

Hardened Splunk: Crash Course in Making Splunk Environments More Secure

TRU1537C .conf20

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Agenda

- 1) Security Fundamentals**
- 2) General Best Practices**
- 3) Forwarders**
- 4) Deployment Servers**
- 5) Indexers**
- 6) Search Heads**



Security Fundamentals

Concepts for Splunk Admins



Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability

The CIA triad

Confidentiality

- Only authorized users can access data



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- Data has not been tampered with and can therefore be trusted; it is correct, authentic, and reliable



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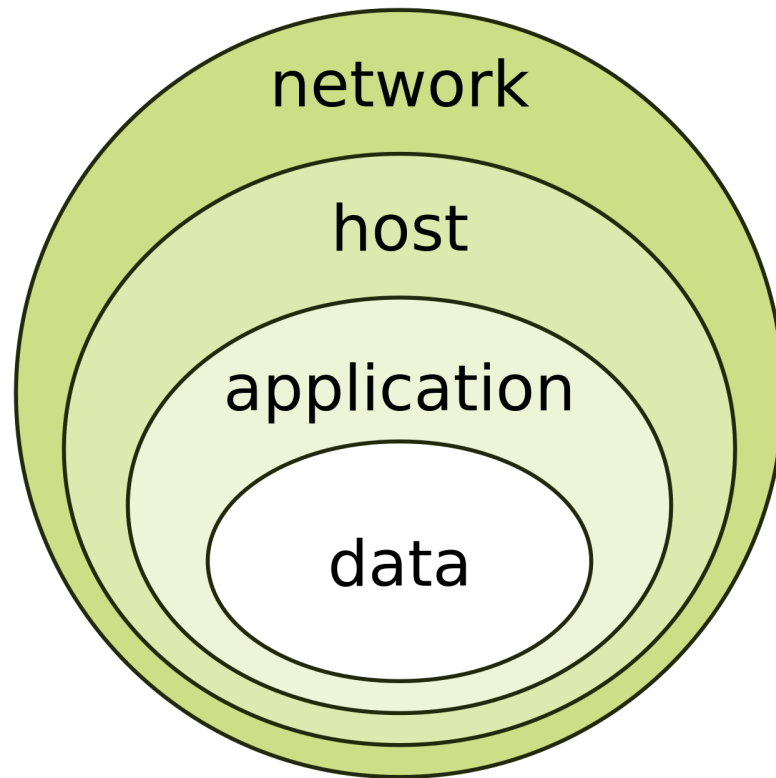
Availability

- Authorized users can access data whenever they need to do so



Layered Security

Defense in depth

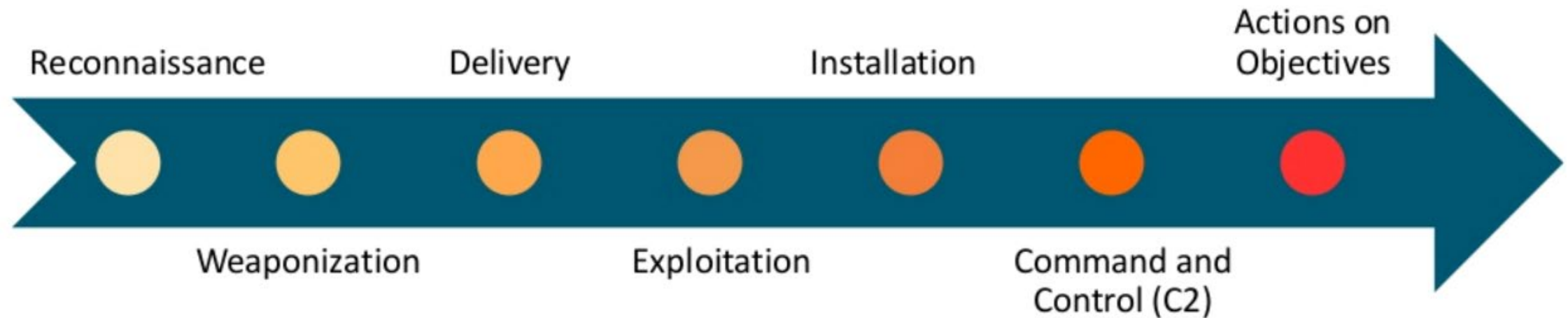


Controls at each layer help protect our data

- Network
 - Firewall ACLs
 - Dedicated security zone for Splunk
 - Security groups in Cloud
- System
 - Host-based firewall rules
 - Sudoers configuration
 - Many other controls in CIS benchmarks
- Application
 - What we'll primarily be focusing on

Attack Kill Chain

Adversary perspective



Learn more at <https://www.sans.org/security-awareness-training/blog/applying-security-awareness-cyber-kill-chain>



General Best Practices

TLDR Security for Splunk Admins



Operating System Security

Asking for trouble

```
[root@ ~]# /opt/splunkforwarder/bin/splunk version
Splunk Universal Forwarder 5.0 (build 140868)
```

```
[root@ ~]$ ps aux | grep splunkd
root      1302  2.4  3.4 156884 34184 ?        Ssl   21:46   0:00 splunkd -p 8089 start
root      1303  0.0  0.2  58488  2272 ?        Ss    21:46   0:00 [splunkd pid=1302] splunkd -p 8089 start [process-runner]
```

```
[root@ ~]$ sudo netstat -anlp | grep 8089
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:8089          0.0.0.0:*            LISTEN     1302/splunkd
```

```
[root@ ~]# cat /etc/*release
LSB_VERSION=base-4.0-amd64:base-4.0-noarch:core-4.0-amd64:core-4.0-noarch:desktop-4.0-amd64:desktop-4.0-noarch:filesystem-4.0-amd64:filesystem-4.0-noarch:graphics-4.0-amd64:graphics-4.0-noarch:kernel-4.0-amd64:kernel-4.0-noarch:libc-4.0-amd64:libc-4.0-noarch:linux-4.0-amd64:linux-4.0-noarch:lvm-4.0-amd64:lvm-4.0-noarch:messaging-4.0-amd64:messaging-4.0-noarch:multimedia-4.0-amd64:multimedia-4.0-noarch:python-4.0-amd64:python-4.0-noarch:realtime-4.0-amd64:realtime-4.0-noarch:services-4.0-amd64:services-4.0-noarch:virtualization-4.0-amd64:virtualization-4.0-noarch:windows-4.0-amd64:windows-4.0-noarch:x11-4.0-amd64:x11-4.0-noarch
Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 6.4 (Santiago)
```

```
[root@ ~]# sudo iptables -S
-P INPUT ACCEPT
-P FORWARD ACCEPT
-P OUTPUT ACCEPT
```

```
[root@ .ssh]# ls -ltrha
total 4.0K
-rw----- 1 wheel 423 Jun  1 2018 authorized_keys
```

