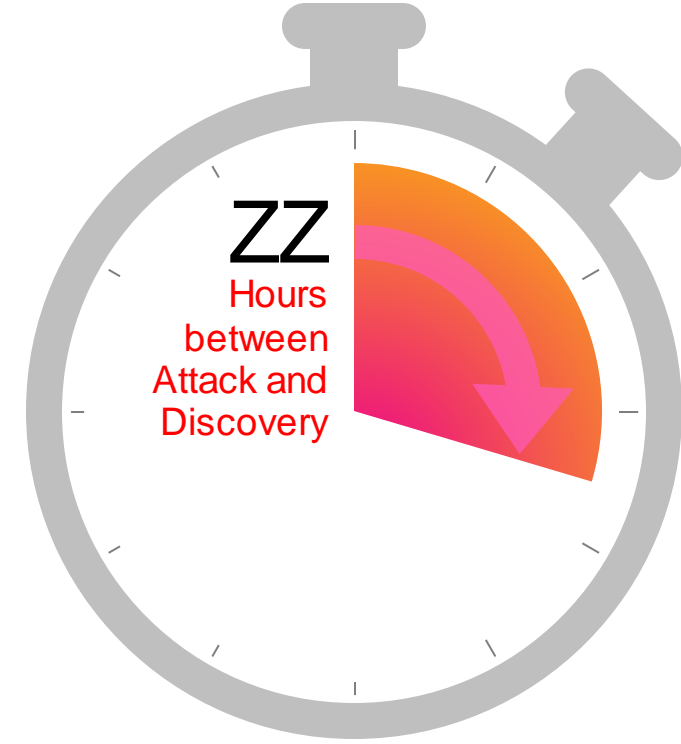
therefore we concentrate on three aspects



End to end **Analysis time**
(measure us and operational units)



End to end **Response Time**
(measure operational units)



Attacker Turnaround time
(measures the Dwell Time + Analysis to
reduce the recognition time of Attacks)

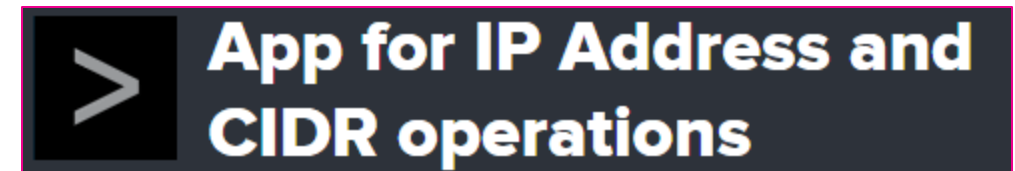
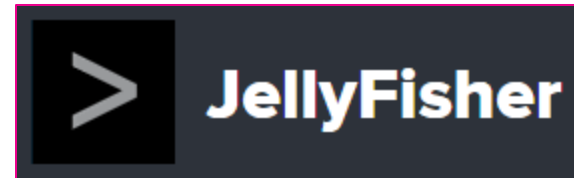
Biggest enemy for SOC is waiting

Current Detections

[illegible]

80 from 196 techniques

For us useful Apps...