69551	SSL Certificate Chain Contains RSA Keys Less Than 2048 bits	General	Low
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70658	SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled	Misc.	Low
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78482	Oracle Java SE Multiple Vulnerabilities (October 2014 CPU) (Linux)	Misc.	Critical
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87128	CentOS 7 : openssh (CESA-2015:2088)	CentOS Local Security Checks	High
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87138	CentOS 7 : curl (CESA-2015:2159)	CentOS Local Security Checks	Medium
87139	CentOS 7 : glibc (CESA-2015:2172)	CentOS Local Security Checks	High
87142	CentOS 7 : glibc (CESA-2015:2199)	CentOS Local Security Checks	High
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Operating System Security

Hardening guidelines

Patch regularly  

- Or, better automate patching <https://opensource.com/article/18/3/ansible-patch-systems>

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Implement CIS Benchmarks   

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Install splunk as a non-privileged user  

- Use ACLs to read root-owned files
- Checkout TRU1504 Ansible Starter Pack for Automating Splunk Administration

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For more, see Appendix: OS Checklist

Managing Your Splunk Deployment

PEBCAK

Common mistakes

- Not testing
- Manual config management
- No version control
- Local Splunk user accounts
- Lack of password complexity

Implications

- Outages
- Inability to roll-back
- No audit trail for backend config changes
- Account compromises



Managing Your Splunk Deployment

Done right

Version control all configs in Git   

- Git Version Control for Splunk App <https://splunkbase.splunk.com/app/4182/>

Managing Your Splunk Deployment

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Test everything  

- Dev|staging environment

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Use automation to deploy Splunk and its configs securely  

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Managing Your Splunk Deployment

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Follow Securing the Splunk Platform manual   

- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/>



Forwarder Security

Concepts for Splunk Admins



Universal Forwarders



Hardening guidelines

Install UF as non-root user and keep it up-to-date   

Universal Forwarders

Hardening guidelines

Install UF as non-root user and keep it up-to-date   

Disable listening Splunkd port (TCP/8089) in server.conf  

- Tip: Deploy this as an app from DS



```
[httpServer]
```

```
disableDefaultPort = true
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Universal Forwarders

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Use DS to configure inputs/outputs  

- Also, forward `_internal` and `_audit` to your indexers via outputs.conf
 - <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/DistSearch/Forwardsearchheaddata>

Universal Forwarders

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[httpServer]

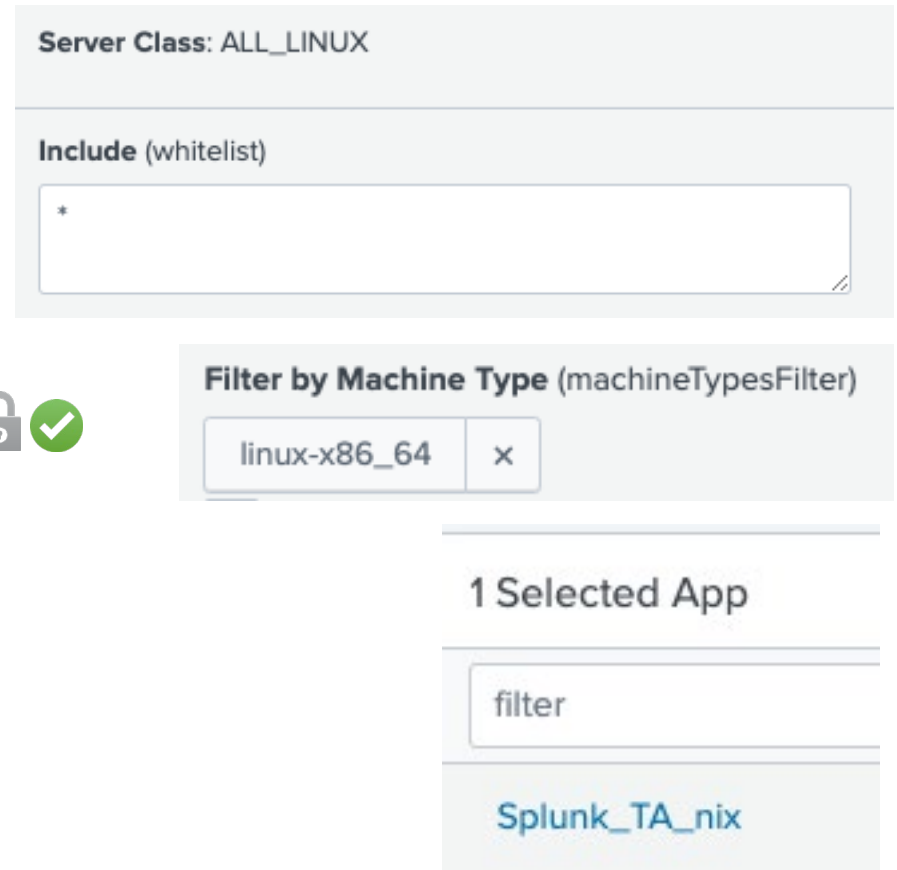
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 - <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/DistSearch/Forwardsearchheaddata>

Deploy OS addons to all clients matching specific platform

- [Splunk Add-on for Unix and Linux](#) (enable `/var/log` input)
- [Splunk Add-on for Microsoft Windows](#)



Server Class: ALL_LINUX

Include (whitelist)

*

Filter by Machine Type (machineTypesFilter)

linux-x86_64 x

1 Selected App