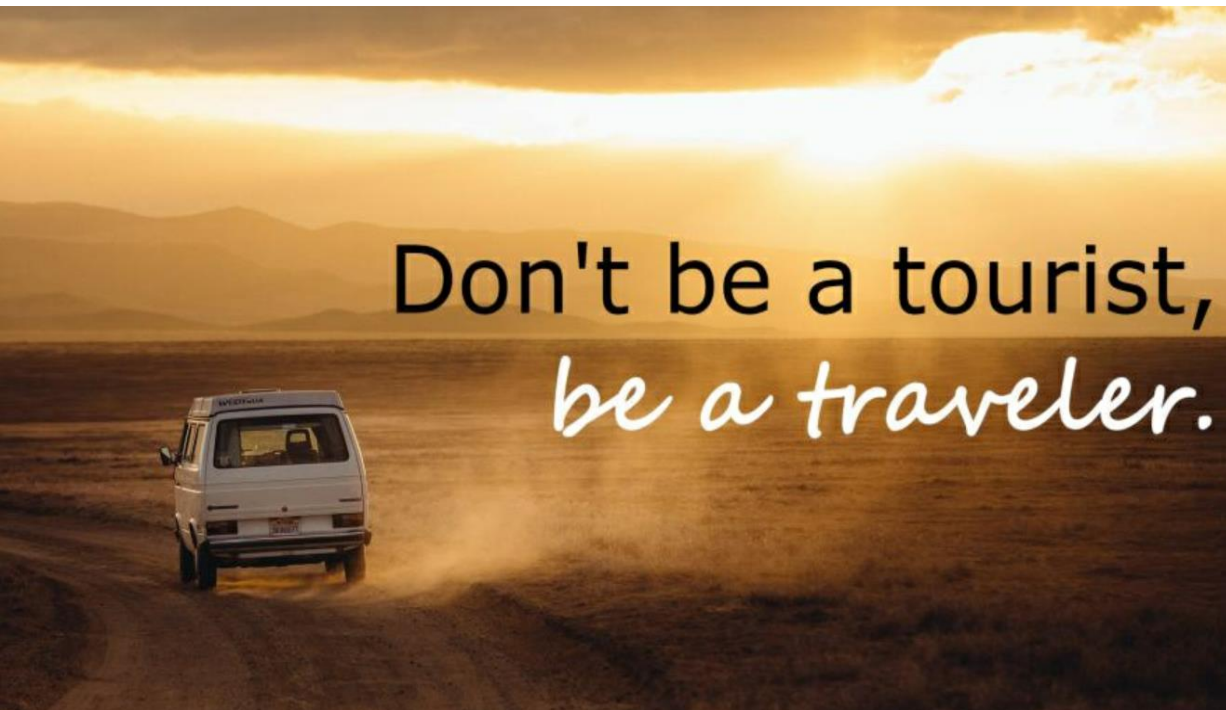


Knowledge Sharing

Promote the
Cyber Defense topic

Why we need this?

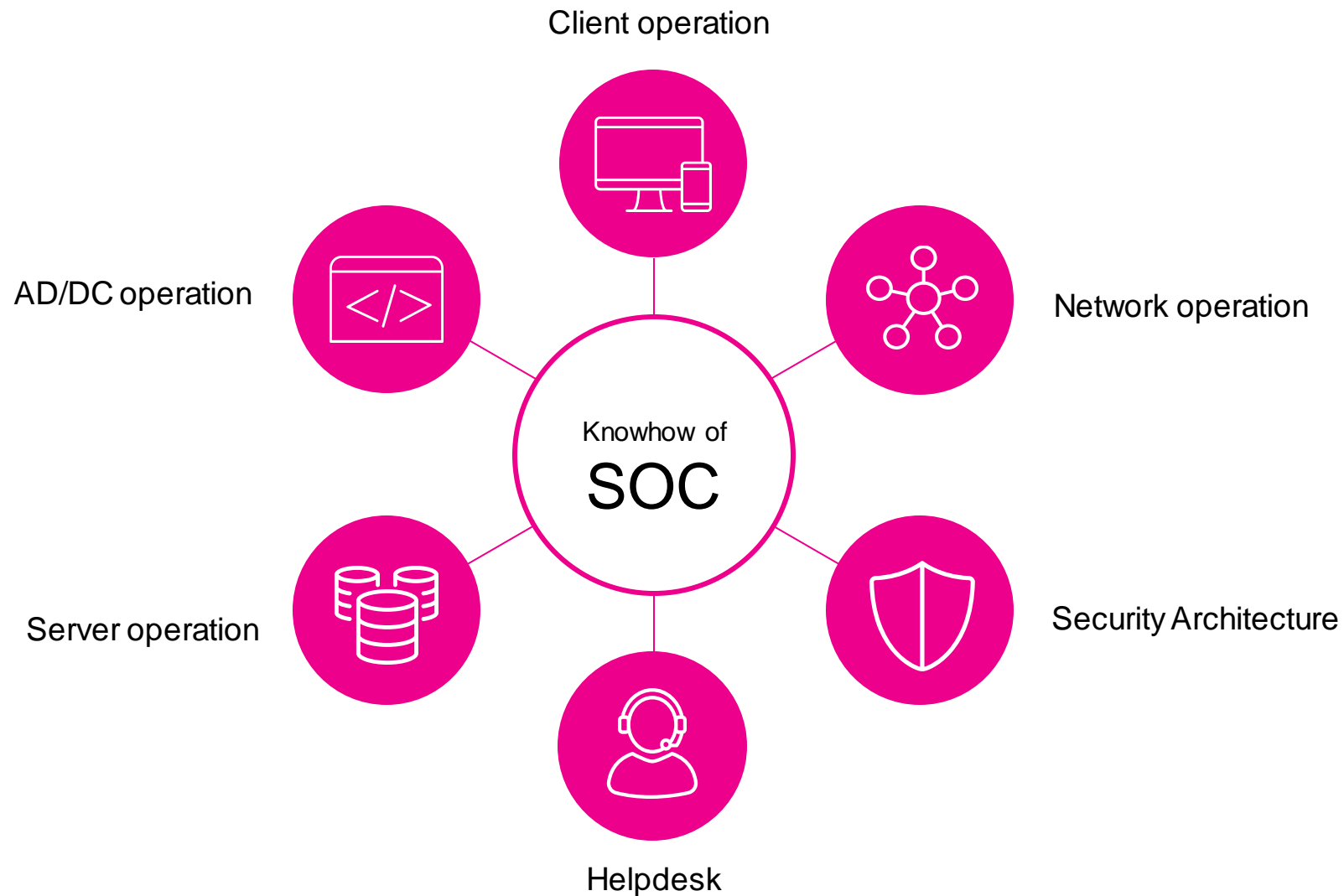
What is the Challenge & Mission in a SOC?