filter

Splunk_TA_nix

Heavy Forwarders

Hardening guidelines

Follow UF Guidelines PLUS...

Heavy Forwarders

Hardening guidelines

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Disable unnecessary services (web, kvstore, rest)  

Heavy Forwarders

Hardening guidelines

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- Do not put plaintext credentials in git repos

Heavy Forwarders

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Manage credentials using a secret manager  

- TA-VaultSync will pull creds for any passwords.conf-based TA from Hashicorp Vault
 - Checkout TRU1240C Automated Credential Synchronization with Hashicorp Vault

Heavy Forwarders

Hardening guidelines

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Consider using Docker Swarm to run HFs for high-availability and built-in security   

- <https://github.com/splunk/docker-swarm-splunk-hf>



Deployment Server Security

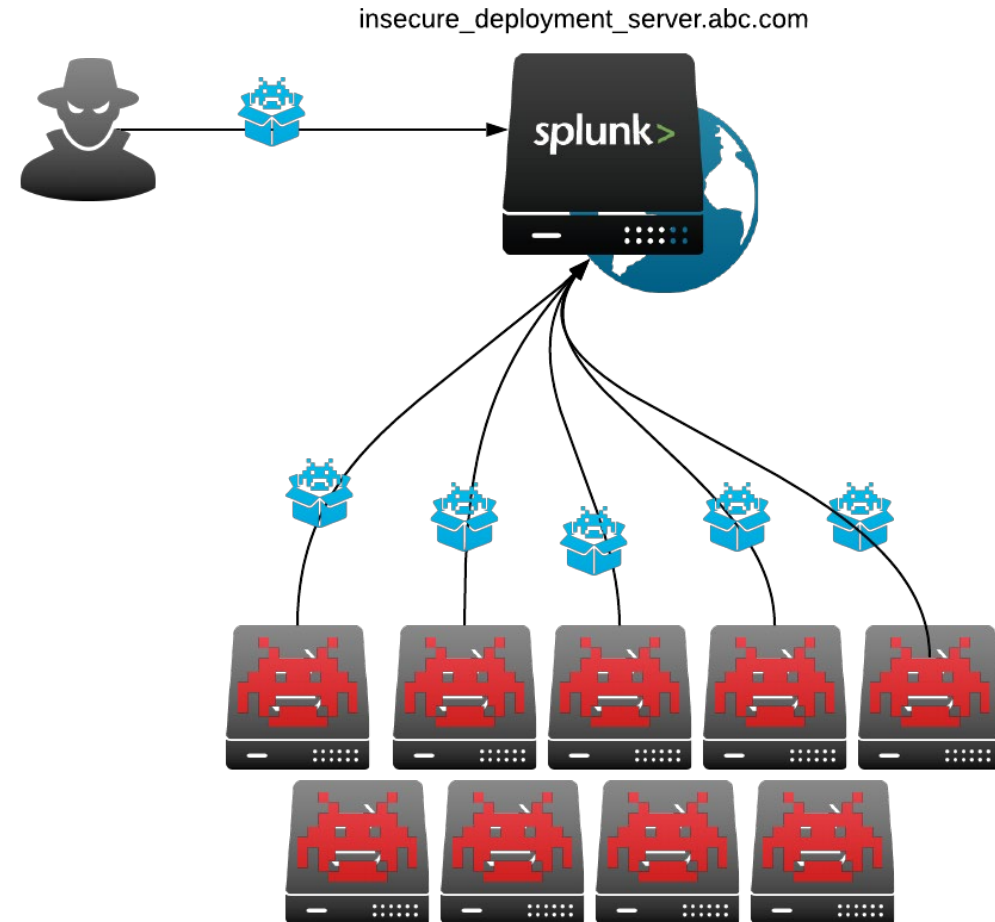
Concepts for Splunk Admins



Deployment Server

Attack scenario A

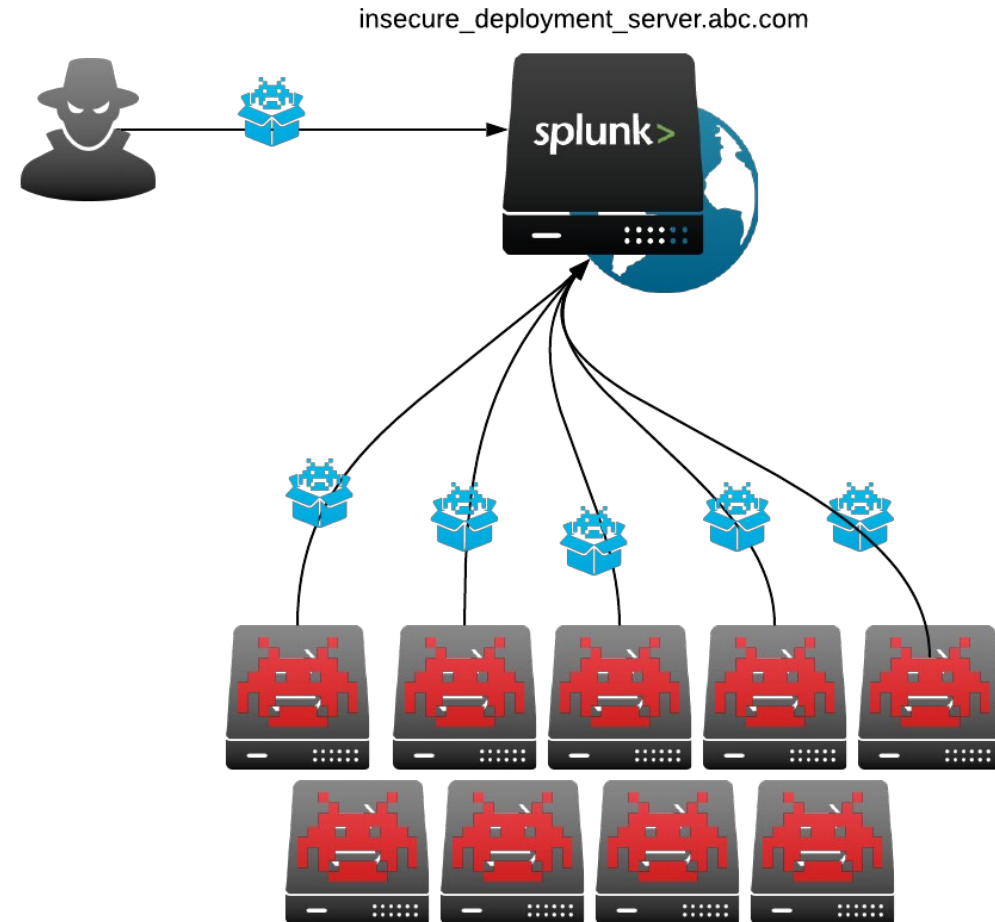
1) Internet-exposed DS is compromised via a known vulnerability by attacker



Deployment Server

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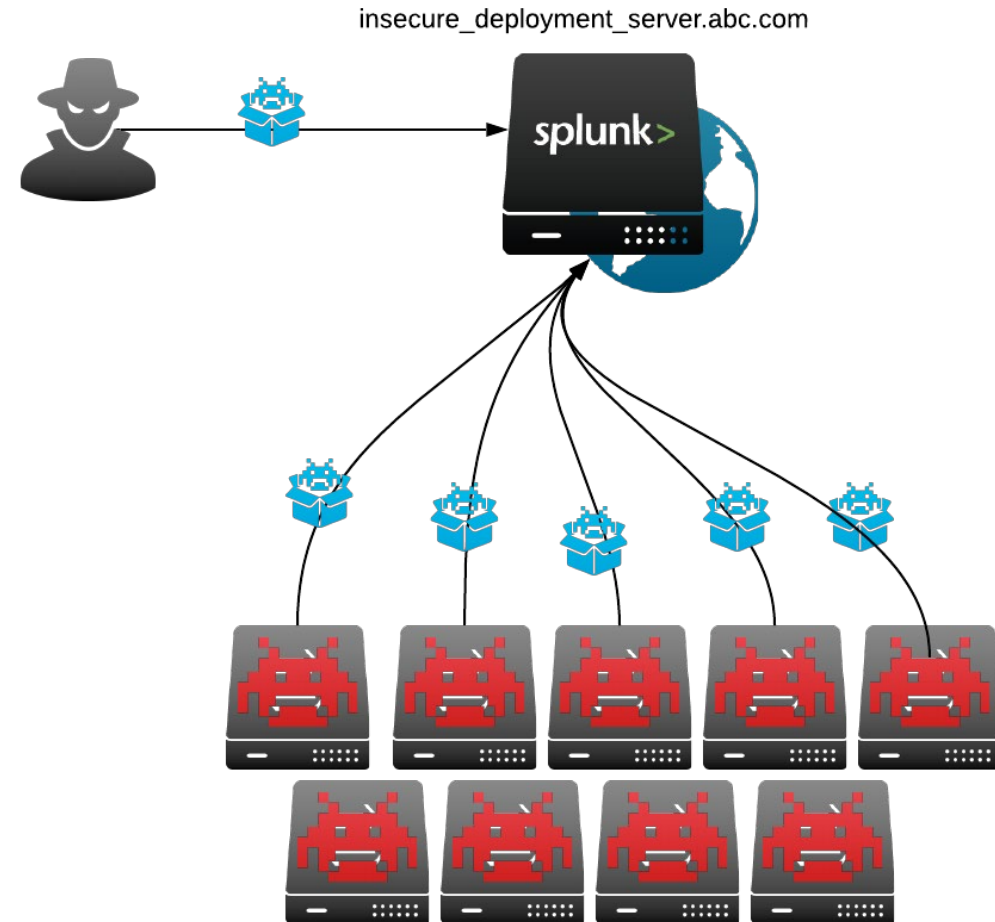
- 1) Internet-exposed DS is compromised via a known vulnerability by attacker
- 2) Attacker packages malware as a Splunk app, uploads it to DS, and assigns it to an allowlist=* server class



Deployment Server

Attack scenario A

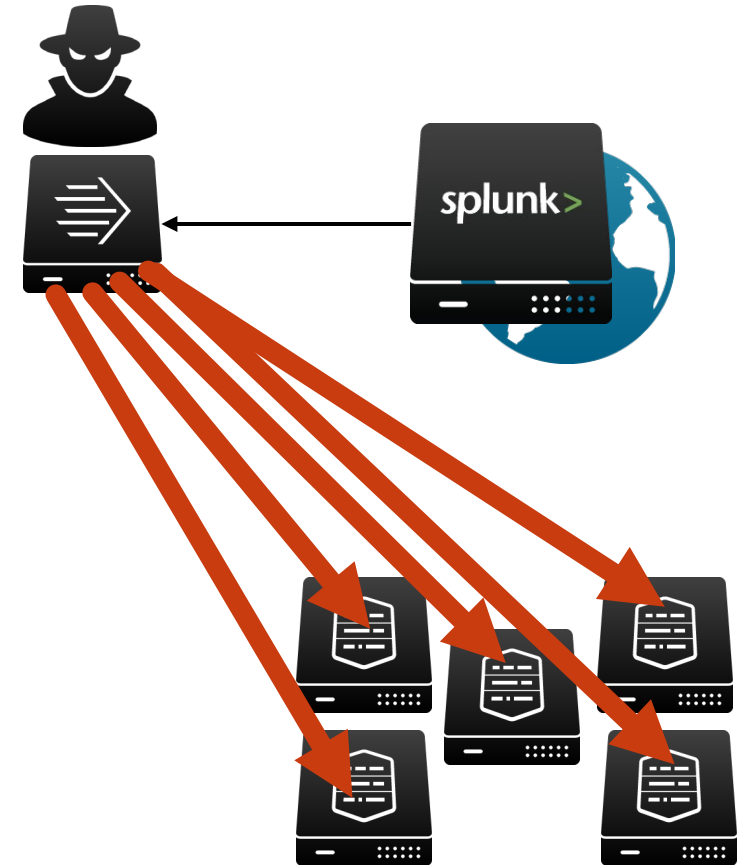
- 1) Internet-exposed DS is compromised via a known vulnerability by attacker
- 2) Attacker packages malware as a Splunk app, uploads it to DS, and assigns it to an allowlist=* server class
- 3) All clients phone home to DS, download the malware, and execute it



Deployment Server

Attack scenario B

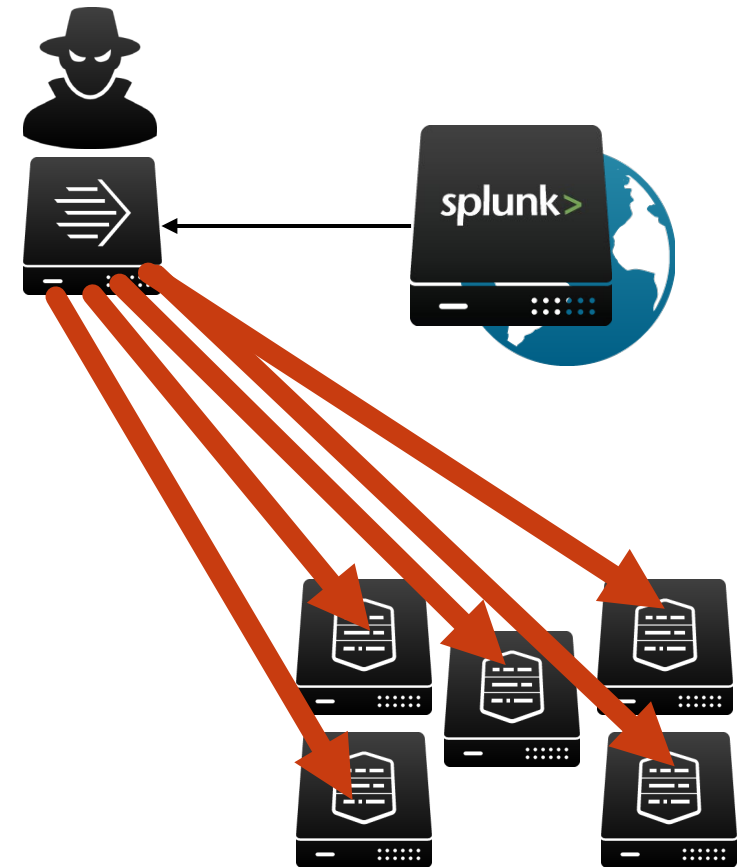
1) Attacker connects a UF to an Internet-exposed DS



Deployment Server

Attack scenario B

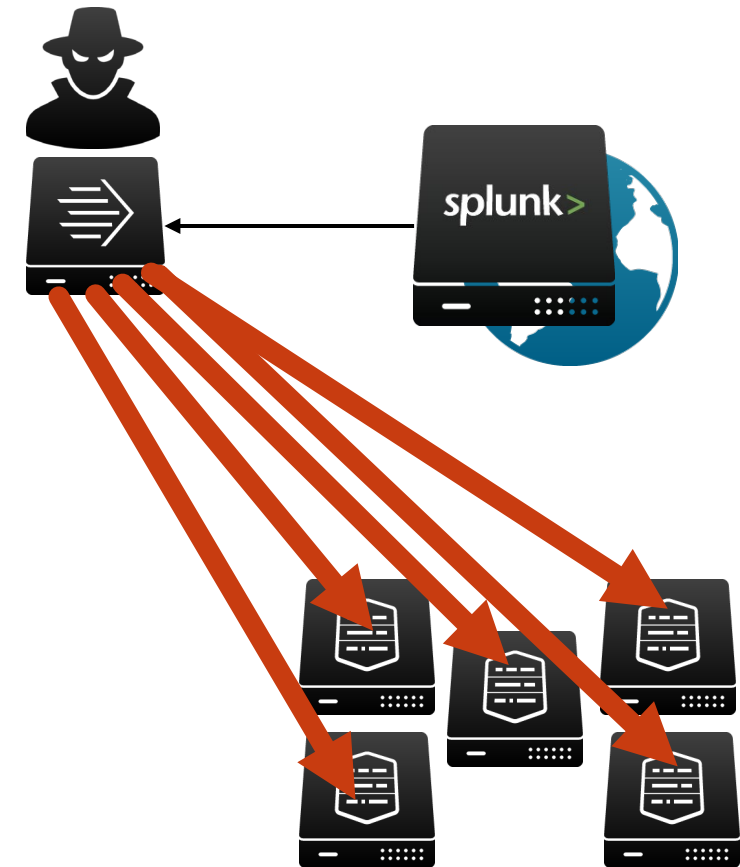
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Deployment Server

Attack scenario B

- 1) Attacker connects a UF to an Internet-exposed DS
- 2) DS auto-assigns outputs TA to attacker's UF along with the certificates needed to send to Internet-exposed indexers
- 3) Attacker leverages outputs.conf server list and certificates to perform a Denial of Service (DOS) attack against the indexers



Deployment Server

Hardening guidelines

Use pass4symmkey to authenticate clients 

- <https://www.duanewaddle.com/splunk-pass4symmkey-for-deployment-client-deployment-server/>

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Configure a non-standard port for splunkd connections in web.conf  