1. What we need to be fast?
2. Who do we need?
3. Do others understand our needs?
4. The Goal is 1/10/60 Paradigm!!!

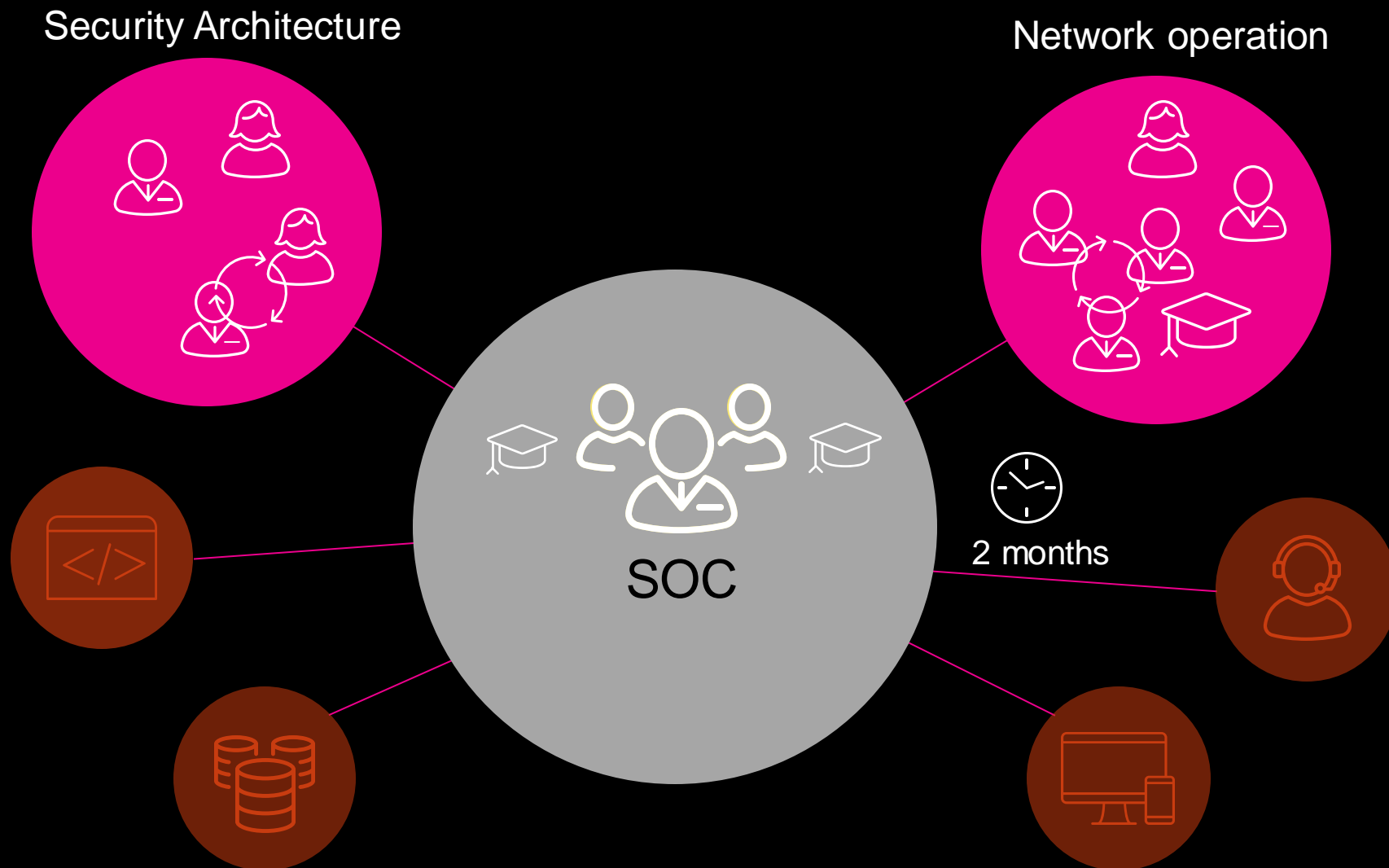
SOC Job Rotation

Core Idea



SOC Job Rotation

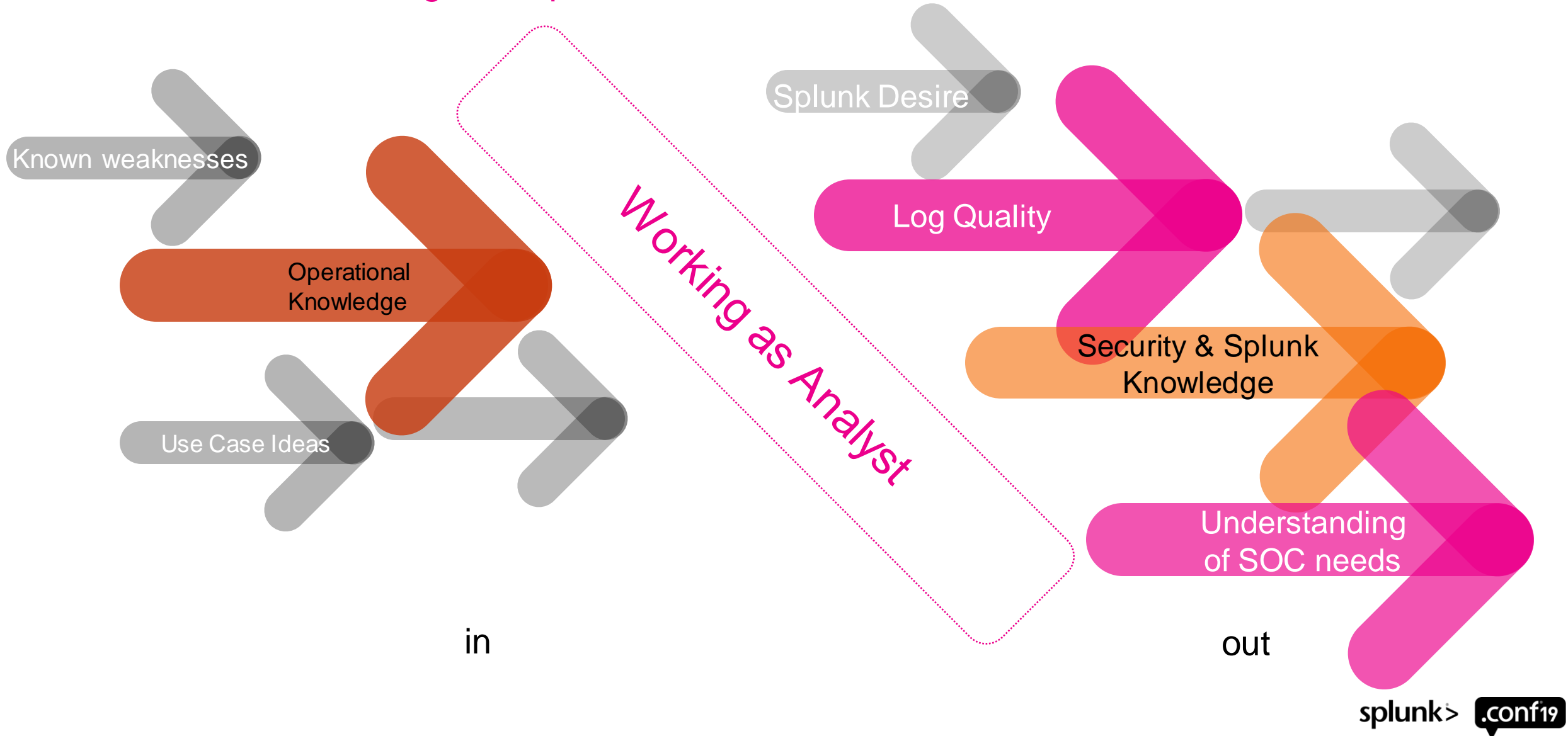
in practice



Outcome

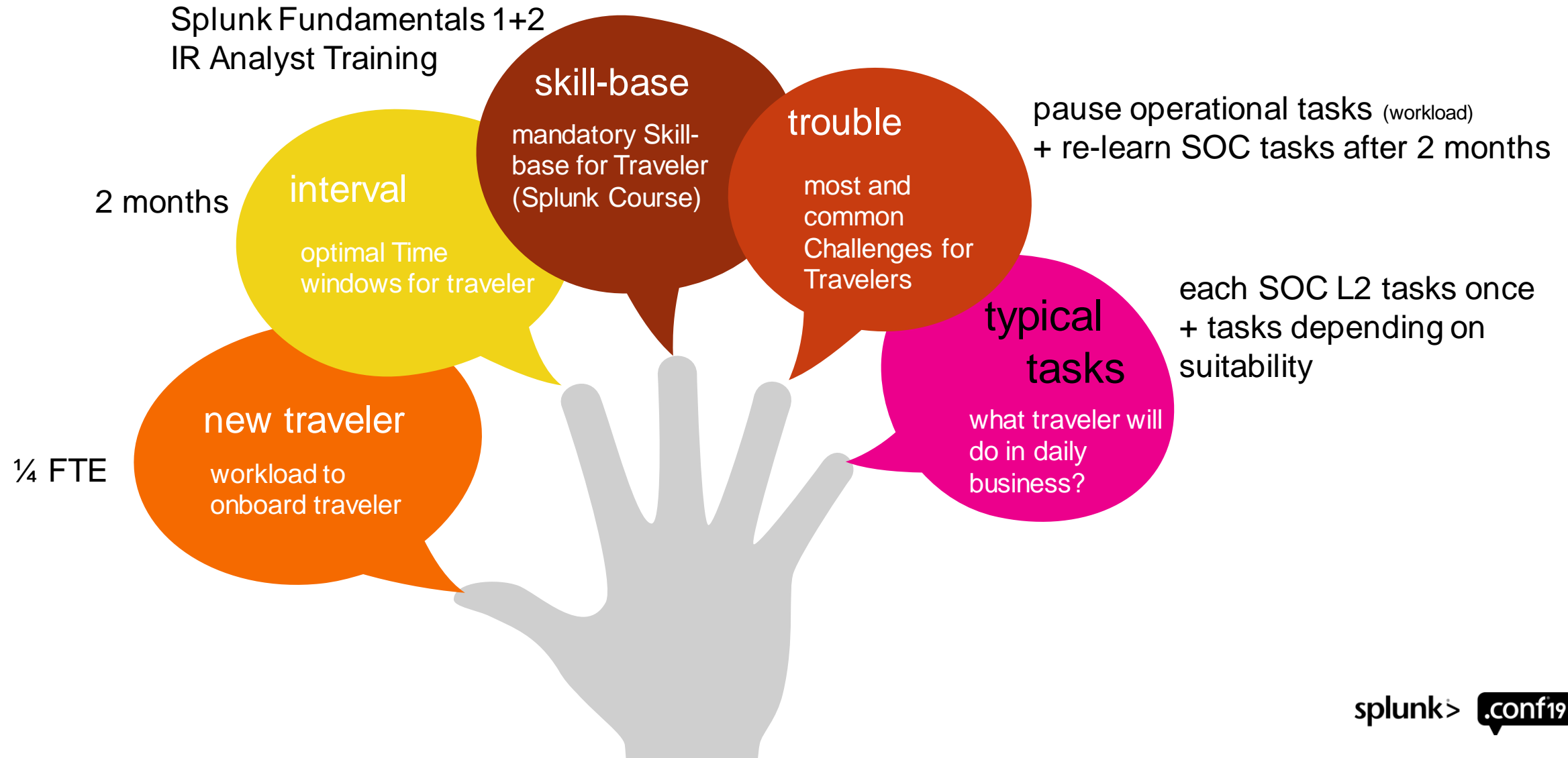
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what does the traveling concept do?



SOC Job Rotation

lessons learned





Key Takeaways

What should you take home?

Takeaways

1. MITRE ATT&CK gives you answers for:
 - What do you need in Splunk?
 - What do you want to detect?
 - What and how can your organization react on it?
2. Don't underestimate the process definitions and required organizational changes
3. You don't need many fancy tools particular not in the beginning
4. Use Playbooks for tasking operational units
5. Job rotation works great.
6. And always consider: You have to show results in max. 6 months. 😞 😐 😊
 - You can use MITRE ATT&CK for showing progress and needs....

**Security is not Luxury,
It is a necessity.**



Thank You!

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