```
[settings]
```

```
mgmtHostPort = 0.0.0.0:38089
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Deployment Server

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Consider separate DS for internal vs external clients  

Deployment Server (Cont.)

Hardening guidelines

Limit Splunk web access to internal networks via firewall|iptables|security group  

- And if possible, splunkd access

Deployment Server (Cont.)

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Deployment Server (Cont.)

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Indexer Security

Concepts for Splunk Admins



Indexers


Hardening guidelines

Configure pass4symmkey on indexer clusters 

Indexers

Hardening guidelines


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Enable SSL for HTTP Event Collector (HEC) and Splunk2Splunk (TCP/9997) 

Indexers

Hardening guidelines

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Indexers

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Use a dedicated volume for \$SPLUNK_DB limited to the splunk user 

Enable data integrity control in default stanza of indexes.conf 

- https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/Dataintegritycontrol#Configure_data_integrity_control

Indexers (Cont.)

Hardening guidelines

Limit Splunk2Splunk (TCP/9997) network connectivity to expected networks  

- `acceptFrom = <network_acl>` in `inputs.conf`





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Enable indexer acknowledgment

- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Forwarder/latest/Forwarder/Protectagainstthelossofin-flightdata>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Data/AboutHECIDXAck>





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Enable indexer acknowledgment

- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Forwarder/latest/Forwarder/Protectagainstthelossofin-flightdata>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Data/AboutHECIDXAck>

Change default splunk certificates

- <https://wiki.splunk.com/images/f/fb/SplunkTrustApril-SSLipperySlopeRevisited.pdf>

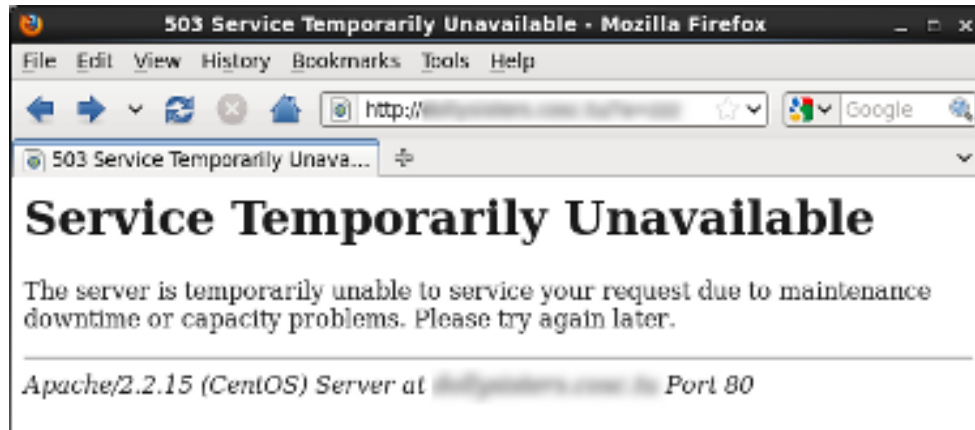


Search Head Security

Concepts for Splunk Admins

Search Heads

Has this ever happened to you?



Tony Iacobelli 19 minutes ago

Is Splunk broke for anyone or is it just me?



Charlie 'teddybear' Huggard 13 minutes ago

Hey Splunk Admins! I can get to the ES node fine, but the Ad-Hoc node is just timing out on me? what's happening?



Mason Morales 2 minutes ago

Are we doing maintenance on splunk?? I'm getting a 503



splunk>cloud

Unable to reach your Splunk Cloud instance.

502 Bad Gateway

nginx/1.10.2

```
[root@ [redacted]]# grep splunkd messages | egrep '(Out of memory|killed)'
```

Feb 7 10:49:31	kernel: Out of memory: Kill process 27018 (splunkd) score 535 or sacrifice child
Feb 7 10:49:31	kernel: Out of memory: Kill process 27018 (splunkd) score 535 or sacrifice child
Feb 7 10:49:31	kernel: Out of memory: Kill process 27427 (splunkd) score 535 or sacrifice child

Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Limit search bundle max lookup size in distsearch.conf 

```
[replicationSettings]
```

```
excludeReplicatedLookupSize = 10
```

Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Limit search bundle max lookup size in distsearch.conf ✓

```
[replicationSettings]
```

```
excludeReplicatedLookupSize = 10
```

Limit max memory searches can consume in limits.conf ✓

```
[search]
```

```
enable_memory_tracker = true
```

```
search_process_memory_usage_percentage_threshold = 20
```


Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Limit search bundle max lookup size in distsearch.conf ✓

```
[replicationSettings]
```

```
excludeReplicatedLookupSize = 10
```

Limit max memory searches can consume in limits.conf ✓

```
[search]
```

```
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```

```
search_process_memory_usage_percentage_threshold = 20
```

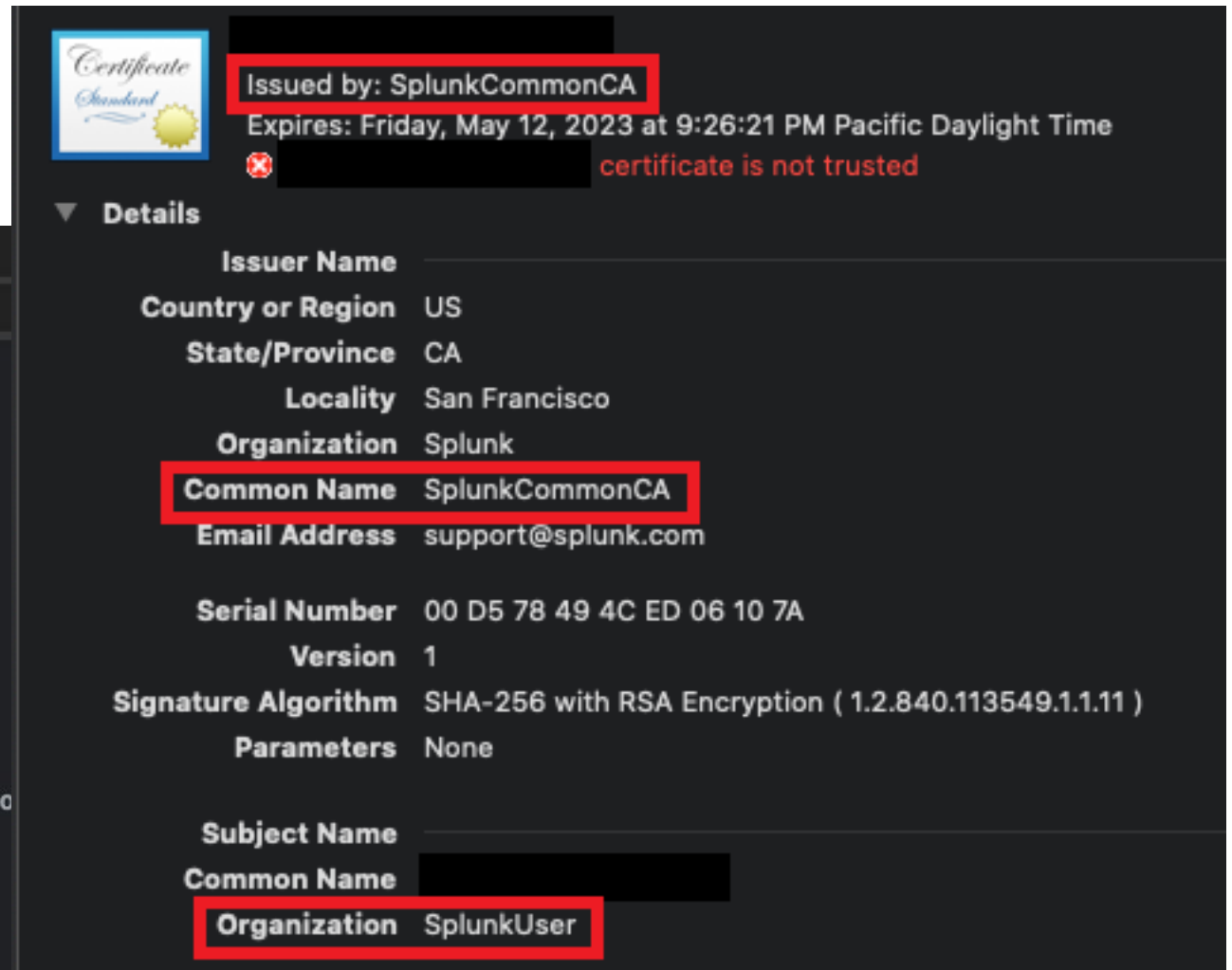
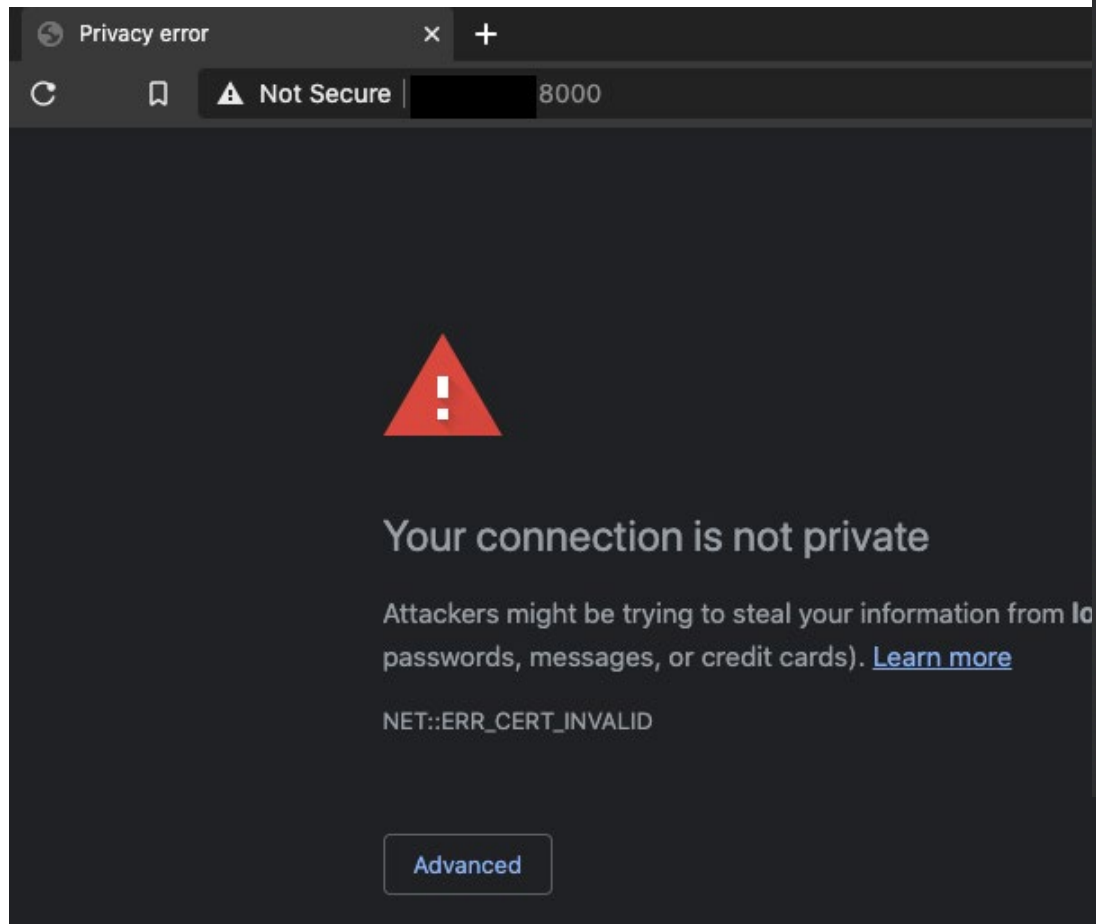
Limit max search run time in authorize.conf (role-level and/or default stanza) ✓

```
[role_foo]
```

```
srchMaxTime = 2h
```

Search Heads

Certificate errors



Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

Limit number of users with the admin role   

Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

Limit number of users with the admin role   

Use Single Sign-On (SSO) for web access (if available) 

- Consider MFA as well <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/AboutMultiFactorAuth>

Search Heads



Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

Limit number of users with the admin role   

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- Consider MFA as well <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/AboutMultiFactorAuth>

Ensure that insecure encryption algorithms are disabled (SSL3, TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1)  

- Applicable only to below Splunk v7.0.0 <https://www.duanewaddle.com/quick-hit-disabling-ssl3-in-splunk/>

Search Heads


Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

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Use token-based authentication for REST API access 

Search Heads

Hardening guidelines

Enable SSL and use signed certificates from a trusted root CA for Splunk Web   

Limit number of users with the admin role   

Use Single Sign-On (SSO) for web access (if available) 

- Consider MFA as well <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/AboutMultiFactorAuth>

Ensure that insecure encryption algorithms are disabled (SSL3, TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1)  

- Applicable only to below Splunk v7.0.0 <https://www.duanewaddle.com/quick-hit-disabling-ssl3-in-splunk/>

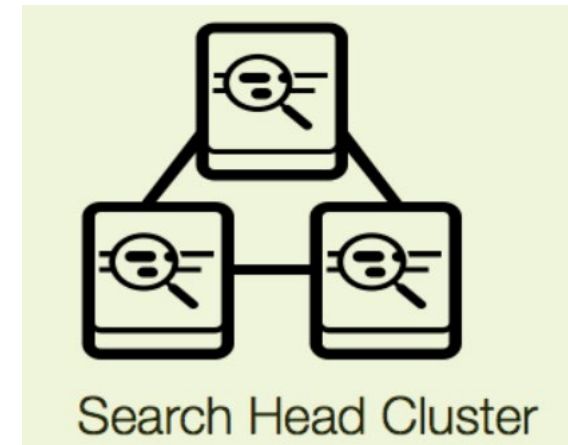
Use token-based authentication for REST API access 

Configure reasonable search concurrency and disk quotas in splunk roles 

Search Head Clusters

Hardening guidelines

Configure pass4symmkey for shcluster  

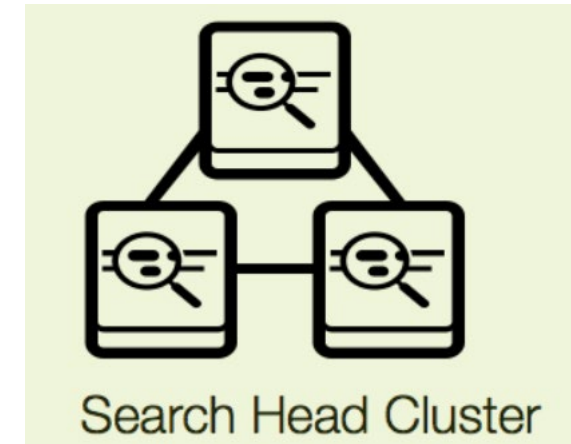


Search Head Clusters

Hardening guidelines

Configure pass4symmkey for shcluster 🔒 ✅

Lock-down SHC replication ports to only SHC members 🔒 ✅



Search Head Clusters

Hardening guidelines

Configure pass4symmkey for shcluster 🔒 ✅

Lock-down SHC replication ports to only SHC members 🔒 ✅

Forward logs from your load balancer or reverse proxy

- [Splunk Add-on for HAProxy](#)
- [Splunk Add-on for NGINX](#)
- More on Splunkbase



Search Head Clusters

Hardening guidelines

Configure pass4symmkey for shcluster 🔒 ✅

Lock-down SHC replication ports to only SHC members 🔒 ✅

Forward logs from your load balancer or reverse proxy

- [Splunk Add-on for HAProxy](#)
- [Splunk Add-on for NGINX](#)
- More on Splunkbase

As always, more in the Appendix



What's Next?

- 1) **Download this deck**
- 2) **Identify one component to secure**
- 3) **Block out time on your calendar**
- 4) **Start with that**
- 5) **Questions?**

Ask now

Read Securing Splunk manual on docs.splunk.com

Reach out via Splunk Answers

Reach out via Splunk-Usergroups Slack

Email me mason@splunk.com



Thank You

Please provide feedback via the
SESSION SURVEY





Appendix

All the Splunk security info you could have ever wanted...



Important Links

- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/InheritedDeployment/Ports>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/AboutMultiFactorAuth>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/Setupauthenticationwithtokens>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/DistSearch/Forwardsearchheaddata>
- <https://www.duanewaddle.com/quick-hit-disabling-ssl3-in-splunk/>
- https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Security/Dataintegritycontrol#Configure_data_integrity_control
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Forwarder/latest/Forwarder/Protectagainstthelossofin-flightdata>
- <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Data/AboutHECIDXAck>
- https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Data/UseHECusingconffiles#Global_settings
- <https://wiki.splunk.com/images/f/fb/SplunkTrustApril-SSLipperySlopeRevisited.pdf>
- <https://www.duanewaddle.com/splunk-pass4symmkey-for-deployment-client-deployment-server/>
- <https://github.com/splunk/docker-swarm-splunk-hf>
- <https://downloads.cisecurity.org/download-issues/benchmarks>
- https://galaxy.ansible.com/search?deprecated=false&keywords=cis%20benchmarks&order_by=-relevance&page=1
- <https://opensource.com/article/18/3/ansible-patch-systems>

Operating System Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
System hardened against CIS benchmarks other hardening standards	
splunk installed as non-privileged user	
IPTABLES ufw firewalld configured	
SSH access restricted	
SSH access controlled via LDAP ZeroTrust	
All SSH keys rotated periodically	
Kernel patched and up-to-date	
All packages patched and up-to-date	
Vulnerability scan regularly completed and results remediated	

Splunk Checklist (All Roles)

Security Control	Implemented?
Operating System Checklist evaluated	
Splunk installed as non-privileged user	
FACLs configured to allow splunk user to read /var/log	
Monitor stanza configured and enabled for /var/log in inputs.conf	
Splunk _internal and _audit logs forwarded to indexers in outputs.conf	
*applies to all roles except indexers	
Splunk admin password changed	
Latest version of Splunk installed	
AD LDAP SSO used in authentication.conf	
Splunk admin role access limited	
Default splunk certificates changed	
Splunk enable boot-start	
splunk.secret standardized	
All Splunk-related credentials stored in a secret manager	
If Splunk version less than 7.0.0, insecure encryption algorithms disabled	

Universal Forwarder Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
Splunk Checklist (All Roles) evaluated	
UF configured as a DS client	
REST listener port disabled in server.conf	
pass4SymmKey configured for DS authentication	

Heavy Forwarder Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
Splunk Checklist (All Roles) evaluated	
Universal Forwarder Checklist evaluated	
Unnecessary Splunk services evaluated and disabled (REST, Splunkd, Web, KV store)	
If Splunk web enabled, enableSplunkWebSSL=true in web.conf	
If Splunk web enabled, new CSR generated, signed, installed, and configured in web.conf	

Deployment Server Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
Splunk Checklist (All Roles) evaluated	
If Internet facing, WAF configured in front of DS	
If Internet facing, non-standard splunkd port configured for mgmtHostPort in web.conf	
pass4SymmKey client authentication enabled and restmap.conf configured	
If Splunk web enabled, TLS enabled	
If Splunk web enabled, new certificate generated, signed, and installed	

Indexer Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
Splunk Checklist (All Roles) evaluated	
Data integrity control enabled in indexes.conf	
Indexer acknowledgement enabled for Splunk2Splunk	
Indexer acknowledgement enabled for HTTP Event Collector (HEC)	
If using indexer clustering, pass4SymmKey configured	
Splunk web disabled	
acceptFrom configured in inputs.conf	
Dedicated volume used for \$SPLUNK_DB and owned by splunk user	
enableSSL = true configured in inputs.conf in the http stanza	

Search Head Checklist

Security Control	Implemented?
Splunk Checklist (All Roles) evaluated	
enable_memory_tracker enabled and configured in limits.conf	
srchMaxTime configured for each role (and default stanza) in authorize.conf	
excludeReplicatedLookupSize configured in distsearch.conf	
If Splunk web enabled, enableSplunkWebSSL=true in web.conf	
If Splunk web enabled, new certificate generated, signed, installed, and configured in web.conf	
Number of users in the splunk admin role limited to true admins	
SSO enabled and configured (if available)	
Multi-factor authentication (MFA) enabled for Splunk Web access	
Token-based authentication in use for REST API access	
If SSO unavailable, Splunk users authenticated via AD LDAP	
Reasonable search concurrency quotas configured for each role (and default stanza) in authorize.conf	
Reasonable disk quotas configured for each role (and default stanza) in authorize.conf	
If SHC, replication ports locked down to only SHC members	
If SHC, pass4SymmKey configured	
If SHC, load balancer logs forwarded to Splunk	